Weather

Rain or snow threatened. The maximum temperature yesterday was 37.4 and the minimum 30.6, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 54.0 and 29.5.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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MURDERER OF T. T. WONG TO GET CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Death By Hanging Will Be Imposed On Man Who Killed Three

FORGED NAMES

Riotous Living Caused Student-Slayer To Run Short Of Funds

TRIAL LENGTHY

Three Hundred Jurors Impanelled Before 12 Selected

Found guilty of murder in the first degree, Ziang Sun Wan the Chinese student who a year ago committed a triple murder at the office of the Chinese Educational Mission to the United States, Washington, D. C., has been condemned to death, according to news received here yesterday. The punishment will be hanging.

The murder at Washington a year ago last January of three prominent Chinese, Dr. T. T. Wong, Educational Commissioner; C. H. Hsieh and Ben Sen-wu, secretaries of the commissioner's office, created a sensation throughout the United States and China, where the victims, especially Dr Wong, had a wide circle of friends.

Wan is the first Chinese Student in the United States to be condemned to death. He was given a lengthy trial by the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia. The impanelling of a jury took almost a week. Three hundred persons were called before twelve finally were accepted.

Mr. S. S. Laws prosecuted for the Government, while Mr. James O'Shea, defended. The indictment was for killing Ben Sen-wu.

In outlining the case for the Government, Mr. Laws said that Wan went to Washington to visit at the Mission and there forged the signatures of Dr. T. T. Wong and Mr. C. H. Hsieh to a check for $5,000. Wan killed Wu when the latter returned to the office unexpectedly. When Hsieh returned later the accused killed him and lay in wait for Dr. Wong. But the latter had a struggle with the slayer before being overcome.

Witnesses for the prosecution included Wan's landlady, Mrs. Gertrude Bartels and Detectives Burlingame and Kelly. Evidence of riotous living with cabaret girls on the part of the accused and his low financial position was adduced.

Eltinge Is Speaker At Rotarians Tiffin

Impersonator To Address Club Members Today; Leo Beers To Entertain

Julian Eltinge will today tell the members of the Rotary Club how he went on the stage as a female impersonator. He will speak at the regular tiffin meeting of the Club to be held at the Cafe Parisien. Mr. Leo Beers one of the stars of the Eltinge Company now playing at the Olympic Theater, will entertain the Rotarians.

England Is Urged To Help Education Of Chinese Students

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, February 7.—The Times in a leading article draws attention to the importance of recognising the commercial value of providing educational facilities for foreign students and points out that the United States is doing its utmost to attract students. The latest figures in China are 1,700 graduates of American universities against 400 holding British degrees. The journal emphasises the fact that "the Chinese student educated in England is the greatest commercial asset Great Britain possesses in China."

DR. KOO TO PARIS

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, February 7.—Mr. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister at

Decker Claims He Kept Spain Out Of War

Rear-Admiral Benton C. Decker, in a letter to Secretary Daniels declining the Navy Cross offered him, charges that naval and diplomatic representatives in Madrid worked at cross purposes, and that it was mainly through him, the Admiral, and his naval aides, that Spain was prevented from joining Germany against the Allies in the Spring of 1918. Representative W. W. Jufkin, of Massachusetts, according to a report from Washington, has promised that an investigation will be made by Congress to disclose the full part United States naval officers played in keeping Spain out of the war.

GERMANS CHANGE ATTITUDE ON WAR CRIMINALS' LIST

Public Opinion Is Against Crisis That Might Lead To Complications

PRESS IS BEHIND IT

No Longer Defends Those Who Had Posed As 'National Heroes' At Home

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, February 10.—The French newspapers draw attention to the fact that German opinion appears to be undergoing a certain change in the matter of the surrender of war criminals. The German public is asking itself if it is really worth while in the present state of the country to give rise to a fresh crisis the consequences of which it would be difficult to foresee.

In short, it is clear that the publication so far made, incomplete as it is, of the crimes of which the wanted German generals, officers and public officials are guilty has already had the effect of making German opinion far less inclined to undertake the defense of those who had been represented to them as "national heroes."

The violent attitude of the Right press is bringing about a reaction in the Socialist press and in the Liberal papers of the Left. The Berliner Volkszeitung reproaches the Nationalists with forcing matters towards a rupture which might be followed by another war. "The German people," the journal adds, "do not intend to follow along this suicidal path those who have already once driven them to disaster."

Allies Watch Berlin, As List Is Delivered

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, February 6.—The entire attention of the Allied peace officials is now centered on Berlin where the French Charge d'Affaires will today deliver the list of war criminals to the German Government. At the German headquarters in Paris anxiety is apparent. It is not likely however that Dr. Mayer, the German Charge d'Affaires, will return before February 18 but he has had a conference in Berlin with

Millions Of Arabs Feel Spread Of Nationalism And Want New Nation

With Their State Ruled By Emir Feisul And France Serving As Advisor They Now Want America To Teach Them How They Can Govern Themselves

(Lieut. Allan A. Hunter, writer of the following article, is in Shanghai on his way to America. He has just completed sixteen months service with the American Red Cross Commission to Palestine. His work lay principally at Jerusalem, but it took him to Damascus, Jericho, Jacob's Well, Gaza and in fact all over that part of the world. During Allenby's big push he served directly under that general, having been loaned to the Y.M.C.A. His story sheds much new light on the critical situation in the Near East. His story will be concluded in tomorrow's issue of THE CHINA PRESS.)

By Lieut. Allan A. Hunter

The most remarkable fact of the last two years has been the spread of Nationalism throughout the world. In America we know that the National spirit has been intensified as never before. Any number of small nations have been born; or born again: Witness the struggles of the Poles, the Czecho-Slovaks, the Jugo-Slavs and the Croatians in Europe; and then to the East the fight the Armenians are putting up to become a nation.

Before the war they were only four and one-half million strong, and the Turks cut them down by one-fourth. But despite their oppression under the Turks of nearly six centuries, and despite the almost incredible reduction (a reduction that took the very best men first) from German inspired massacres, Armenia is today struggling to her feet. Her 715,000 students scattered over America, Russia and Europe have become fired with the ideal of restoring their country to a greater prestige and freedom than she enjoyed in Xenophon's time.

Our American Red Cross Commission to Palestine had charge of an Industrial Camp of 10,000 Armenian refugees on Quarantine Island, Port Said, during 1918 and most of 1919, and I was able to observe to some extent the development of the national spirit among those wretched, homeless people. They were perhaps the "dregs" of Armenia, the poorly educated class whom the Turks did not seem to fear politically. But they certainly had the big idea—particulary the kiddies who were studying Civics and Good Government in the schools managed by an Armenian Harvard graduate. It was obvious that a great patriotic enthusiasm was taking possession of everybody down there among the refugee tents.

NATIONALISM IN EGYPT

And then look at Egypt. "Hureiyeh! Hureiyeh!" (Freedom, Freedom) is what one hears incessantly in the streets from Alexandria to Assuan, while the slogan "Egypt for the Egyptians" is chalked and painted over buildings in regular American advertising style. I even saw it inscribed in great scrawling letters over the bronze tablet at the foot of De Lesseps' bronze statue at Port Said that looks up the Suez Canal, the hundred-mile waterway that has married East to West. Not that the Egyptian nationalist is such a hero when it comes to deeds. A little old English lady started a whole street full of freedom-preaching Egyptians on a grand runaway retreat along the bank of the Nile River in Cairo, by simply jabbing two or three of them with her umbrella. But these young descendants of the Pharaohs are on fire with an Idea, all the same.

During the last three months, while on the way to China, I have been buttonholed and exhorted by Indian and Ceylon nationalists. They have more of a philosophical background and a good deal more sand than the Egyptians. Some of the young Mohammedans are even willing to forego killing the sacred Hindu cow in their *Bakreid* sacrifices, that the lovers of Mother India may stand united and that the cause of self-government may prevail. It gives one a thrill to hear student mobs (Brahmin Pariah, Moslem and Parsi students all jostling each other!) shouting "Bande Mataram!" (Hail Mother). They are enthusiastic, those Indian students. One of them, a Parsi of Bombay, rhapsodised to me in this wise:

"Who was it that stemmed the tide of German militarism in France the Autumn of 1914? It was the Indians!"

There's patriotism for you.

But the most rapid growth of nationalism that I know of—outside of China—has recently taken place in Syria.

BRAND NEW NATION

It was my happy luck to be a member of the American Red Cross Commission to Palestine that "took" Jerusalem in June, 1918. Our expedition originally consisted of "57 varieties"—social workers, nurses, doctors, orphanage directors, etc. We established a weaving industry, a couple of orphanages, a hospital that has since been handed over to the British Occupied Enemy Territory Administration—and in the process expended over a million dollars for the relief of the destitute of the Holy Land. And I had the fun of driving German and Turkish prisoners up and down the streets of the Holy City on the way to and from the railway station which is on David's Plain of Rephaim. But, of course, that is another story. However, my 16 months of peregrinating over the Promised Land gave me an opportunity to get the local color for this story, the

(Continued on Page 5)

French And British Premiers Confer On Financial Subjects

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, February 10.—The Premier, M. Millerand, will leave Paris tomorrow for London where he will have a series of interviews on political, financial and economic questions with the members of the British Government, in particular with Mr. Lloyd George and the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Premier will be accompanied by M. Marsal, Minister of Finance, and a certain number of experts from the government departments concerned in the matters for discussion. M. Millerand will return to Paris at the end of the week.

Shanghai-Hongkong Air Service Plan Sends Flyers Here

San Francisco, January 28.—Eighteen aviators have booked passage on the Nile, leaving Friday, to establish commercial air service between Shanghai and

Coolie Hanged By Thumbs For Taking Barrow

For having taken the law into their own hands and for hanging a coolie by his thumbs in an alley off Honan Road, three Chinese were fined $10 each by the Mixed Court while the victim of their judgment was sent to prison for a month for stealing a wheelbarrow.

A Chinese detective, Ah Kung, found Zung Le-yung, trussed up by his thumbs in the alley. He cut him down and made inquiries.

Yen Ah-sze and two companions were accused of having tortured the coolie. Yen, it seems, owned a wheelbarrow which Zung appropriated to his own purposes. Yen resented the liberty Zung took with his property and summoned his friends to his aid.

Zung was surrounded, tried by an impromptu tribunal, convicted of larceny and sentenced to torture. Then the sentence was carried out and bade fair to prove fatal until the detective interfered.

Bringing the quartette before the court the officer asserted that the thief was undoubtedly guilty and should be punished but he thought some penalty ought to be imposed on the trio who had sought to administer justice on

LEBANON ASKS INDEPENDENCE AS TURKISH PEACE DAWNS

Also Wants Return Of Lost Provinces And French Mandate

REVIEWS CLAIMS

Delegates Reach France To Present Program To Allied Conference

THREE PROPOSALS

Plan Follows Pledge Given To Maronites By Clemenceau

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, February 10.—The delegation from the Lebanon to the peace conference has arrived in Marseilles. Mgr. Abdallah Koury, the head of the delegation, in a statement to journalists on the motives of his journey, explained the three essential claims which he proposes to submit to the peace conference: (1) the independence of the Lebanon, (2) the extension of its frontiers, that is the return to the Lebanon of its lost provinces and (3) a French mandate for the Lebanon.

This program was put forward in August last by the Maronite Patriarch, Mgr. Hoyek, representing all the nationalities of the Lebanon. M. Clemenceau, who was then Premier, assured the Patriarch that the Lebanon would be granted independence and a French mandate and promised to extend the frontiers of the country in accordance with the map drawn up by the French general staff after the Syrian campaign of 1860.

It is with the object of preventing these promises from falling to the ground on the eve of peace with Turkey that this new delegation has come to France. The delegation is leaving Marseilles for Paris today.

Austria, Germany, Denied Permit For Aerial Police

Paris, February 10.—The conference of ambassadors at its sitting today rejected as contrary to the terms of the treaties the requests from the Austrian and German Governments to be allowed to keep aeroplanes for aerial police work.

The conference heard Dr. Reisch, the Austrian Minister of Finance, who put forward a claim for the constitution of an Austrian section of the Reparations Committee with the object of obtaining long term credits which are necessary for the economic reconstruction of Austria. The question will be discussed at the next sitting on Friday.

Count Apponyi, head of the Hungarian delegation, will arrive in Paris tomorrow to present the observations of his Government on the Allied Peace terms.

Allied Premiers Confer On Turkey And Russia

M. Millerand, who with Signor Nitti, the Italian Premier, is leaving Paris tomorrow for London, will be accompanied by Marshal Foch and General Franchet d'Esperey, the latter in connection with Turkish affairs. The questions for discussion at the Inter-Allied conference will be Russia, Turkey, exchange, and the execution of the treaty with Germany.

M. Deschanel, having been elected President of the Republic, has handed in his resignation as President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Germany Must Fulfill Obligations, Say Allies

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, February 6.—In the debate in the Chamber today on foreign policy M. Millerand stated that Germany had taken no steps to deliver the stipulated quantity of coal and that the measures provided for in the Peace Treaty would be adopted to collect this debt. The Premier significantly referred to the clause relating to extended military occupation and stated that it was his intention to notify Germany that in view of the flagrant non-fulfillment of one of her most important obligations, he considered that the time limit allowed for the carrying out of the Article of the Peace Treaty relating to coal had now expired.

Referring to the question of war criminals M. Millerand dwelt on the

German Crown Prince And Princess At Amerongen

Ex-Crown Prince and Princess of Germany

The former Crown Prince of Germany and his wife, Cecilie, photographed at Amerongen, Holland, where the Prince is in exile. This is the first picture published showing the Crown Princess at Amerongen. It was reported at the time that Cecilie's visit to Amerongen was in connection with her contemplated suit for divorce from the ex-Crown Prince. The couple have five children, four sons and one daughter.

China Association Meeting Will Devote Energies To Improvements In Schools

Opening Sessions Of Seventh Annual Convention Attended By Representatives From Three Eastern Provinces

One of the big present-day aims of religious forces in China is to fix a uniform standard of education in the schools of the country and this question, taken up yesterday, will be dealt with again today at sessions of the seventh annual meeting of the East China Christian Educational Association which opened yesterday at Union Church hall with a heavy attendance of representatives from the three provinces that the organisation represents.

The educational question is to be taken up at 9:30 o'clock when a report of the committee on College Entrance Requirements will be presented by Prof. L. B. Moss. Another of the important subjects of the meeting closely related to other movements for national progress in China, the purpose to simplify China's written and spoken languages through a phonetic system, is to be dealt with at the afternoon session. This subject will be introduced in a paper on "The New Phonetic System of Writing Chinese" by Miss S. J. Garland.

REPORTS ARE HEARD

The gathering at the Union church hall swiftly entered upon the work of its extensive program yesterday. At the morning session, following the opening service and a preliminary business session, a report supplementary to one given at the preceding meeting of the association was made by the committee on curriculum. This was made by Dr. Fong F. Sec.

It had been stated at the time the preliminary report was presented that "inasmuch as the East China Educational Association has not deemed it advisable to undertake to prescribe standard courses of study and to give uniform examinations, the best the curriculum committee can do is to offer some suggestions on the various subjects taught."

It was pointed out that the committee had been enabled to assemble the work of specialists in such form that it may prove helpful to teachers seeking aid in particular fields. In the former report the committee's work was devoted to the subjects of English, drawing, music, industrial and fine arts, mathematics, chemistry, religious education, geography and hygiene. The subjects of religious education and science were dealt with yesterday in Doctor Fong's supplementary paper.

The general subject of music was discussed at some length at the morning session after a paper on the subject. "The Palace of Music in Christian Education" Myra Olive, whose singing along with other musical numbers delighted those present, said that she had in preparation a course of music designed to fit in the school curriculum.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Rev. J. B. Webster, Ph. D., presented the report of the Committee on Religious Education at the afternoon session. In this was set forth the aim of religious education which is "to insure the Christian solution of the daily life-problems of the students of our schools." The problem of educators in China, the speaker said, was to know these student life-problems and to know what form of religious education solves them. In the discussion that followed interesting descriptions were given of various student activities by Mr. J. C. Clark, of the Shanghai Y.M.C.A., Mr. Chen and Mr. Hipps. Miss E. Claiborne of McTyeire School, who was also a speaker, said among other things that the student movement in China had the sympathy of faculties of schools.

Committees named yesterday are as follows: Committee on Resolutions, Rev. Dr. F. J. White, Rev. J. M. Espey and Miss McCain; Auditing Committee, Mr. H. Whiteside and Rev. F. W. Dieterich: Nominating Committee, Rev. C. G. McDaniel, Miss C. L. Moffett, Mr. J. R. Norton, Rev. J. W. Crofoot and Miss E. S. Lester.

As a part of the association's meeting an exhibition of moving pictures illustrating methods of promoting public health was given last night at Martyrs' Memorial Hall by Mr. William Wesley Peters, secretary of the

Prof. N. Gist Gee President Of Educational Association

Officers elected at yesterday's meeting of the East China Christian Educational Association are as follows:

President, Prof. N. Gist Gee.

Vice-President, Dr. Fong F. Sec.

Secretary, Rev. H. A. McNulty.

Treasurer, Rev. H. F. Redfern.

Asst. Secretary, Rev. D. Richardson.

Asst. Treasurer, Rev. R. P. Montgomery.

JAPS FORTIFY VLADIVOSTOK AS THEY LAND MORE TROOPS

Co-operative Union Protests Against Siberian Intervention

STUDENTS ANGRY

Plan World Wide Appeal To Denounce Invasion Of Nipponese

GEN. KAPPEL DEAD

Reported To Have Died Of Frost Bite—Kolchak Shot On Feb. 7

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Vladivostok, February 10.—The Pri-Amur Co-operative Union has published a resolution protesting against Japanese intervention in Siberia, on the ground that the foreign diplomatists had promised that there would be no intervention.

The Japanese continue to land troops and ammunition and are fortifying Vladivostok.

A Revolutionary army is being hastily formed by Colonel Krakovetsky for the declared purpose of guarding the railways. A committee has been formed to supervise discipline and army supplies. Officers in the revolutionary army have no right to punish soldiers.

The students have passed a resolution protesting against foreign intervention and they are arranging a demonstration when an appeal will be addressed to the "students of the world."

Kolchak Shot Feb. 7; Kappell Reported Dead

Harbin, February 11.—Reuter's correspondent learns that both Admiral Kolchak and M. Pepeaeff, the ex-premier, were shot on the morning of February 7 by order of the Bolsheviks at Irkutsk.

General Voitzekovski, commanding General Kappel's army, is reported to have occupied the outskirts of Irkutsk.

General Kappel is stated to have died of frost bite.

Russian Garrison Held At Vladivostok Joins Insurgents

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, February 5.—Describing the situation at Vladivostok before the Social Revolutionaries occupied the city the Times Vladivostok correspondent says:

"A delegation from the Nikolsk government reached Vladivostok on January 29, under American protection, with a mandate to secure the peaceful transfer of Russian authority to the representatives of the Zemstvos within 24 hours, failing which Vladivostok would be surrounded by the forces of the new government. A hundred officers were held as hostages at Nikolsk for the safety of the delegation. Preparations were at first made to resist and Japanese troops formed a strong cordon across the peninsula in defense of the city, but later practically the whole Russian garrison joined the insurgents."

Referring to the report that the Czechs had recaptured Irkutsk from the Social Revolutionaries, the correspondent says that the Czech rearguards are now at Zamozor (? Zimova) 340 miles west of Irkutsk, where they are continually engaged with the Bolsheviks.

DOLLAR COMPANY GETS INTEREST IN ADMIRAL LINE

One-third interest in the Pacific Steamship Company, owners of the Admiral Line, has been acquired by the Robert Dollar Company, according to an announcement made by President H. F. Alexander of the former company. Local offices of the Robert Dollar Company announced yesterday that the deal had been closed. Mr. A. Melville Dollar has been named treasurer and Mr. Stanley Dollar vice president, of the Pacific Steamship Company.

GREAT SILK YEAR IN 1920 LOOKED FOR BY DEALERS

Wage Conditions Only Disturbing Factor In Cloak And Suit Industries

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Jan. 9 (by mail).—The new high record prices for raw silk have not yet been followed by any large operations on the part of manufacturers. A basis of $15 for raws seems to be in sight and it is the opinion of many conservative users that the level is too high to prove workable. The answer will come in the next few weeks, after the retail clearance sales are over with and customers have an opportunity to see the spring offerings. Up to the present time, consumption shows no sign of abating.

Disturbing features have become prominent in the dress and waist industries, and in the cloak and suit industries, where advances in wages have been asked. Ready to wear manufacturers had assumed that their agreements with workers to accept past wage scales as binding for two years would hold, but the unions are unable to control the demands of their members in consequence of the steady rise in living costs which has gone on. The dress and waist workers ask for 30 percent advances and the cloak and suit workers, 25 percent.

CAUTION IN BUYING

Silks are used largely for lining purposes by the latter, while a very large part of the raw material in the first named industries is silk in some form. Until these troubles are adjusted further caution in buying for future delivery is anticipated. To some extent the silk manufacturers are forewarned by these demands coming at this time. They find that their own workers are demanding more. The new fall season on fabrics is just about opening, and if wage advances must be made it implies still further advances in the prices of goods.

Reports from many of the largest distributers of silks for the year state that 1919 was the greatest silk year the country ever knew and with this fact behind them, and financial conditions continuing stable, it is popular to predict a still greater year for 1920. At the moment the demand is quiet yet it is contended that stocks are clean and within a week or two a renewal of activity in buying is anticipated.

Thrown silks are in very strong demand with spinners sold ahead for some time to come. It is difficult to secure assurances of deliveries owing to the uncertainty of the labor supply.

JAPANESE DEMAND RIGHT TO VOTE IN BIG TOKIO PARADE

Suffrage Agitation Culminates In Demonstration In Which 30,000 March

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, Feb. 11.—The universal suffrage movement culminated in a monster demonstration here today in which 30,000 persons representing over one hundred labor, political and other organisations throughout the country, took part.

The demonstrators, headed by Dr. Imai, Mr. Kurosu and other members of Parliament, marched through the streets carrying flags and banners, singing labor songs and scattering manifestos broadcast.

They visited both Houses of Parliament, the headquarters of the political parties and the newspaper offices and finally dispersed at the Imperial Palace grounds after giving cheers for the Emperor and the universal suffrage movement.

Over a thousand policemen were detailed to preserve order. The demonstration was marked by great enthusiasm but was carried out with perfect orderliness.

Suffrage Bill Doom Expected By House

Osaka, Feb. 10.—The voting on the universal suffrage bill in the House of Representatives today is arousing the greatest interest here. Tomorrow being a national holiday a number of mass meetings have been arranged in favor of the measure, which will nevertheless unquestionably be defeated at today's session.

Eltinge Changes Program Tonight

MR. JULIAN ELTINGE

Beginning tonight Julian Eltinge will appear at the Olympic Theater as "The Fascinating Widow," a role which he featured for four solid seasons. It was in "The Fascinating Widow" that Mr. Eltinge made his greatest success.

Leo Beers will have a new repertoire of songs and Miss Cleo Gascoigne, the diminutive prima donna, is to sing different numbers.

One of the features of the program will be Mr. Eltinge as the Geisha girl, a characterisation in which he made a great hit in Japan.

Another big house greeted the Eltinge Company last night and united with the audiences of Monday and Tuesday in the opinion that Mr. Eltinge has brought to Shanghai the greatest vaudeville company ever seen here.

The complete program for the last half of the week follows:

THE LITTLE JOHNS
"In a Diamond Setting"
BONNELL AND LEE
Two Scotch lassies
PHYLLIS GORDON
Les Oriental
Mr. LEO BEERS
In a new repertoire of songs
JULIAN ELTINGE
Will flash fashions from the footlights in an entirely new series of feminine characterisations, among them:

1. The Fascinating Widow
   By Himself
2. *He Was So Good To Me
   By Ben Black
3. The Bride .....Mr. Eltinge
4. The Bathing Girl
   By Jean Schwartz

INCIDENTAL DANCES

The Vampettes—Misses Howard, Bonnell, Lee, Brendell, Herbert, Silvan Carter and Price.

Jazztime—Misses Brendell, Herbert, Silvan, Howard, Bonnell, and Lee.

Minuet of '76—Marjorie Carville and Marie Sylvana.

BERT FORD AND PAULINE PRICE
Dancing on a Silver Thread
CLEO GASCOIGNE
The Diminutive Prima Donna
THE JULIAN ELTINGE DANCE REVUE
Arranged by Virgil Bennett
Marjorie Carville .....Marionne
Assisted by a Dancing Chorus

1. Springtime Enchantment
   Marionne
2. Dance Allure ...Miss Carville
3. The Bacchanale Marie Sylvana
4. High School Gallop
   Misses Brendell, Price and Herbert
5. Spanish Dance .....Marionne
6. Egypta Misses Bonnell and Lee
7. Le Passionne ....Miss Carville
8. Jealosie .....Entire Company

MR. ELTINGE
As the Geisha Girl
INCIDENTAL MUSIC BY THE FAMOUS
Eltinge Jazz Orchestra

Wedding

LEVINSON-PROUT

The marriage of Miss Marjorie Prout, a well-known London artist, to Mr. W. Strafford Levinson, British barrister, will take place Saturday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in Holy Trinity Cathedral.

New Mint Director Back In Shanghai

Mr. Chung Mun-yew, the newly appointed director of the Shanghai Mint, arrived in Shanghai Tuesday.

BAND CONCERT SUNDAY

The 13th concert of the season will be played by the Municipal Band at Town Hall Sunday afternoon. The program follows:

1.—"My Fatherland"
   Symphonic Poem No. 4
   (a) Molto Moderato
   (b) Allegro pocovivo
   (c) Allegro Smetana
2.—(a) In Garden
   (b) Dance .....C. Goldmark
3.—Symphony No. 5 E. Minor
   (a) Adagio—Allegro molto
   (b) Largo
   (c) Scherzo
   (d) Allegro con foco Ant. Dvorak

Maestro M. Paci, Conductor.

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$1 opens a Savings Account
$100 opens a Checking Account
CURRENT ACCOUNTS
TAELS MEXICAN DOLLARS
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
TAELS STERLING
MEXICAN DOLLARS AMERICAN GOLD
FIXED DEPOSITS
TAELS STERLING YEN
MEX. DOLLARS U.S. GOLD FRANCS
The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15 Nanking Road, Shanghai
OVER 3,500 ACCOUNTS

Cotton Market Stronger With Reports Of Large Sales And Record Prices

(Reuter's Service)

New York, January 9. (by mail.)—An important factor in connection with the further strength in the cotton market this week has been the very bullish situation in dry goods with reports of large sales and record prices. Buyers have been coming into the market in increasing numbers and have talked more about getting the merchandise than about values. There is a broad demand for many sorts of specialties for converting, which comes from many directions.

The automobile trade shows no diminution of interest in cotton goods and the shirt trades are buying goods for deliveries running through the current cotton year. In other lines many large users are buying goods for delivery through August and September and some of the leading printers are buying additional goods for delivery to July. Mill agents are quoted in some cases as declaring that prices are too high and deprecating the craze of buyers to pay premiums in order to get the goods and deliveries wanted, but admit at the same time that it would be contrary to human nature to refuse such inducements.

LIVERPOOL BIG BUYER

Under these circumstances, which apply to English mills even more than to American, it is not to be wondered at that raw cotton appears to be in a strong position. Every dip in prices attracts trade buying on a big scale, while latterly Liverpool has been a tremendous buyer of futures while advancing its own market sharply. Lancashire fears that it cannot rely upon supplies of raw cotton from the United States, and so alarmed have English spinners become over the situation that the Manchester Chamber of Commerce is urging the Government to take steps without delay to advance by every means in its power the growing of cotton within the empire.

A good many conservative cotton men on this side believe that the South is making a grave mistake to consider reducing its crop at a time when the whole world stands in such dire need of cotton and is being unwisely led by men who are more idealistic than business-like. It is quite possible that the very urgency of present needs may be the means of promoting such a widespread effort to produce cotton elsewhere as to jeopardise the South's long-boasted monopoly as a cotton section.

THIS YEAR'S CROP

The season of preparation for another crop is near at hand, and developments will be watched with very great interest by two continents this year. Reports from the lower Mississippi valley say never before have farm preparations been so backward as this year. In South Texas complaint is also made of too much rain which will delay plowing, but other reports are more favorable and predict a good increase in acreage over last year's planting. A man who has just returned from a Southern trip thinks the high prices will induce a big acreage if the labor can be secured. On the other hand, leaders of important Southern cotton growers' associations are urging diversification and a reduction in acreage.

A new attack on cotton speculation has been instituted, this time by a Texas Congressman who is behind a bill to prohibit all selling of contracts on an exchange unless the seller is actually the legitimate owner of the Cotton. Although this sort of thing has been almost an annual occurrence for the last thirty years, and the Exchanges are still performing their functions, it nevertheless always creates more or less uneasiness and disturbs business to a considerable extent. It should not be forgotten that during the war when the Exchanges were closed for three months, several organisations in the South threatened to appeal to Congress to force them to re-open as without them it was impossible to form an idea of the true value of cotton as a world proposition.

EXPORT OUTLOOK BRIGHT

Memphis advices say there is no speculation in actual cotton as the price is so high that buyers are not willing to carry large stocks. The attitude of the Federal Reserve Board in opposing speculation in both commodities and securities has also been responsible for a slowing down of such buying. Meantime the outlook for export business appears to be brighter and many look for a big business once the Peace Treaty is ratified. One exporter here said he could place orders within an hour for 250,000 bales for Germany if the banks would only extend credits on the collateral he has to offer. An outlet for a lot or low grades in the South is anticipated once the export situation is cleared up.

ROME-TOKIO FLIGHT

(Reuter's Service)

Salonika, February 6.—The aeroplane C.A.3., one of the competitors in the Rome-Tokio flight, arrived here today.

The Jewish Players

Another splendid production was staged last evening by the Jewish Operette-Dramatic Company when "Yoekel der Balegule" was presented at the Apollo Theater. This operette, in five acts, told a melodramatic story that was of gripping interest from start to finish.

The show was well cast. The players took a genuine interest in the production and from first to last were wholly in character.

The Jewish players have become favorites with the Shanghai public and it was the opinion last evening that they had won a new claim to distinction in their latest offering.

New Empress Boat To Circle Globe

Vessel Being Built For Run To Orient Will Make Extended Preliminary Cruise

The new steamship Empress of Canada, which is being built for the trans-Pacific service of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, is to make an around-the-world cruise starting at Liverpool, December, 1920, after the launching, according to an announcement the company has just issued.

The itinerary will be from Liverpool to Gibraltar, Monaco (for Monte Carlo, France), Naples (Italy), Port Said (for Cairo, Egypt), Suez (Egypt), Bombay (India), Colombo (Ceylon), Singapore (Straits Settlements), Batavia (Java), Manila (Philippines), Hongkong, Shanghai (China), Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama (Japan), thence to Vancouver, where the vessel will arrive about the middle of March, 1921.

The fare will be G.$1,500 and upwards, this including accommodation across the Atlantic on any C.P.O.S. ship, berth on the Empress of Canada from Liverpool around to Vancouver, and railway transportation from Vancouver to destination.

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HAVE A HEART!

VALENTINE'S DAY is on the 14th of this month (Saturday)
We are putting out a Special Line of
HEART-SHAPED CANDIES for this occasion packed in HEART-SHAPED BOXES
Don't forget to keep up the long-established practice of giving a Presentation Box of Candies on this day.
SULLIVAN'S Nanking Road

Saturday Club To Push Pan-Pacific Movement

Proposal To Endorse Move For Better International Relationship Is Made Public At Tiffin

Plans to extend to Shanghai the Pan-Pacific movement for the promotion of better relationship between the nations bordering the Pacific were announced by Dr. C. Wang, China peace delegate at Versailles acting as chairman of the Saturday Club, at a tiffin at the Cariton yesterday. Dr. Wang said that the club will push the movement in Shanghai and other cities in China.

Principal speakers at the tiffin were Captain E. B. Chaffee and Lieut. Allen A. Hunter of the American Red Cross in Palestine, who are passing through here on their way to the United States after spending two years in the Near East.

The medical, relief and industrial work instituted by the American Red Cross in Palestine was described by Captain Chaffee, while a plea for American assistance in the reconstruction of Arabeia, the new nation, was made by Lieut. Hunter.

FRATERNISING NATIONS

Following announcement of the extension of the movement for friendly intercourse round the Pacific, Dr. Wang said that he wished to emphasise one ideal which he had learned during his travels, that is, the necessity of making one nation understand another.

"The League of Nations is a big scheme to fraternise the nations of the world," said Dr. Wang in part, "The scheme as you know is yet incomplete, but the ideal, I am sure, is supported by all the people. The establishment of the League, however, cannot be carried out through diplomatic negotiations. It goes deeper. It must be done through the peoples themselves. They must first of all understand each other.

"To understand a people one must not only read its history, its literature and journalistic publications, but should see its country. There is an old proverb in China which says that to listen a hundred times is not equal to seeing once. To see a country, one gets a real perspective of the people and its ways. The pushing of the Pan-Pacific movement should go long ways in accomplishing two things, namely traveling by Chinese in foreign countries and visits of foreigners in China.

"The movement will stimulate people to go abroad. It is satisfying to see that students are being sent yearly to foreign countries and I think the students should be supplemented by their fathers, mothers and elderlies. As it is now, boys and girls after their training in foreign countries come back with new ideas. The elderlies have their old ideas. The result is there is a conflict. The assimilation of the new ideas by the elderlies will avoid conflict and insure co-operation which is most essential in the advancement of a nation.

WILL ATTRACT FOREIGNERS

"The Pan-Pacific Union will attract foreigners to visit us. We really have very nice things to show them, only we fail to supplement nature with art and consequently foreigners know very little about the beautiful spots of our country."

The speaker then pointed out importance of the construction of roads between the picturesque cities with the commercial ports so that the tired business men may refresh themselves by taking a day off at one of these quaint cities and know more about nature.

Captain Chaffee told of the work of the American Red Cross in Palestine. In January, 1918, upon the request of the British Government, an American Red Cross Unit was sent to Palestine, he said. It arrived at its destination three months after departure because of the round about way it took in dodging submarines; but arrived in time for General Allenby's famous drive.

The unit had enough supplies of medical stuff, food and clothing for refugees and material for reconstruction work. It even brought 100 feet of waterpipes but they were unnecessary because the British had already instituted a water system in Jerusalem. One week after their arrival, the workshops for the refugees were in operation. The Russian pilgrims and other refugees were employed and some good work was accomplished.

The activities of Captain Chaffee and Lieutenant Hunter were mainly with the orphanages. They took over a German orphanage by request of the British authorities. it consisted of 90 acres and had a farm and orchard. Later part of the institution was made the headquarters of General Allenby. A system of self-government was introduced by the commission at the orphanage. The inmates were taught American ideals of justice. A court was established and system of pay was introduced.

Captain Chaffee concluded by expressing the hope that the nationals of the various interests represented in Shanghai will cooperate with one another to hasten the day of universal brotherhood.

Lieut. Hunter began by describing India which he had just left recently as a country of piffling prohibitions and said he was glad that he was once more in the land of the free. He was high in his praise for British mandatory over Palestine and stated that introduction of an irrigation system and the lending of money to farmers by the British would mean material advancement for Arabeia.

The speaker graphically described the ardent enthusiasm of the young Syrians in their fight for national life and then pleaded that America should wake up to the call of the time and assist the Syrians in the accomplishment of their aims. It looks as though America's effort in the great war would be partially in vain, he said, if we do not do anything to help these needy nations.

COMMEMORATION DAY

All Government bureaus will be closed for public business today on account of Commemoration Day. All the Consulates will also be closed. There will no sitting in the Mixed Court.

NEW YEAR HALTS TRAIN SERVICES

Schedules Changed For Day And Special Rates Are To Be Made

In common with all other activities throughout China railway traffic will be practically suspended on Friday, February 20, which is the Lunar New Year Day.

It has been anounced, however, by the administrations of the Shanghai-Nanking railway and the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo railway, that an abbreviated service will be maintained on that day.

In addition to the ordinary first, second and third class tickets, first and second class special return tickets at a fare and one-half will be issued to Soochow, Wusich, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking on the Shanghai-Nankiang railway and to Jessfield, Siccawei Sunkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yezah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow on the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo line; also third-class special return tickets between the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo railway stations previously named.

Return portions of these special tickets will the valid from Saturday, February 14, until March 1 inclusive.

Train schedules announced for February 20 are as follows:

S. N. RAILWAY

"Up" through Express leaves Shanghai North at 7:55 a.m. for Kunshan, Sochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, and Nanking connects with the through service to Peking.

"Down" through Express leaves Nanking at 2:20 p.m. with the through passengers from Peking Tientsin, etc. for Chinkiang, Tanyang, Changchow, Wusih, Soochow, and Kunshan arriving at Shanghai North at 9:00 p.m.

"Up" and "Down" Night Express Trains leaves Shanghai North and Nanking respectively at 11:00 p.m.

S. H. N. RAILWAY

No. 110 Down Express leaves Shanghai North at 2:50 and Shanghai South 3:00 p.m.

No. 109 Up Express leaves Zahkou at 2:10 p.m.

KIANGSHOO BRANCH

No. 128 Down mixed train leaves Konzenchiao at 1:55 p.m.

No. 129 Up mixed train leaves Zahkou at 6:40 p.m.

NINGPO-PAKWAN

No. 147 Up train leaves Ningpo at 2:20 p.m.

No. 148 Down train leaves Tsao Ngo River at 12:20 p.m.

AUTO SUPPLIES

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Lebanon Asks For Liberty As Peace With Turks Dawns

(Continued from Page 1)

right of the Allies to apply economic and financial reprisals where Germany had wilfully disregarded her obligations and also their right to resort to measures of military coercion. He emphasised his intention of exacting everything that Germany strictly owed under the Treaty.

The Premier denounced the Bolsheviks and declared that the Allies would support Poland to the utmost if the Bolsheviki attack her. M. Millerand's speech was loudly cheered after which the Chamber passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 513 votes to 68.

Orientals' Tenancy Of Canadian Farms To Be Investigated

(*Reuter's Service*)

Vancouver, February 6.—The British Columbia Board of Trade Convention has unanimously demanded that the Canadian Government shall investigate the crisis arising out of the question of Japanese and Chinese ownership encroachments on British Columbia farm lands.

The Japanese Consul General, Mr. Ukita, in the course of a statement said: "I hope that Canadians will not say goodbye to Japan after enjoying the advantages under the Anglo-Japanese treaty."

Mr. Ukita denied that a Japanese syndicate was attempting to purchase Colostream, the Earl of Aberdeen's famous ranch, which is one of the showplaces of the Okanasan fruit district.

NEW ELECTRICITY RATES ANNOUNCED

Scale That Became Effective January 1 Published In Municipal Gazette

The Municipal Electricity Department, in today's Municipal Gazette, publishes the new scale of charges for electricity which went into effect on January first.

They follow:

LIGHTING

Flat Rate of Tls. 0.13 per Unit.

Discounts of 5 percent for a consumption of over 1,000 Units per month.

7½ percent for a consumption of over 1,500 units per month.

10 percent for a consumption of over 2,000 units per month.

15 percent for a consumption of over 3,000 units per month.

20 percent for a consumption of over 4,000 units per month.

25 percent for a consumption of over 5,000 units per month.

30 percent for a consumption of over 6,000 units per month.

Heating.—Tls. 0.035 per unit.

Cooking.—Tls. 0.035 per unit.

Charging Batteries (For electrically propelled vehicles).—See power rates.

POWER

Tls. 0.045 per unit if units consumed are less than 150 per connected Horse power per month.

Tls. 0.041 per unit if units consumed are more than 149 and less than 250 per connected horse power per month.

Tls. 0.036 per unit if units consumed are more than 249 and less than 350 per connected horse power per month.

Tls. 0.030 per unit if units consumed are 350 or more per connected horse power per month.

Special rates quoted for bulk supply to mills, factories, shipyards, etc., on application.

Direct current lift and hoist supply.—Tls. 0.12 per unit.

Electric motors are stocked and hired to Consumers at the following rates:—

	Per month.
1 Horse power	Tls. 3.00
2 " " "	4.00
3 " " "	5.00
5 " " "	6.00
7½ " " "	7.00
10 " " "	9.00
15 " " "	12.00
20 " " "	15.00
30 " " "	17.00
40 " " "	20.00
60 " " "	25.00
80 " " "	30.00
120 " " "	40.00

Hire of radiators.—Tls. 0.50 per month.

Hire of cookers.—Tls. 0.50 per month.

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Super-Size Virginia Cigarettes

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Every day your complexion

pays toll to dust and wind

The rough, cold winds chap and roughen the skin; dry heated air draws and parches it. The constant strain under which we live—the ceaseless activity of crowded days, the constant effort, the lack of rest—all these things take daily toll of the complexion.

You can protect your complexion from the wear and tear of both summer and winter—can prevent that tired, drawn look from appearing in your face, by giving your skin the care it needs.

Apply a little Pond's Vanishing Cream when you motor or travel; rub it in lightly. This will protect the sensitive pores from grit and grime, will keep your skin free from that parched feeling that generally follows exposure to dust and dirt.

It has a wonderfully beautifying effect, and as a base for powder it is so effective that one powdering is sufficient for the whole evening.

This fragrant, dewy cream contains a skin-softening ingredient of great value, one that skin specialists recognize as most efficient in keeping the skin supple, for giving it the transparent freshness everyone admires.

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Farewell Given To British Minister At Dinner Of Anti-Opium Association

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, February 8.—A gathering of exceptional interest took place in the Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking, on Friday night, when the Board of Directors of the International Anti-Opium Association, Peking, entertained the British Minister, Sir John Jordan, to a farewell dinner. The Right Rev. Bishop Norris presided, while Mr. C. Bennett occupied the vice-chair. In addition to the guest of honor, there were present Sir Reginald Gambia, Mr. Wang Kai-wen, Admiral Tsai Ting-kan, M. Picard Destelan, Mr. S. Mayers, and others.

The chairman voiced the gratitude of the Association for the support which Sir John Jordan had given the Association since its inception. His Excellency had from the beginning of his stay in Peking assisted all he could in the eradication of the opium evil and had shown his warm approval of every movement for the suppression of the trade in narcotics. It was not so much a question where the drugs were going to but where they came from, and it was that the Association was directing its efforts to action which would suppress the traffic at its source.

Admiral Tsai then spoke as follows: "Mr. Chairman, Your Excellency, Gentlemen—I count it a great honor to have the privilege of speaking on behalf of the Chinese section of the Association as well as on behalf of the Chinese people and addressing a few words to our honored guest. What I am going to say will perhaps savor of the awkward man playing with an axe before the god of carpentry. I am going to speak about diplomats, before a veteran diplomat.

CLASSIFIES DIPLOMATS

"Within the last ten years—when the world has been in great commotion — many diplomatic changes have taken place in Peking, and those who have been here during that period have had opportunities of studying the different diplomatic characters at close range.

"There are diplomats and diplomats. It is hard to describe all the characteristic shades and differences. For simplicity's sake I would classify them thus: those who have a specified duty to perform; those who have a specified time to serve; those who are more or less permanent. The first are those who come here to accomplish a particular object. Their qualification is technical knowledge of the subject under discussion. They are well informed on all the points connected with the particular matter. Added to these essentials, they possessed the following qualifications in whole or in part. They were brilliant or dazzling or breezy. They had manners suave and urbane, ways most winning and taking, and they possessed a greater sense of expediency than of principle. They came for an intellectual and diplomatic wrestle, and they adopted the style of catch as catch can. They were able to asphyxiate their opponents by verbal poison but not by gas. They knew to perfection the art of camouflage and evaded their opponents by the dexterous use of adroit phraseology. They could spread their clouds of verbal smoke and circumvent their antagonists.

"They did not hesitate to resort to a false presentation of the truth because they knew that by the time they were discovered they had already accomplished their object and would be out of the country. Their methods and manners could not warrant a long stay because like a rotten apple or decayed peanut which leaves a bad taste in the mouth, they were regarded with odium. After they had accomplished their job their own deeds frightened them away.

THE PERMANENT TYPE

"Diplomats of this type had to work quickly—against time and against public opinion, preferring the twilight, in fear of being found out. They had to concentrate all the resources to win the game at any cost, by hook or by crook. They were transient birds of prey.

"The second class has been accredited minister for a fixed term long or short. There was one who sneaked into China to represent his country. He made a marked impression upon one of the young diplomats of the Waichiaopu, who told me that he had met the new minister. I inquired what sort of a man he was. The young Chinese diplomat replied: His language was so evasive: not a word of it could be relied upon. He is a true diplomat.

"Another diplomat on one occasion said I am here to look after my country's interest. The interests of the Chinese are nothing to me. Some others have been known to disturb the quiet of Peking by an occasional outburst of diplomatic anger.

"Men of this type, although accredited for a fixed term, generally detached themselves from the Peking environment by their own words and acts. They go to find more congenial regions elsewhere and Peking is given the chance of having more congenial representatives to take their place. As to the permanent type—those who serve to the end of their term or several terms, or stay as long as they desire—they are generally men of tact and sympathy who take a deep interest in things local while they do not forget the interests of their country which they serve. They bring about good will and harmony between the country they represent and the country to which they are accredited. A most notable instance in modern times is that of Lord Bryce in America.

"I am happy to say that we have a permanent type in our midst in the person of His Excellency, Sir John Jordan. Some diplomats swallow the man. Some men endanger the diplomat. I know Sir John well. I know just as well His Excellency the British Minister. Let me tell you what I know of Sir John Jordan the man. In 1911 when the Revolution was at its height and it looked as if Wuchang was to be the scene of much bloodshed, Sir John got Mr. Goff, the British Consul General at Hankow, to bring the Northern and Southern leaders into line. In this way unnecessary bloodshed was averted. At the same time Sir John himself represented to the Peking Government that the Chinese problem could be solved by peaceful negotiation with the result that the machinery of peaceful negotiation was set in motion.

HELP FOR MANCHUS

"King-chou, near Shasi, west of Hankow, had a Manchu garrison which was in imminent danger of being wiped out. Sir John interceded, and much life was spared. Later, the Manchu garrison was known to be starving. There was no food nor money for them, and they were selling their daughters to maintain life. Sir John again represented their plight, and $10,000 were sent for their relief.

"When the Manchus in Sianfu were about to be exterminated the missionaries drew the attention of Sir John to their danger. Again he interceded, and the Chinese army was ordered to show leniency. When Nanking under Tieh Liang was being attacked and when again it was attacked by Chang Hsun, Sir John on both occasions suggested mildness.

"On such occasions Sir John the man left Sir John Jordan the British Minister at home and went forth privately to urge mercy in the name of humanity. The Man could detach himself from the diplomat to the advantage and honor of both. Acts like these sink into the mind and hearts of the people. It was acts like these that made the people welcome him wherever he went. It was these acts that made him persona grata to the Chinese Government and to the Chinese nation. Let me also tell you what I know of His Excellency Sir John Jordan the British Minister.

"When the West River was the haunt and highway of pirates Sir John, the British Minister, suggested co-operation in the suppression of these pests. British ships and British marines were ready to help whenever and wherever they were needed, but not a word was said about compensation or ultimate interest to be gained for Britain except the safety to general trade and commerce to the world. In all the loans negotiated by the Republic, Sir John Jordan, the British Minister, was willing that such should be allowed to relieve financial stress only but always discouraged reckless borrowing which he said would ultimately ruin China. He always exercised such wholesome checks.

'GIVE AND TAKE" MOTTO

"In the termination of the opium trade Sir John Jordan the British Minister was indefatigable and a the risk of popularity viewed the problem from a moral standpoint rather than from the financial. Again, in the late tariff revision of which I was chairman, Sir John Jordan, the British Minister, was convinced that the claims of the Chinese Government were right and was prepared to go a long way to give China her due. He held just and proper notions on every question that came before him. He believed in and acted upon the idea that what was good for China was good for Great Britain, and that what affected China would directly or indirectly affect Great Britain. He did not believe in the policy of all for Great Britain and nothing for China. Give and take was his motto.

"When others were using a telescope he employed a binocular. He could see both sides of a question and his equity and justice have brought benefit to all. Had his policy been adopted more widely throughout the diplomatic world, had his wide vision and his genius for learning the merit of the other side been more extensively practised the world would be a different world from what it is now.

"To enable you more vividly to appreciate the policy of Sir John Jordan the British Minister and more clearly to realise the relations of Sir John the man to the Chinese people let me present to you this picture which I saw in a dream this afternoon. Imagine to yourselves a seaport full of shipping, most of it flying the British flag. On the foreshore stands Britannia and beside her is seen another figure, Cathay. The trident is left lying on the beach. In the background are vast tracts of fertile field waving with every conceivable crop, while cattle and sheep are seen grazing. Still further away on the rising ground, the people are working mines, carrying on manufactures or undertaking forestry operations. Along the foot of the range of hills runs a railway winding its way towards a tunnel which pierces the range of blue tinted hills that bound the distant horizon.

IN BRITTANNIA'S HANDS

"In Britannia's hands is held a book containing the secrets of the arts, sciences, manufactures, modes of communication, mining, shipbuilding, and every conceivable form of human industry up to date. Cathay has one hand holding a fan on which is painted a summer retreat surrounded by verdant and picturesque mountains. The studio is built on four pillars with a thatched roof, but the building has no walls in order that the panoramic view can be enjoyed from all sides. Below the studio which is built on a jutting prominence, is a limpid pool nestling among ferns and scented shrubbery. Along the foot of this prominence winds a silvery brook babbling its way to the sea, giving song to the country folks and fertility to the neighboring fields. On the other side of the fan is written a poem which extols the virtues of a simple life placing a high value on solitude, on study, on meditation at times in order to forget the cares of life and worries of business, on communion with nature and with higher spiritual influences to purify our souls and cleanse them of earthly dross.

"The poem emphasises the necessity of adjusting our thoughts and clearer thinking, and discourages the eternal rush that makes men slaves of passion and appetite, ambitious to gain everything and satisfied with nothing. It reminds man that God has given the earth to him to possess for ever without any need to hurry but simply to take time to make himself happy and to make the earth a fitting place in which to exercise his natural powers without fear of other beings from other worlds to rob him of his heritage. Notice that Britannia's trident is lying innocently on the sand beach. It is not lifted up to intimidate. It is not held at arm's length to coerce. Cathay is close by the side of Britannia, attracted evidently by the book. Cathay is not crouching in fear. He is not fleeing out of fright. Only a few leaves of the book are opened, but Cathay is showing a deep interest and seems to evince a capacity to learn.

TRIBUTE TO JORDAN

"The title of the picture is Give and Take. It is the painting by Sir John Jordan on the diplomatic canvas of the Far East. He has visited the Western Hills almost every week-end and knows the priest of Ling Wang T'ang Temple intimately. The picture on the fan and the philosophy of the poem are his richest acquisitions from China. Let us emulate."

Major Wearne expressed the hope that Sir John would not think that his life's work was ended on his departure from China. They should want his help in the future more than ever, and they trusted that he would give them every possible assistance at home.

Sir John Jordan made a most feeling reply. He said that he was overwhelmed by the sentiments expressed by the Chairman, Admiral Tsai and Major Wearne. It was pleasant to think that he had been able to do a little in combatting the opium evil. He recalled the part taken in the anti-opium movement by Na Tung and Tang Shao-yi.

Sir John said that he had always taken the view that what was good for China was good for the foreigners in China, and complimented President Hsu Shih-chang on the noble stand he had taken in ordering the destruction of the opium at Shanghai. He did not think that he had ever had a more pleasant duty to perform than when he communicated that information to the British Government.

LONG SERVICE IN CHINA

Regarding present conditions in China, he pointed out that China, a pacific country, was being ruled by military Governors which was an unnatural condition, and therefore could not long continue. He assured the members of the Association that he would give all the support he could to completing the reform in the suppression of opium and narcotic drugs. He could not sit down without reference to the great kindness which he and his family had always received in China, adding that he was leaving after 43 years, with a very great pang.

Mr. Bennett, vice president, proposed the health of the guests; to which Mr. Mayers made a happy reply. This terminated the proceedings.

News Brevities

Anniversary of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln is to be observed today by Americans in Shanghai. The martyred president was born on February 12, 1809 near Hodgenville, Kentucky. He was the sixteenth president of the United States.

The first annual general meeting of the Shanghai Loan and Investment Company will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

* * *

There will be a tea-dance at the Country Club this afternoon beginning at 5 o'clock.

* * *

The annual meeting of the subscribers to the Holy Trinity Cathedral Trust will be held at the Church House this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock.

* * *

The Marine Engineers' Institute will hold a dance at the Masonic Hall tomorrow night at 9 o'clock.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Country Club will be held next Monday evening at 6 o'clock.

* * *

The Portuguese Association for the Promotion of Higher Education is to hold a meeting this evening at 6 o'clock at the Shanghai Catholic Circle. Everyone who is interested in higher education has been invited to attend.

* * *

Arrangements for the American valentine party to be given Saturday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Raven, 405 Avenue Joffre, indicate that it will be one of the most successful Shanghai has seen. The party is intended as a get-together-occasion for all Americans in Shanghai and already a record guest list has been compiled. Invitations are extended to all Americans here. There will be no admission fee. The admission ticket, instead, will be a valentine, whether one with a red heart or a funny face.

* * *

Dr. Arthur Stanley, head of the Municipal Health office, will lecture on Chinese Textiles before the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the Royal Asiatic Society.

* * *

The news of the promotion of Captain Schmitt of the French Police from Captain to Major has been received. Major Schmitt served in the war and has been decorated with the Legion of Honor and Croix de Guerre.

* * *

Julian Eltinge and his players in his American Vaudeville Revue company are to be guests of the management of the Astor House on Saturday evening after their performance at the Olympic Theater. They will give a special program and will be accompanied by their own jazz orchestra. The arrrangements for the entertainment were made through Mr. J. D. Barton, manager of the company.

* * *

The Alumni Association of Christian Colleges, which was organised on June 14, 1919 with the objects of fostering the fellowship of the alumni, the rendering of mutual assistance, the interchange of knowledge, and the rendering of public service: will celebrate its fourth annual reunion dinner next Saturday, at 7 p.m. in Yih Ping Shang Hotel, No. 3 Tibet Road. Several important speeches will be made at the dinner. This year the dinner is open to ladies from Girls' Colleges, and St. Mary's and Metyiere's have already joined. Tickets should be secured from Mr. Li Chi-fan of the Y.M.C.A. not later than today.

* * *

There will be a tea dance at the Columbia Country Club Sunday from 4:30 o'clock until 7:30.

* * *

Mrs. Paul Myron Linebarger and children are to spend a few months in Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands instead of at San Diego, California as originally contemplated.

* * *

During the month of January three cases of armed robbery from dwelling houses, two similar cases in which no arms were used and one case of highway robbery were reported to the police, according to the Municipal Gazette.

* * *

The Shanghai Women's Christian Temperance Union, at a meeting to be held in the Union Church lecture hall this afternoon, will take leave of the president, Mrs. L. E. Canning, who is leaving for England shortly. Tea will be served by Mrs. Tod and Mrs. Weatherhead at 4:30 o'clock. A musical program will include numbers by Miss Myra B. Olive, Miss Fitch and Mrs. Dunning. Dr. Margaret Polk will preside over the proceedings to follow. All interested in the temperance movement and friends of Mrs. Canning are invited to attend.

* * *

Ninety thousand finger print records are now on file with the Criminal Investigation Department of the Municipal Police, according to the January report of Major A. H. Hilton-Johnson, Acting Commissioner of Police.

* * *

The sale of pheasants in the Settlement is prohibited after February 16, and that of deer, hare, partridges and all small birds after March 1. No prohibition attaches to the sale of snipe, quail, woodcock and wild fowl. The announcement is made in today's Municipal Gazette.

* * *

Chaoufoong Road, between East Seward Road and Tongshan Road, will be closed to vehicular traffic from Monday, February 16, for a period of two weeks, to permit of the culverting of the Singkeepang Creek.

* * *

There were 414 reports of stolen property last month, according to the report of the Acting Commissioner of Police in today's Municipal Gazette. These included 47 cases of burglary, 12 cases of housebreaking, 9 cases of shop or office breaking and 4 of godown breaking. Successful investigations were made in 127 cases. Two cases of murder and 15 cases of robbery and piracy in the district around the Settlement were reported to the police during the month.

* * *

Mrs. W. F. Kahler who came down from Tientsin for her daughter's wedding on Saturday returns to Tientsin by train tomorrow.

POLICE ARREST THIRTY IN RAID

Gamblers Seized As Dice Are Rolled In Resort On Swatow Road

Thirty gamblers who were captured in a raid Wednesday a 36 Swatow Road were brough before the Mixed Court yesterday and convicted of participating in a dice game. British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui presided in the case and sentenced the two principals to six months imprisonment each. The other 28 players were ordered to pay fines of $10 each or go to prison for ten days.

The men were convicted of engaging in a game known as "Ya Tai." Four dice were the implements with which the gamblers entertained themselves and a considerable sum of money is said to have changed hands. The police were notified that the gambling was going on and interfered. The place was crowded when the raid took place and players and keepers of the games were taken into custody.

NOISES AND NERVES

"A noise in the road outside or the clatter of the children at their play was enough to cause me real agony," said one nervous woman. Think what that means!

When a man or woman is a prey to run-down nerves every sudden sound causes misery. It is not always the headaches, neuralgia, sciatic pains in the back and legs, and other physical sufferings, that are the hardest to bear. Misery of mind—when a door is banging, or a shrill whistle makes a violent assault on the nerves—receives no sympathy; but those who endure it envy the people with steady nerves who are able to ignore what to them is a cause of real torture.

There is only one way to correct this miserable condition. Nerves that suffer thus are nerves starved for want of rich, healthy blood. They need a blood-maker and nerve tonic. Dr. Williams' pink pills build up and make good your impoverished blood. By this process they tone up every nerve in the body that is crying out for nourishment. Also, these pills strengthen the stomach and digestive powers.

If you are suffering from nerves do not go to great expense until you have tried building up the blood. The changes are that Dr. Williams' pink pills are all you require, for they have given many nervous sufferers complete relief. Now is the time to begin Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people. Get a supply from any dealer, or direct and post free, one bottle for $1.50, six for $8, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Write a postcard to the same address asking for a free copy of the useful booklet "The Nerves and Their Needs."

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Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her chi must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. The drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produ the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the childre who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for li by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a na cotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from sellin either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybo without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" i *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguise and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothin Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be give to your children unless you or your physician know of wha it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuin Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have frequently prescribed Castoria for common ailments of children with good results." W. A. CRANDALL, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria is very beneficial the treatment of children's ailments." F. DAVIS, M. D., Chicago,

"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and, aside from my own family experience, I have, in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home." WM. J. MCCRANN, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"I object to what are called patent me icines, where the maker alone knows wh stuff is put in them, but I know the form of your Castoria and advise its use in prop cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as w as harmless family medicine." N. B. SIZER, M. D., Brooklyn, N.

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YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING

IF You are troubled with Eczema, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores, or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF You are suffering the aches and pains of Bad Legs, Blood Poison, Abscesses, Ulcers, Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores, Glandular Swellings, &c.

IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.

IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

THE TRUE VALUE of Clarke's Blood Mixture is certified by a remarkable collection of unsolicited testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after being given up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success.—*Six pamphlet round bottle.*

Clarke's Blood Mixture is pleasant to take and guaranteed harmless to the most delicate constitution of either sex. Of all chemists and stores. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

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SHANGHAI RIDERS ARE LEADERS AT HONGKONG RACES

Local Men Take 28 Places In 11 Events On Opening Day

BILLY HILL IS STAR

Pilots Five Winners And Two Seconds; Johnstone Scores Seven

How Shanghai Riders Fared On Opening Day Of Hongkong Meeting	Firsts	seconds	Thirds
Hill	5	2	0
Johnstone	1	4	2
Vida	1	3	0
Bremner	1	0	4
Dalgarno	1	0	2
Crokam	0	0	2
Total	9	9	10

Twenty-eight places in eleven races.

Twenty-eight of the 33 places in eleven races run on the opening day of the Hongkong Jockey Club meeting were taken by jockeys who rode in the Shanghai meeting last Fall. Twenty-one places were taken by Shanghai riders with John Johnstone former local man and now Ewo taipan at Hongkong, taking a first, four seconds and two thirds.

Billy Hill won five races and was second home in two others. He rode the winner of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth, and eleventh races, and was second in the second and tenth.

Frank Vida, Bremner and Dalgarno each won races while Vida rode three seconds, Bremner was third in four races and Dalgarno landed third place in two; Crockam rode two thirds.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Hongkong, February 11.—The Hongkong Jockey Club race meeting opened this morning.

First Race.—The Wong-nei-Chong Stakes.—Half a mile.

Mr. Ritchfield's Ludlow (Doyle) 1
Mr. Adams' Moonshine (Owner) 2
Messrs. C.G.M. & G.H.W.'s Uncle (Bremner) 3
Time 1.00-1/5

Second Race.—The Maiden Stakes.—Three quarters of a mile.

Messrs. C.G.M. & G.H.W.'s "Charles" (Bremner) .. 1
Messrs. Gay Bird's "Sand-martin" (Hill) 2
Mr. Soares' "Spoilt Child" (Dalgarno) 3
Time ...1.35-1/5

Third Race.—The Victoria Stakes.—One mile.

Mr. G. H. Potts' "Mighty King" (Hill) 1
Mr. John Peels' "Sandy" (Johnstone) 2
Mr. B. D. Kapteyn's "Spotted Sand" (Dalgarno) .. 3
Time ... 2.09-2/5

Fourth Race.—The Valley Stakes.—Three quarters of a mile.

Mr. C. H. P. Hay's "Brutus" (Hill) 1
Mr. Henry Humphrey's "Wee House" (Johnstone) 2
Mr. B. D. Kapteyn's "Louza" (Crokam) 3
Time ...1.34-4/5

Fifth Race.—The Challenge Cup. One mile and three quarters.

Mr. G. H. Potts' "Mountain King" (Hill) 1
Mr. John Peel's "Colinton" (Johnstone) 2
Mr. Looors "Red Rode" (Eremner) 3
Time 3.57

Sixth Race.—The Trial Plate from the two mile post once round and in.

Mr. G. H. Potts' "Allied King" (Hill) 1
Mr. John Peel's "Plain John" (Johnstone) 2
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's "Hongkong Chief" (Bremner) 3
Time 2.25 1/5

Seventh Race.—The Garrison Cup. One mile.

Mr. Moonraker's "Savernake" (Eeth) 1
Capt. Henderson's "Target" (Kirkpatrick) 2
Mr. Wayfoong's "Pussyfoot" (Doyle) 3
Time 2.13 4/5

Eighth Race.—The Racing Stakes. One mile.

Mr. John Peel's "Pile Oliver" (Johnstone) 1
Sir Paul's "Albion Dahlia" (Vida) 2
Mr. Dryasdust's "Salamander" (Crokam) 3
Time 2.11 2/5

Ninth Race.—The Jockey Club Stakes. One mile and a quarter

Mr. Scare's "Siamese Cat" (Dalgarno) 1
Sir Paul's "Champion Dahlia" (late "Castlesand) (Vida) 2
Mr. John Peel's "Slam" Johnstone) 3
Time 2.47 1/5

Tenth Race.—The Professional Cup. One mile.

Sir Paul's "Glenmore Dahlia" (Vida) 1
Mr. Glendaye's "Someman" (Hill) 2
Mr. B. D. Kapteyn's "Sinzo" (Johnstone) 3
Time 2.16 3/5

Eleventh Race.—The Kalgan Plate. Three quarters of a mile.

Mr. Adams "Sunspot" (Hill) 1
Sir Paul's "Primrose Dahlia" (Vida) 2
Mr. Staves' "Dunford" (Bremner) 3
Time 1.36

Hongkong Local Examination

The results achieved by pupils from the Municipal Council schools, in the exa...nations held in December, 1919, are as follows:

Public School for Chinese:

Matriculation Examination—Pass: Kwok Tak-kum, Ng King-ching, Hu Cheng-yung, Chang Yu-yen, Feng Wah-koh.

Senior Examination—Pass: Tai Chong-tsao.

Junior Examination—Pass: Ma Char-zur, *Dzun Zau-zung, Chun Foh-ziang, Oong Teh-zee, Hu Cheng-en, †Lai Shau-wei, Chow Ta-kang, Liang Chah-dsin, Shou Piao, Soey Shing-sung, Feng Wah-pong, ‡Wang Sze-yuen, Tsai Yu.

*Distinction in Chinese and Bookkeeping
†Chinese
†Bookkeeping

Ellis Kadoorie Public School for Chinese:

Junior Examination — Pass: †Chang Nyee-tsung, Ting Soeh-chang, †Nyee Ching-Bee.

VOLUNTEER CORPS

Six months' leave is granted to 2nd Lieut. T. G. Drakeford of the Light Horse from February 26.

Football Champs At Soochow Are Given Their Letters

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Soochow, Feb. 9, 1920.—In view of the fact that the football championship for the season 1919-1920 has been officially awarded to Soochow University, a meeting of the Athletic Association was held for the presentation of the college letter to those who have won honor in athletics.

The Soochow branch of the Alumni Association also presented the team with a brass plate on which the names of its members were engraved. A singular feature of the meeting was the presentation of a silver loving cup to Mr. G. L. Hallford of the Soochow Customs.

This was given by the Athletic Association as an expression of gratitude for his services during the past two seasons in getting the football squad ready for the championship.

Those receiving letters in three branches of athletics were: K. S. Liang; football, track, and basketball; T. Y. Li, football, tennis, and track. Those receiving letters in two branches of athletics were: Z. B. Hsu; football and basketball; Zah Kung, football and track; Z. W. Dong, football and basketball; Z. U. Liou, football and track. Those receiving letters in one branch athletics were: W. Z. Sze football; V. M. Bong, football; Z. N. Tsu, football; Zun Moh, football; V. L. Wong, football; A. S. Soo, football; Charles Gee, football; N. T. Dao, track; T. L. Chang track.

This is the first year that letters have been given to athletes who have won them but arrangements are being made so that former stars of Soochow University may also have them.

Basketball practice has been going on in earnest now for several weeks and from the looks of things we will make a strong standing in the Intercollegiate series.

ARABS SEEK NEW NATION AND WANT AMERICA TO HELP

(Continued from Page 1)

story of the brand new nation of "Arabeia."

"Arabeia" is the Arab State that in January was announced officially as "embracing the towns of Damascus, Homs and Aleppo, which will be administered by the Emir Feisul with the assistance of French Advisors and Inspectors." That is the official definition; that is the Arab State as the Powers see it. But here is the "Arabeia" that about three million Arabs with a quarter of a million rifles consider as the true and eventual "Arabeia":

Syria and Palestine: the boundary to be from the Taurus Mountains to El Arish (or "the River of Egypt")—and Sha' Allah (God willing), from Khartum and Busra to the Taurus Mountains. Said domains to be absolutely independent to be a Constitutional Monarchy with Emir Feisul as first Sultan of United Syria. Religion to be separate from the State, and the rights of the minority to be safeguarded. The "invasion" of the Jews into Palestine to be prevented but the Jews of Palestine who were already in the country to enjoy the same rights and privileges as others.

PATRIOTS' PROGRAM

I will not say that the Arabs one and all would express themselves thus explicitly. But this is the program of the Damascus patriots. And the students of Syria can talk of nothing else. They do not number many thousands and they have heretofore had only one College, the American College at Beirut with an enrollment of 900, from which to derive their inspiration. But there is no doubt about it. Those few thousand educated young Syrians certainly have the dedication and the patriot's dream.

My first acquaintance with these young Syrian nationalists was in the third week of October, 1918. "Arabeia" as a nation had just been born. It was only two weeks before that Prince Feisul, the third and most capable son of King Hussein of Mecca, had galloped at the head of a few hundred Hedjaz horsemen into Damascus. The Government building that had so recently flown the star and the crescent of Turkey was now graced with the unfurled red, black, white and green emblem of Prince Feisul's men who were variously known as the Hedjaz, the Sheriffians and "that Arab crowd." Those were the days when a glorious Fourth of July spirit prevailed. There was a free and easy and popular use of guns.

The rattle of the Damascus tramway and the wail of the professional alms-seeker were frequently punctuated with exuberant rifle-fire. Let a sparrow alight in one of the bazaar streets and a dozen happy gun-men would commence popping away at it. An Australian, so the story runs, was approached by a Hedjaz trooper or "hedgehog" for permission to look at his revolver. To please his ally the Australian handed over his big six-shooter for the other's inspection. The Arab studied the weapon carefully, and then seeing a man pass by he aimed it at the man and pulled the trigger. The passerby dropped dead in the street. Whereupon the Arab returned the smoking gun to its owner with the delighted remark; "Quios!" (Good.)

WILSON PLEA ECHOED

I remember looking out of the second story window of the handsome Hedjaz railway station at the marvelous sunset glow over on tawny Mount Hermon and on the forest of poplars, pomegranate trees and minarets that make of Damascus the Arab "City of Delight." It was a beauteous evening, calm and free, I mused and then—Bang! A rifle shot right under the window; two more; then a glimpse of a Damascene running across the street with a native policeman in not very hot pursuit. I asked a resident standing by and enjoying the diversion the reason why the upholder of law should fire such unruly shots in the city. "Oh," answered he, "that was to make the thief afraid."

The welkin likewise rang with rallying cries. "Long live Wilson;" "Self Determination for small peoples!" "Arabeia for ever!" etc., America was the Land of Promises in those days, and anyone who had so much as shaken hands with "Bresident Wilson" (Arabs find it very difficult to pronounce their p's) was a hero indeed. On recounting to a young Arab officer who had studied politics at Beirut College, how Dr. Wilson had once upon a time stepped off the sidewalk at Princeton to let me pass in my Freshman cap and sweater, I suddenly found myself become a personage. Arab students decked out in Sam Browne belts and flowing silk headshawls thronged about me in Damascus coffee shops, offering me honeyed pastry and words, and demanding speeches. In one evening I shook hands at least 500 times. In fact they treated me like a vice-president.

There was nothing for it but to meet their "Prance." So to Prince Feisul I was escorted with much pomp and circumstance. He was most cordial; he acted just like you'd want a prince to act; and he had a nice speech ready. But before we go on with the speech let us take a look at the man. Emir Feisul is 37 years of age, of ordinary height; a dark man with a beard recalling the Italian Christ. He wears a cream colored headshawl with a gold cordon, a black broadcloth looseflowing gown and under that a brown gown that is girded with a magnificent sash out of which peeps a golden scimitar. His very gestures are royal. But I believe he has a democratic mind. A day or so after entering Damascus he announced in a Christian church that he would strive to give Christians, Moslems and Jews alike absolutely equal rights.

BRAVE AND SHREWD

An armored car officer who fought up from Adana with him declared that he had seen Feisul hold up a procession in the street which he was heading to palaver a moment with a beggar who accosted him. He used to insist while campaigning in the desert on seeing the Tommy drivers fed first, before he would commence on his own meal (the coffee for which was kept hot in a Thermos bottle!). Now such feats of democracy are nothing in China where, I am told, the son of a king has often the same chance for an education as the son of his butler. But in the Near East, well, princes don't generally act that way. Moreover Emir Feisul is brave and dashing. Once he galloped over an open field, calling back for his men to follow, with the Turks potting away at him only two or three hundred yards ahead.

He is shrewd and experienced, having spent several years in Constantinople, and not without eloquence. Which brings us at last to the speech:

"Arabeia is one of the most ancient nations of the world. It used to include Bagdad, Damascus, Hedjaz, Yemen, Mesopotamia, Syria and Spain. In this war we saw our chance to do our duty by our country and to get sure from the savage Turks. So we joined with the British. And we thank the British very much. Great Britain is our father-in-law.

"When America entered the war for the sake of humanity and to make peace in all the world for civilisation we hoped for great things, because we felt sure that our country would reach forward to a great civilisation. We thank all the Allies because they helped us with their speech. But England we thank particularly since she has helped us materially, in a practical way.

AMERICAN AID ASKED

"Just now America does not know us well and we are very sorry. We bow to America. We ask her to come and help us.

"All our schools are for the West and my idea is to ask American people and especially the Beirut College to come into all our territory and establish schools and universities, for the young men from America and from Beirut College know how to become good men for their country and to do good in bringing peace and civilisation into the world. If America will help we can in ten years become a great nation. If all the people of our country get the American ideas and the American spirit our Arab people will become very happy in the future. If the American people are willing to take our hand and to lead us in the march of progress we shall rejoice and we shall throw away our ignorance.

"We thank America very much for her kindness to us and for her ideas."

This said, the Prince gave me a Damascene sword, "one of the swords that fought for Arab independence." Thereupon I was ushered into a large reception room of wonderful Turkish carpets and introduced to a score or so of beturbaned Arab chiefs who looked uncomfortable at having to sit on the beautiful chairs wrought of mother-of-pearl and cedar of Lebanon. One of those old knights of the desert I shall never forget. He was robed in electric blue. Swords and scimitars bristled over his person. Even his eyebrows looked ferocious. The black lines painted on his undereyelids proved him to be a Druse; one of those mysterious semi-Mohammedan fanatics who assassinate anyone discovered reading their secret bible. They are reported to believe in the transmigration of souls, and to Christians they sometimes declare their willingness to curse Mohammed. But to accommodate Mohammedans they would probably curse Christ. One thing we do know about those Druses: they are crack shots; and they have all the guns and ammunition they need.

In the good old days when the Turks tyranised over Damascus the Druses, when the whim would seize them, would come galloping into The Pearl City of the Orient with the calm demand that the Turks hand over 5,000 rifles or perhaps 500,000 rounds of ammunition. Now Johnny the Turk was stupid and undiplomatic in dealing with Armenians and other unfortunates but when it came to the Druses he was almost brilliant. He never refused their simple requests. So today the Druses—and there must be over 200,000 of them—put in their leisure time up in the fastnesses of the "Druse" and Lebanon mountains shooting at squirrel's eyes or whatever it is they use as a target.

OFF TO GOOD START

So much for Damascus and Prince Feisul's court in 1918, when Arabeia was in her swaddling clothes.

On September 30, 1919, I saw her promenading along the main street of Damascus dressed up to kill; and not just in the metaphorical sense either. It was beside the purling waters of Abana that Naaman preferred to those of the muddy Jordan. Twelve thousand Arabs marched by burdened with rifles and full cartridge belts, interspersed with mules hauling machine guns and eighteen pounders (numbering 400, so I was told). Those followers of Feisul had been trained only for a few months, though perhaps two thousand or so had seen fighting on the desert in the campaign of independence that began down near Mecca in June, 1916.

Ostensibly this little promenade was in celebration of the entry of His Highness' (Prince Feisul's Highness) troops exactly a year before. But it seemed to me that the horizon-blue French officers observing it from the banks of the Abana, shrugged their shoulders while they clapped in applause.

Be that as it may, Arabeia is now on her feet and marching strong. The British have withdrawn their troops and gold; and the French if discreet will probably not do more than advise Arabeia from a distance. Not for a while at least.

(To Be Concluded Tomorrow)

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Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Sundstrand Adding & Listing Machine
Barrett Adding-Listing-Computer
Golden Gem Adders
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese S.K.F. Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
Deaniston's
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BEER
Asahi Beer
The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

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American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
John Tullis & Son, Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T.E.M.A.

BOILERS
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American Trading Co.

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Badger (Gorham Press), (Miscellaneous);
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E. J. Clode Pub. Co., (Miscellaneous);
Dodd Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Scis & Miscell);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest, New 10 vol "History of the World War," Self-help English books,)
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Columbia University Press
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Gregg Publishing Co. (Shorthand)
D. C. Heath & Co.
The Macmillan Co.
Yale University Press
Edward Evans' Sons, Ltd,
American Book Company, New York
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G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield
Macmillan & Co., London
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Swinburne's Letters

Gosse, Edmund, And Wise, Thomas James (Editors) The Letters of Algernon Charles Swinburne. 2 vols. New York: John Lane Company.

These letters, for the first time gathered together by two friends of Swinburne, measure the deep learning, the sensitive critical sense of Swinburne the book-lover, besides revealing him in the lights and shadows of his character as a man and poet. In spite of his detestation for letter-writing (and especially hand-writing), and despite the fact that his natural expression was poetry, one here sees that throughout life he was as much sought after for prose as for verse. His mind was keen for editorial appreciation. The impress is seen in his work for the "Encyclopedia Britannica," and in his essays in the English magazines.

We see Swinburne, in these letters, as the true radical that he was, strong in language where his feeling was strong, and not mincing words when he came to estimate the Victorian age, against the smugness of which he had to struggle with his pagan spirit. He was continually swearing by the "God of Tennyson." But no prejudice which was his could ever blind him to an excellence which may have belonged to his enemy. The consequence is that these letters are a running commentary on the intellectual and scholarly period between 1858 and 1909.

He was also a hero-worshiper; no one more passionately loved the Elizabethans, unless it was Charles Lamb; no one was more humble before the living than he before Hugo, Mazzini, and Landor. To these he wrote in terms of strong love and loyalty, and of them he wrote with spiritual understanding. His letters are filled with praise, appreciation, and helpfulness, and though his blame, at times, was bitter, at other times it was mingled with a delightful humor. He could hate well, as he hated Furnivall for his Shakespearian scholarship; as he pursued Gladstone, whenever he had an opportunity. He could admire fervently, as he did the memory of Poe; he could be gracious in giving to others the work he most wanted to do himself, as when he said, "It is with no flavor of sour grapes on my tongue that I can say I would rather read Arnold on Keats than write on Keats myself."

Personal biography and letters were, to Swinburne, always under suspicion, because he was so vilified by the press; and his correspondence, often thoughtlessly worded, was many times turned against him. But there is a charming survey of his biographical matrix in a letter to Edmund Clarence Stedman, which, because of its length, can scarcely be quoted, but which considered his ancestors, and his own boyhood at Eton and Oxford. "Being bred by the sea," he declares, "I was a good craigsman, and am vain to this day of having scaled a well-known cliff on the South Coast; ever before and ever since reputed to be inaccessible." Then he adds, showing what he had to go through with his villifiers, "perhaps I may be forgiven for referring to such puerilities, having read (in cuttings from more than one American journal) bitterly contemptuous remarks on my physical debility and puny proportions." One can account for the love of the sea shown in Swinburne's poems when reading the following passage:

"Its salt must have been in my blood before I was born. I can remember no earlier enjoyment than being held up naked in my father's arms and brandished between his hands, then shot like a stone from a sling through the air, shouting and laughing with delight; head foremost into the coming wave—which could only have been the pleasure of a very little fellow."

What refreshing glimpses of this "little fellow" the letters give—of his dreams and of his remarkable reading tastes. This infantile picture suggests Swinburne's abiding reverence for childhood, revealed in his poetry, and nowhere better emphasised than in these letters, where upon other people's children he lavished his tribute. To Gosse he once wrote:

"My best love and thanks to the sweetest and kindest of babies for its birthday attention. It is a sad fact that I have nothing as fragrant and beautiful (as a bunch of white roses) to offer in return; but how should I, being a miserable adult, have any means of acknowledging the infinite sweetness and goodness and graciousness of a baby?"

Many years later, in a note to Lady Ritchie, he writes:

"I congratulate you cordially on being a grandmother. To have a baby at hand or within reach is to belong to 'the kingdom of heaven' yourself. I met this morning on my daily walk a fair friend not yet well stricken in months, who beamed and chuckled inarticulately (being still by necessity an inarticulate poet) at sight of me from the depth of her pushwainling. (I hope you never use the barbaric word perambulator)."

But his devotion to childhood never brought him to consent sponsoring one as godfather. Evidently he had been tendered the honor by Charles Augustus Howell, for he wrote:

"I should be delighted to make the acquaintance of the young lady you mention; but as for godfatherhood; you must remember that sponsorship is hardly in my line—unless, indeed, I might choose the 'promises and vows' to be made on the child's behalf and in fact conduct the service myself extempore—which might hardly meet the views of the parents."

The personal in Swinburne's letters is so delicately interwoven with matters of intellectual worth that it is difficult to extract it and give it a sufficient setting. So, too, in critical affairs, his comments are so swift, so thorough, so connected with comparative estimates that one could hardly do justice to his adoration of Marlowe or Shakespeare by mere excerpts. For that reason, it were best in the compass of this notice to accentuate only those flashes which throw light on the character of the poet. His correspondence is filled with worthy remarks on his craft, both metrical and otherwise; his marvelous memory is continually pointing out to authorities their oversights. He was able to take an external view of his own work, to the extent of analysing it for the numberless anthologists who sought permission to use his poems in "collections." These phases glint forth continually in his correspondence.

Inasmuch as the bulk of his thought deals with purely literary interests, it were well to see what impression he had of America and American letters. For his estimate of Americans was thus tersely put when writing to Ingram, the defender of Poe. "As to the character of the Americans generally," he says "my own impression (confirmed by experience) is that they are either delightful or detestable—the best or the worst company possible—there is no medium."

His interest in Poe was largely enhanced by the French vogue for translation of his poetry by Baudelaire and Mallarme.

"I was nearly tempted the other day," he declares, . . . "to write a rapid parallel or contrast between Hawthorne—the half man of genius who never could carry out an idea or work it through to the full result—and Poe, the complete man of genius (however flawed and clouded at times) who always worked out his ideas thoroughly, and made something solid, rounded, and durable of them—not a mist wreath or a waterfall."

We are glad to learn from the editors of the two volumes that in later years Swinburne had occasion to alter his opinion of Hawthorne. Here is an outburst to Stedman, which must have surprised the New York banker-poet when he read it.

"I must say that while I appreciate (I hope) the respective excellence of Mr. Bryant's 'Thanatopsis' and of Mr. Lowell's 'Commemoration Ode,' I can not say that either of them leaves in my ear the echo of a single note of song. It is excellent good speech, but if given us as song, its first and last duty is to sing. The one is most august meditation, the other a noble expression of deep and grave patriotic feeling on a supreme national occasion; but the thing more necessary, though it may be less noble than these, is the pulse, the fire, the passion of music—the quality of a singer, not of a solitary philosopher or a patriotic orator. Now, when Whitman is not speaking bad prose he sings, and when he sings at all he sings well. Mr. Longfellow has a pretty little pipe of his own, but surely it is very thin and reedy. Again, whatever may be Mr. Emerson's merits, to talk of his Poetry seems to me like talking of the scholarship of a child who has not learned its letters."

This stricture against Longfellow comes to light in another letter, humorously put. Writing to William Morris, Swinburne says:

"Many thanks for your beautiful little book, which I read through last night at a sitting with much interest and enjoyment. There never was such type as yours—one could read Longfellow or Tupper in such type."

In another letter to Stedman is this enlightening comment:

"In Whittier the power and pathos and righteousness (to use a great old word which should not be left to the pulpiteers) of noble emotion would be more enjoyable and admirable if he were not so deplorably ready to put up with the first word, good or bad, that comes to hand, and to run on long after he is out of breath. For Mr. Lowell's verse when out of the Biglow costume, I could never bring myself to care at all. I believe you know my theory that nothing which can possibly be as well said in prose ought ever to be said in verse."

Swinburne's enthusiasm over Whitman's "Drum Taps" is clearly marked in a letter to Lord Houghton, though he was never blind in his admiration to a realisation of Whitman's unevenness. But his sympathy for the democracy of "Leaves of Grass" was always uppermost. Naturally in a man with such a flare of republicanism as Swinburne possessed, it would be. In a letter to Paul Hamliton Hayne, the Southern poet, he remarks:

"To use the old Catholic phrase, applied to the Church on earth and the Church in heaven: the Republic militant has surely some right to the good will at least and fellow feeling of the Republic triumphant. But of all your eminent men I know none but Whitman who has said a good word for us, sent us a message of sympathy nobly conceived and worthily expressed, paid in a memorial tribute to the countless heroes and martyrs of our cause. You see, therefore, that Mr. Stedman's comparative depreciation of my 'Songs Before Sunrise,' at least his preference of my other books to this one, could not but somewhat disappoint me. For my other books are books; that one is myself."

Swinburne's perspective of the history of drama, his perspective of the progress of poetry, were astounding. Young poets would do well to realise that an understanding of the traditions of the best writing in English literature does not hamper the free expression of oneself, if there is the poetic fervor to express. The present reviewer turns from these two volumes with a sense of complete wonderment at the authority of a creative genius like Swinburne. The scholar and the creative genius do not usually go together; yet no university devotee could cross swords with Swinburne without receiving a thrust that either altered his views or made him strengthen what he had. The publication of these letters is a distinct contribution, not only to the further knowledge of Swinburne, but to the development of scholarly literature in his time, with which he always had something to do, and of which he had always something worth while to say. To know Swinburne whole, one must know this delightful correspondence.

THE SOUL SCAR

The Soul Scar. By Arthur B. Reeve. With frontispiece. Harper and Brothers.

Abandoning for a time his numerous and beloved mechanical devices, Craig Kennedy, the "scientific detective" so many of whose exploits have been related by Mr. Reeve, resorts to the methods of psychoanalysis in order to solve the latest problem presented to him. His old friend Dr. Leslie, "medical adviser to the District Attorney," found the case one of the most perplexing he had ever encountered, and therefore at once applied to Craig Kennedy for aid. Briefly stated, the problem was this: Vail Wilford, a young lawyer whose practice consisted principally of divorce cases, had been found dead in his office. It was early morning when his body was discovered, but the lights were still turned on, and at first glance the case seemed obviously one of suicide. A letter to his wife, Honora, declaring his intention "to drop out" was found, and also two glasses, one of which showed traces of having contained the deadly poison atropin, popularly known as belladonna. Simple enough, apparently; but the note had been written on the typewriter, and—the poison which had killed Vail Wilford was not atropin.

So Craig Kennedy took the case, and immediately discovered that Vail Wilford's young and beautiful widow had been suffering from extreme nervousness, sleeplessness, and horrible dreams, and had been under the care of a certain well-known physician, Dr. Lathrop. Analysing these dreams of hers by the Freudian method, Craig Kennedy quickly came upon the clue he sought in "The Soul Scar" which they revealed. And though in the end he did resort to one of his favorite mechanical devices in order to discover who was lying and who was not, it was principally upon the methods of Freud and Jung that he relied. Of course there were a number of people more or less implicated in the case, among them Dr. Lathrop's young wife Vina, a woman almost as beautiful as Honora Wilford herself; Vance Shattuck, the young stockbroker, to whom Honora had once been engaged; her maid Celeste, Zona Dare, who ran a tea shop in Greenwich Village and was supposed to be an authority on psycho-analysis; Belle Balcom, society reporter of The Star, and several detectives of various kinds, while the faithful Jamieson is of course on hand to relate the carefully manufactured story.

MANY CHANGES IN MUNICIPAL STAFF

The following changes in the Municipal Staff are announced in today's Municipal Gazette:

Fire Department.—Motor Mechanic R. F. Block is permitted to terminate his service on February 28.

Mr. A. C. Spong and Mr. L. Head are appointed supervising firemen under agreements from January 1.

Police Force.—Esaburo Okajima is appointed Japanese interpreter on probation from February 10.

The appointment of interpreter H. S. Kim is confirmed under agreement from February 15.

Long leave is granted to the following:

Chief Inspector A. H. Aiers from March 26.

Inspector W. H. Howell from March 25.

Sub-Inspector J. Campbell from March 1.

Sen. Warder J. W. Jackson from February 6.

Sergeant J. F. W. Milne from March 1.

Sergeant J. Hunter from March 22.

Sergeant S. Costelloe from March 27.

Sergeant D. Ginnane from March 27.

Sergeant A. O'Dwyer from March 27.

Sergeant J. Sullivan from March 27.

Health Department.—Long leave is granted to Inspector B. T. Prideaux and A. Watson from March 1.

Long leave is granted to Miss L. M. Dawson from May 10.

Public Works Department.—Inspector T. V. Jenkins is dismissed the service from February 9.

Electricity Department.—Mr. J. Withers is appointed storekeeper on probation from January 2.

Secretary.—Long leave is granted to Mr. J. M. McKee, Assistant Secretary, from May 10.

Revenue Office.—Henceforward the official designations of the undermentioned will be:

Mr. E. L. Allen, commissioner of revenue.

Mr. F. A. Sampson, assistant commissioner of revenue.

MARINE CHANGES OF WEEK

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—Second officer of the Feiching, Mr. E. Stokes, transferred to the Hsinming; second officer of the Kiangyu, Mr. E. J. Hickey, to the Kiangwah; Mr. E. Johnson appointed second officer of the Feiching; from home leave, Mr. John Turner, to second engineer of the Taishun; second engineer of the Taishun, Mr. T. Robertson, granted home leave; third engineer of the Kiangwah, Mr. J. Karp Karkle, to acting second engineer of the Feiching.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—From resreve, Mr. T. Croft, to acting matser of the Wingsang; acting master of the Wingsang, Mr. T. S. King, to supernumerary chief officer of the Tungwo from sick leave, Mr. C Campbell, to master of the Tuckwo; acting master of the Tuckwo; Mr. J. Gray, to supernumerary chief officer of the Waishing; second officer of the Choysang, Mr. J. Powell, to the Suiwo; second officer of the Suiwo, Mr. J. Dixon, placed on reserve; second officer of the Waishing, Mr. R. Frost, to the Wosang; second officer of the Wosang, Mr. A. F. Cooke, on sick leave; from waiting, Mr. H. J. Hudd, to third engineer of the Kwongsang; third engineer of the Kwongsang, Mr. F. C. Clemo, resigned; from home leave, Mr. T. Anderson, to second engineer of the Suiwo; second engineer of the Suiwo, Mr. J. W. McNaught, on sick leave.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

Strike In Chinese City Is Called Off

The general strike in the Chinese City to protest against Peking's arrest of student demonstrators was called off yesterday morning as scheduled. There were no further disturbances. The conference of the mass meeting committee in Frenchtown was not called in view of the conclusion of the agitation.

Rumors, however, were current that Peking is inclined to open direct negotiations with Japan on the Shantung issue. Well-informed circles, on the other hand, deny that there is any such danger as Peking will not venture to risk its support of the people by adopting an apparently suicidal measure.

The local Chinese newspapers intend to get out a special combined edition of all papers during the New Year holidays, because it has been pointed out that during the lapse of time, Japan might "slip something over on the Peking administration."

Foch New Member Of French Academy

President Poincare Pays Tribute To Marshal In Sponsoring His Admission

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, February 6.—Marshal Foch was yesterday received into the French Academy, his sponsor being M. Poincare. The President of the Republic in the course of his address said: "It was your duty to make war. It was not your duty to make peace. You had nevertheless the right to say what form, in your opinion, peace should take in order to prevent a recurrence of war.

"The memorandum you prepared to explain what military guarantees were judged indispensable by you displays both your patriotism and your experience. Let us hope that the world will never have cause to repent having only paid partial heed to your advice."

M. Poincare added that no one was better qualified than Marshal Foch to watch over the disarmament of Germany and to distinguish realities from camouflage.

"We know," he said, "that the main recommendation of Marshal Foch was the annexation or neutralisation of all German territory on the left bank of the Rhine."

Japanese Aviator InjuredIn Fall

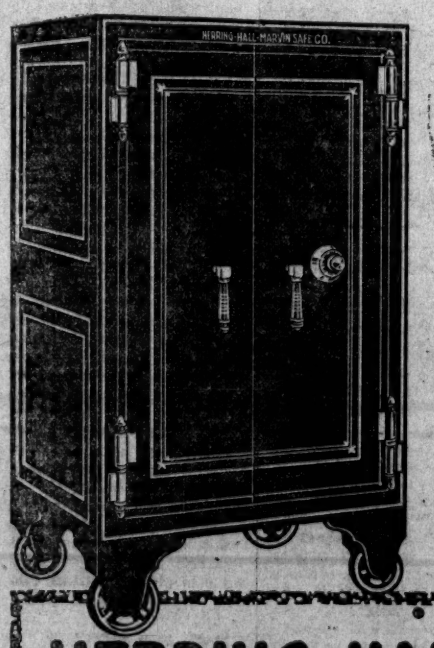
(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, February 11.—Mr. Ocuri, a private aviator, while flying with an assistant at Shizuoka this morning, got caught in an air pocket and crashed from a height of thirty meters. He was severely injured while the condition of his assistant, Mr. Shiramizu, is critical.

"The Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes

London
Shanghai
New York City
A Favorite wherever Cigarettes are Smoked.
Guaranteed Manufactured in England.
The SUPER MAGNUMS "Three Castles" Cigarettes
W.D.& H.O.Wills Bristol & London.
Made in — Regular, Magnum and Super-Magnum Sizes

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.



Unfailing Protection For Your Most Valued Possessions

HERRING-HALL-MARVIN Safes and Bank Vaults
All sizes from the Smallest Home Safe to the Largest Bank Vaults
Key Lock or Combination
MUSTARD & CO.
Sole Agents for China, Hongkong and Macao.
Shanghai, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton, Harbin.

US BOYS — Shrimp Is Somebody's Nobody — By McNamara

GEE BUT I FEEL BLUE SINCE VAN DISAPPEARED FROM HIS SAMATARIUM SO SUDDEN LIKE!
WHAT DO YOU CARE? IT AINT NONNA YOUR BUSINESS!
YA WOULDN'T CATCH ME WORRYIN' OVER ANYTHIN' LIKE THAT'
VAN TOLD ME A BIG SECRET JUST BEFORE HE DIS-APPEARED HE DID-ITS A DREADFUL BIG SECRET. ONLY HIM AND ME KNOWS IT'
HUH?
NOPE, NOPE, I PROMISED VAN I'D NEVER TELL ANY-BODY — NOPE, NOPE!
BUT LISTEN, IM NOBODY - ASK ANYBODY IF I AINT NOBODY. I DONT COUNT.
WELL KEEP AFTER HIM TILL HE GETS IT, WATCH HIM!
TOM McNAMARA 9-29

Advertising Club Of China Meets

At a meeting of the Advertising Club of China, held last night at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., interesting and timely papers were read by Messrs. A. C. Row, S. S. Chu, S. P. Westaway and C. F. Lin.

Mr. Westaway talked on "Ideas for Wall Calendars" and laid particular stress on novelties for North China.

In his paper on "Posters," Mr. Row, after sketching the history of the advent of painted pictures into advertising use, spoke of the peculiarities with which the business man must be familiar to be a successful advertiser in China.

Mr. Row said in part:

"Posters like many other things had their origin in China; although history tells us there were theatrical posters in Japan in the 13th century, we have every reason to believe they were used in China many years prior to that date. There is no way to determine exactly when that may have been. It might be said to have dated to the Chow Dynasty, about the year 517 B. C., when the ancient Chinese Emperors had the audience halls of their palaces covered with mural paintings and portraits of former Emperors labeled with appropriate words of praise or condemnation. These paintings doubtless embodied the basic principle of the present day advertising poster which is primarily a placard pasted upon the wall to attract the attention of passers by.

"The Chinese tendency today is to return to the vision and method of these early masters. As their conception of art was so vastly different from that of the Occidental, our own ideas are of little value in China. Careful study of the situation, however, will prove that China differs very little from any other country in that respect except that the question is more difficult to solve; the difference being the point of view. We are interested only in the Chinese viewpoint but a general discussion is necessary because the scope of the work covers the entire field of poster design.

First of all thorough knowledge of the customs and habits of the Chinese is necessary for the preparation of intelligent advertising copy. This work should be done by a man who has had several years residence in China at least, and who has been in close contact with the people, if possible.

MANY DIALECTS

"In cities such as Shanghai or Tientsin where the people have become more or less accustomed to foreign ways, a modern idea may be put across with considerable success, but a poster which would attract attention in the treaty ports may mean nothing to those who live in the interior.

"There are said to be 360 dialects spoken in China and are in some cases so unlike as to constitute separate languages. Naturally with such a diversity of speech, the customs and habits of the people would very accordingly or we may say 360 different ways of thinking. They are so clannish and move about so little that a village ten miles away way be absolutely foreign to the other.

"The Chinese alphabet contains about 6,000 characters. The well educated can use three or four thousands but the majority are familiar with only 500 or 600. A character commonly used in one village may be unheard of in another.

"It will be seen, therefore, that there can be no set of rules and certainly no method of appeal which would reach the entire population of such a vast and varied field. Advertising in China is largely a matter of experiment. For example, a most successful campaign was recently put on in spite of all sorts of Chinese opposition to the scheme, and contrary to anything previously attempted. The idea was peculiarly adaptable to the Chinese, appealing to their natural curiosity. It contained two distinct methods of appeal, thereby making it possible to attract the people of the treaty ports as well as those of the interior, though I ly lost. The campaign broke all records for success. This instance illustrates the element of chance involved.

"Unquestionably, the greatest mistake next to our failure to take the poster seriously enough, is to take it too seriously. Make the poster as simple as possible, clear enough for a child to understand; don't leave some vague intimation and try to force the Chinese to see your way, it cannot be done.

"The most effective poster is one that shows a picture of the article advertised, as large as your space will permit, and a few well chosen characters.

SHADOWS MEANINGLESS

"Solid masses of shadow or silhouettes of most any color often form the most effective part of foreign poster designs, relying principally upon a flash of brilliant color for its exploitation. The Chinese cannot understand the meaning of the shadows. Bodies appear to them not as they are in reality; that is to say around, with light and atmosphere playing around them but as if circumscribed by a precise line; also they have no knowledge of a correct vanishing point, or the exact laws of the foreshortening of figures. Their conception of distance is placing the object nearer the top of the picture instead of diminishing its size. When showing a number of Chinese girls, they must all be shown about the same size so as not to convey the impression that any one of them might be very young, as the favorite age for girls seems to be 16 or 17 years. The question sifts down to a matter of adjusting one's-self to existing conditions, whether in China or elsewhere.

"A perfect facsimile of the article to be advertised, as seen in the shops or shop-windows, should be shown for the benefit of the many thousands who cannot read. In many instances, persons have been seen to purchase an article and compare it with the picture on a poster near by. Even could we assume that all Chinese do read and write, each community is so much a factor within itself, that most articles are identified by their color or the picture, rather than the name or description. A good trademark is invaluable; for example, New York Cigarettes are commonly known as the blue packet brand, because the face of the packet is blue, and Pirate as sword brand because the packet shows a picture of a pirate with a wicked looking sword in one hand.

"Color and its relation to superstition is a subject of great importance. Its psychology is a greater factor than in either Europe or America, because it runs hand in hand with superstition. Therefore the judicious use of these two is most essential to produce a poster which will not be offensive.

"It is rather difficult to state just what pleasing color may be. The effect of a bad one may sometime be offset by an agreeable combination. Experience teaches that there are few which cannot be used if they are suitably combined and displayed in the proper locality.

"So regardless of all superstition and prejudice, it simmers down to a matter of experience with each individual case.

SUCCESSFUL COLORS

"In my particular line of work colors in their order of preference seem to be: first—gold, gold-leaf or gold bronze, second—red, third—yellow, fourth—blue, fifth—white and sixth—black.

"Ordinarily, it is well to avoid black and the dark shades of blue or green in backgrounds, although the former will be accepted if glossy. Red or yellow are the safest and will seldom go wrong.

"There have been posters displayed on the streets recently of pale blue, pink or light green backgrounds, with red, green or black characters. Although produced by Chinese these are not necessarily a criterion of the Chinese viewpoint. They are the result of foreign influence, an attempt of a few of the more progressive firms to produce a modern advertisement, calculated Chinese and are not likely to be found outside of Shanghai.

"The colors may or may not be agreeable to Chinese but they certainly would not catch the eye unless directly in line with one's vision; stronger coloring could have been used without any danger of offense.

"It has not been so many years since the talented artist or designer of Europe and America considered his work worthy of a more dignified purpose, and refused to lower the standards of the profession by offering his pictures for what was then termed vulgar advertisement, and when driven to do so through necessity, as was often the case, it was not considered worthy of his best efforts.

"It was left to the French to show the world how much of beauty and inspiration could enter into the poster and they first introduced modern posters for advertising in the early eighties; many years passed before the designing world at large learned to appreciate the value of these daring, sparkling sheets of flaming color, but it took the great war with its soul stirring influence, impressive, tragic scenes and heartrendering episodes to bring to mind the realisation of the unlimited power of commercial importance of the poster from a broader and more illustrious standpoint.

"This development has covered a period of nearly 40 years and the experience in these countries may help to bring about a more rapid development here.

"Outdoor advertising is by no means new to China, which is quite evident by a glance down any business street. The possibilities are unlimited and involve an extensive research of ancient arts and history. It is a fascinating study and we can look forward with a great deal of pleasure to its development which promises many interesting situations. Better results are sure to be obtained by showing an appreciation of native customs and tradition, thereby winning the respect and confidence of the Chinese people."

MR. CHU SENG-SHUE SPEAKS

Mr. Chu Seng-shue, speaking on "Advertising In China," said in part: "In order to discuss the advertising in China, we must first understand the Chinese advertisers as well as the readers' psychology. It is said that there is no difference between the Chinese advertisers and foreign advertisers; between Chinese readers and foreign readers. This statement is quite correct in theory, but not in fact. The foreign advertisers admit that advertising is an instrument used to draw the attention of the public, while the foreign readers admit that advertising is some reliable thing to introduce goods.

"In China the conditions are different. The Chinese advertisers use their advertisements for presents. When one large store starts business, advertisements go to the newpapers in order to cultivate a good feeling among the editors. The advertisers pay no attention to the contents of the advertisements. Of course, they do not care for the designs and printing. The sensation of the Chinese readers differ from that of the foreign readers. The Chinese readers think that advertisements are nothing but exaggeration. They do not try to remember the advertisements. Chinese advertisers and readers do not know what advertising is. It is not an easy thing to improve advertising and to develop the advertising business in China."

Yawata Iron Works Strike Collapses

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, Feb. 10.—A very large majority of the employes at the Yawata iron works have returned and work has become normal since this morning. The works are still closely guarded by police and gendarmes. The strike may however now be regarded as bro-

STANLEY WARNS TO BOIL WATER

Filters Not To Be Trusted With Cases Of Typhoid And Paratyphoid Prevalent

Urging that the people of Shanghai depend upon boiled water rather than filters to avoid disease, Dr. Arthur Stanley, health officer, in his January report to the Municipal Council, published today in the Municipal Gazette, states that the local water supply during the month has not been so pure as usual because of the lowness of the river water.

The report reads: "There was a moderate prevalence of the typhoon fevers, influenza and diphtheria, during January. The diphtheria was of the customary mild type. The incidence of influenza resembled that of the two preceding months, namely, was of a smoldering rather than epidemic type.

"The indications are that it will not flare up into epidemic proportions in Shanghai as it is now being reported to be doing in Japan and parts of America. The death rate both among foreigners and Chinese showed no exceptional gravity for January.

"Although the water supply has not been pure as usual, due to the exceptional lowness and resulting concentration of the river water, yet it does not appear to have caused any exceptional incidence of disease. Cases of typhoid and Paratyphoid fever were above the average for the year but this is customary during abnormally dry winter months.

"It is more probable that this is due to excessive watering of vegetables with nightsoil rather than to the concentration of typhoid organisms in the water supply; but the latter cannot be disregarded. The conditions certainly emphasise the importance of carefully following the constant recommendations of the Public Health notice not to consume water which has not been boiled or filtered through a germ-proof filter.

"Only a very few of the domestic filters advertised as germ-proof are, when put to the test, genuinely germproof; and, even where such is the case, the candle of the filter wants weekly cleaning and boiling and the washers examined for soundness. Boiling the water is the safer method. The flat taste of boiled water can generally be removed by aeration when cold by thoroughly shaking the closed water bottle.

"During the 19th century the importance of water in spreading Typhoid fevers, Bacillary Dysentery, Cholera and other diseases was exaggerated. The application of more scientific methods to the study of pathogenic organisms and water purification has shown that while the water supply is a factor of great importance, it is not as important as was once supposed.

"As a matter of fact most pathogenic organisms cannot long survive in water, and this emphasises the importance, apart from filtration, of providing large storage reservoirs in waterworks. Water-borne outbreaks of disease are usually explosive in character and are frequently of short duration. Large storage reservoirs are a very important factor in restraining and preventing such outbreak.

"It may also be pointed out that in China the universal use of nightsoil as a manure tends largely to maintain the pathogenic purity of the rivers but at the same time greatly increases the danger of conveyance of disease by market garden produce. Hence the special need of following the recommendations of the Public Health notice as regards such foods.

New Light Cruiser Launched In Japan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Nagasaki, Feb. 10.—The light cruiser Tawa was successfully launched at the Mitsubishi dockyard today. Prince Fushimi-Higashi represented the Emperor on the occasion. The Tawa is said to embody the fruits of the European war. Her displace-

Ex-German Hospital Bars Teutons From Staff; Asks Grant

The Dong Chee Hospital, which was formerly operated by German physicians as the Paulun Hospital, has forwarded to the municipal authorities a request that a grant-in-aid of Tls. 2,000 for 1919 for the upkeep of the institution be issued, and in the communication, which is published in the current issue of the Municipal Gazette, it is stated that the hospital authorities have complied with all requirements and in particular have not employed any German in any capacity. A statement of accounts accompanies the communication which is signed by Mr. C. L. Chow, honorary secretary.

Commercial Notes

Twenty thousand tons of California rice will be exported to the Orient and the East Indies. The West Neris of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which left San Francisco on January 17, has aboard 4,000 tons for Delhi and Sumata.

The largest motor ship in the world, the Afrika, has been launched at Copenhagen. The Afrika carries 13,000 tons of cargo.

The Standard Oil Company has contracted with the Moore Shipbuilding Company of San Francisco for the building of a Diesel driven tanker with a carrying capacity of 45,000 barrels.

Captain Delpiano Is Host At Dinner At Astor Tonight

Captain Alessandro Delpiano, general inspector of the Rome-Peking-Tokio Flight, will be the host at a banquet to be given tonight at 8 o'clock at the Astor House.

His guests will include Lieut. Comm. T. S. Chu and Major P. C. Pao, Special Commissioners from Peking to welcome the Italian flyers, officers of the Aero Club, newspapermen and others interested in aeronautics.

Clemenceau Leaves On Egyptian Visit; May Visit Shanghai

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, February 3.—M. Clemenceau left Paris for Egypt last night. He dodged publicity by joining the train at the suburban station of Charenton. He was accompanied by his son, two friends and two secretaries. The ex-Premier will embark at Marseilles today on the Messageries Maritimes steamer Lotus for Alexandria. He will probably visit, besides Egypt, Syria, Persia, India and perhaps Japan.

Note: M. Clemenceau's arrival in Egypt was announced by the French Wireless yesterday.

French Tribute To Poincare Proposed In Deputies' Bill

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, February 10.—A certain number of deputies belonging to various groups in the Chamber have decided to place before the Chamber today a bill proposing that M. Raymond Poincare, President of the French Republic, be declared to have deserved well of the Nation during the war.

P. AND O. BOATS REPORTED

The P. and O. steamer Kashmir from London, left Hongkong at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Friday morning. The Kashmir has on board 2,297 bales of yarn and 7,397 bales of cotton for local merchants.

The P. and O. chartered steamer Traz-os Montes, with fifteen hundred Czech soldiers from Vladivostok and sailed from Shanghai on

STEEL DEMANDS EXCEED SUPPLY; PREMIUMS GIVEN

Enormous Tonnage Of Finished Product Awaits Placement By Railroads

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Jan. 10 (by mail).—Demand for steel continues greatly in excess of supply. There is a heavy accumulation of orders and an enormous tonnage of finished steel awaiting placement by the railroads, automobile manufacturers, shipbuilders and fabricators. Within the week orders have been placed with Chicago mills for about 125,000 tons of rails and about 125,000 tons are waiting formal acceptance. Producers are sold up on plates and sheets, and premiums of $13 for finished steel have been paid.

Iron has advanced rather sharply and is now firm at from $1 to $2 per ton over last week. Practically no free iron is available before the second quarter and not much before the second half. Production is not keeping pace with consumption. The outturn during 1919 has been placed at 30,500,000 tons as against 38,500,000 in 1918. The output in December was 2,600,000 tons, compared with 3,400,000 tons in December, 1918.

ACTIVITY IN COPPER

Copper has been quite active since the holidays on domestic and export account. The market is quoted at 19½ cents to 19¾ cents for first quarter, though consumers could probably buy at 19¼ cents in large lots and business is believed to have been done at 19 cents. For the second quarter 19½ cents to 20¼ cents as to quantity but dealers are required to pay ¼ cent above these figures. Copper for export is in demand and firm at 19¾ to 20 cents.

Lead is quiet because there is little offering. The principal producers quote 8 cents but have nothing to offer for January. The outside market is firm at 8¾ cents. Demand exceeds supply.

ZINC AND TIN MARKETS

Zinc is strong. England has been a heavy buyer but domestic consumers have not been active. Dealers ask 9.30 cents, East St. Louis.

Tin has been fairly active and has fluctuated in conformity with London. The present price is 62 cents for prompt and 62½ cents for shipments.

Antimony continues strong at 10½ cents for wholesale lots.

REPAIRS ON CHINA

Repairs on the steamer China of the China Mail Steamship Company, which went ashore at Nagasaki on January 19, will be completed late this month, according to a cablegram received yesterday by Mr. J. P. Williams, Shanghai Agent of the China Mail.

He Must Try Again

Mr. Meeke looked up from his evening paper with a glint in his eyes.

"No one can expect to learn all there is to know in a lifetime," said he, "but it's all wrong for any man to assume that his education is ever finished. Now, this article here on the stars"——

He fumbled with his glasses while his wife, Henrietta, eyed him thoughtfully.

"It just shows how little I know on the subject," he went on. "But I have still time to remedy the fault. I will take up the study of astronomy."

"That won't do, Alfred," commented his better half, in cold, hard tones. "You will have to think up some better excuse than that for staying out late at night."

She Won

The race for the last word was getting hot. Hubby and wife were running neck and neck.

"You did!" he snapped.

"I didn't!" he snapped.

"You did!"

"I did not!"

The pace was slowing.

"Well," flashed hubby, "one of us two is a very capable liar. But there is one thing which prevents me saying which one."

Feb. 18th

is the latest date we can accept copy for our

1920 Shanghai Directory

Firms, Associations, etc., listed free

Send us your name and our representative will call or

Forms on application to

Rosenstocks

Directory and Commercial Gazetteer of China

22 Nanking Road — Phone Central 4778

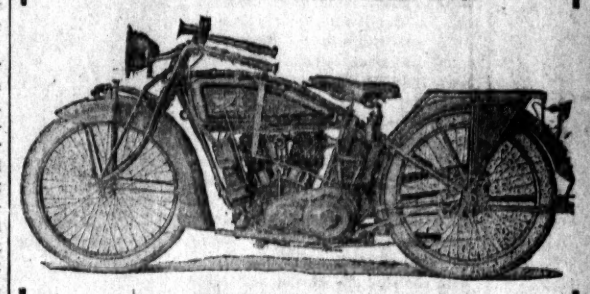
"THE MILITARY EXCELSIOR"

Model 19

The motorcyle that has

ALWAYS MADE GOOD

Now Made Better Than Ever



Motorcycles and side-cars just arrived

Arrange for Demonstration

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY

Exclusive Distributors for China

SHANGHAI

W. Assomull & Co.

We keep in stock a really beautiful selection of Silk piece goods such as:—

SATIN CREPE, BURMESE CREPE, GEORGETTE CREPE, CREPE DE CHINE, JERSEY SILK, SATINS, TAFFTEA, etc.

Also a choice variety of Stripe Silks for Gent's Shirts and pyjamas.

A beautiful line of Ladies' Silk Stockings in various shades.

Indian Carpets and rugs at moderate prices. Inspection cordially invited.

W. Assomull & Co.

THE INDIAN STORE,

No. 4 Broadway — Phone No. N. 2611

"Green Bicycle" Brand

ROLLER FLOUR

(green label)

The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.

Cheaper

than any kind of imported flour

Quality

equal to the best imported flour

Ask for "GREEN LABEL"

Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.

HEAD OFFICE

57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154

We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.

AGENCIES:

Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.

Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

To Search The Melancholy Wreck of the "Lusitania"

Divers Will Hunt Through the Silent State-Rooms, Will Open the Purser's Safe and Examine the Baggage and Mail

IRISH SEA
IRELAND
WALES
BRISTOL CHANNEL
ENGLAND
CORNWALL
ATLANTIC
LUSITANIA
Torpedoed and sunk by German submarine at 2.10pm May 7th 1915, 8 miles south of Old Head of Kinsale 26 miles out from Queenstown, in fine weather and calm sea

The Spot Where the Lusitania Lies, Eight Miles South of Old Head of Kinsale, and 26 Miles from Queenstown Harbor on the Irish Coast.

PROSPECTS for the speedy recovery of at least a large part of the wealth which has lain at the bottom of the Irish Sea since that ill-fated afternoon in May, 1915, when torpedoes from a German submarine sank the giant Cunard liner Lusitania, are most encouraging.

For some weeks past expert divers have been prospecting the position of the sunken steamship, and their report is so favorable that it is planned to undertake at once the recovery of the valuable cargo, the passengers' baggage, the bodies of scores of victims who went down with the ship and all the rich treasure that is locked in the purser's strong rooms. Very soon now the news may be expected that men are actually hunting through the silent staterooms, opening the purser's safes and examining the huge heaps of water-soaked baggage and mail.

For the present at least no attempt will be made to raise the vessel itself. As to whether this is possible experts are not as yet agreed. Some maintain that the Lusitania can never be brought to the surface owing to the great depth of water in which she is resting. If, however, the efforts to salvage the steamer's contents are as successful as is now anticipated, it is probable that an attempt to raise the boat itself will be made before the close of the present year.

Although the Lusitania carried only a comparatively small cargo of freight, it carried so many valuables in the shape of personal property of its passengers that its shattered hulk undoubtedly contains one of the richest heaps of treasure to be found in the ocean's depths.

As everybody remembers, the Lusitania had an unusually large passenger list on the voyage that ended in its destruction. Included in the list were Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and more than forty other men and women whose fortunes were rated in the millions of dollars.

Owing to the exigencies of the war, many of these, as well as many of the other passengers, carried with them large quantities of valuables which they would otherwise have entrusted to the mails or express.

Mme. Antoine Depage, for example, wife of the medical director of the Belgian Red Cross, and one of the victims of the disaster, was making the trip to Europe to carry to her native land $100,000 in gold which she and her husband had helped raise in this country for relief work. This little fortune, with other valuables which filled the purser's strong rooms to overflowing, went to the bottom when the German torpedoes tore gaping holes in the liner's sides.

Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, another victim, is said to have entrusted to the purser's care when the voyage began, money, jewelry and securities worth in the vicinity of $75,000. Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager; Elbert Hubbard, the famous writer, and Charles Frederick Fowles, the millionaire New York art dealer, are some of the numerous others who had entrusted to the ship's strong rooms quantities of property too valuable to be kept in their staterooms or carried about on their persons.

From all this it can be seen that the purser's strong rooms alone furnish a rich prize for the divers who are soon to brave the gruesome interior of the sunken liner. It has been said that their contents are worth $1,000,000, and to those who know the distinguished character of the ship's passenger list this seems like a conservative estimate.

But this is not all. There are the trunks and traveling bags of the passengers—thousands of them—and many of them filled with the most expensive clothing and jewelry. Besides all this, there is the small but rich cargo of express freight which the Lusitania carried—a cargo which was appraised at the time the liner sailed at $750,000.

Included in this cargo were many things which cannot have been harmed in the least by their years of immersion in the dark depths of the Irish Sea. There were precious stones valued at $160,000, a great fortune in gold and copper metal, $50,000 worth of sheet brass, and a variety of other goods that are worth just as much or more to-day than they were when they left New York.

The Lusitania had not been beneath the waves many hours before plans were under way for raising her precious cargo and, if possible, the ship itself. But, of course, no active move could be made while the war was on and the waters off the Irish coast where the liner lies still infested with submarines.

As early as 1916—less than a year after the Lusitania's sinking—one English firm had collected the most complete data as to the position and probable condition of the sunken liner, including the depth of water in which she lies, its temperature, the currents and other conditions prevailing in that vicinity. It is this same firm which since the close of the war has begun active operations. Its divers are now at work in the waters off the Old Head of Kinsale, where the Lusitania went down, and within a few weeks they expect to be bringing portions of the ship's treasure to the surface.

The Lusitania lies 240 feet below the surface at an accurately charted point eight miles off the Irish coast. A few years ago such a depth would have rendered salvage work practically unthinkable, but modern improvement in diving apparatus makes it possible for divers to work at that and even at greater depths for considerable periods of time at a stretch.

This was demonstrated by the raising of the United States submarine F-4, which sank outside Honolulu harbor on March 25, 1915, and was refloated and towed into the harbor five months later. She lay on a slope of the ocean bed, her bow 288 feet below the surface and her stern 306 feet. Yet divers worked in fair comfort and without greater risk than usual at these depths and thereby established a new world's record.

When the work of locating and salving the Lusitania was first begun it was thought that the low temperatures of the water in which she lies would be a serious handicap. This, however, proved not to be the case, as the Gulf Stream which sweeps the Irish coast at this point goes a long way toward relieving the low temperature that would otherwise make the work of the divers difficult.

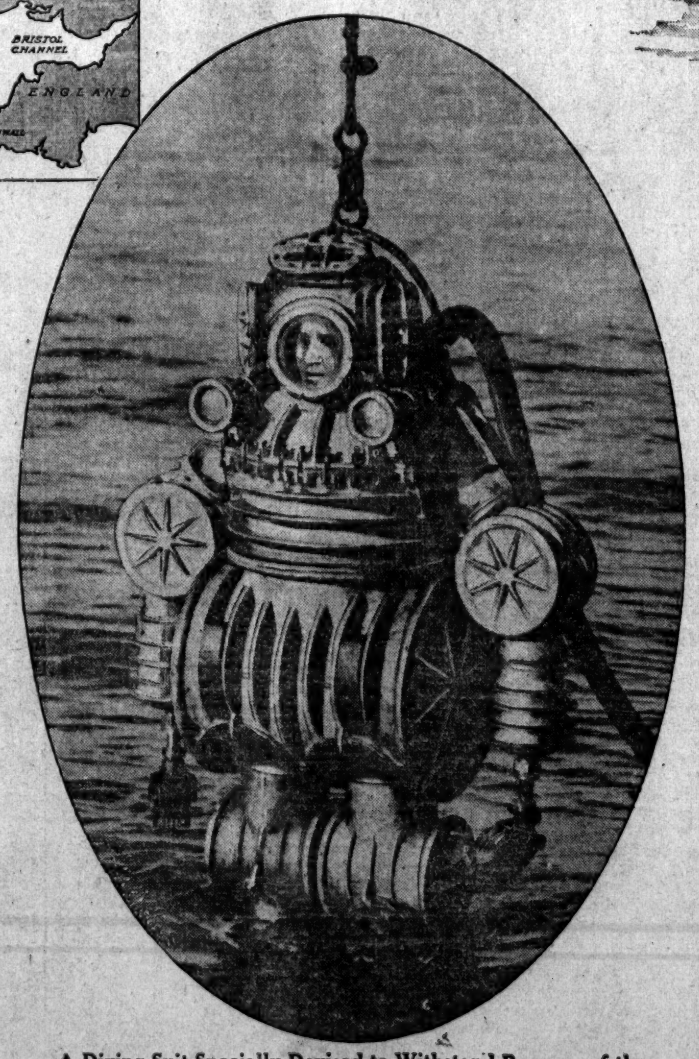
The task is made still easier by the Lusitania's great size. The 240-foot depth at which she lies is the ocean bottom, and proper allowance is to be made for the fact that she is resting in a nearly upright position. As the ship is nearly eighty feet high this reduces considerably the depth at which it is necessary for the divers to work.

This upright position also lessens the difficulty of retrieving the contents of the strong rooms which are near the purser's office on one of the upper decks. It will be still easier to recover the personal belongings of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and other wealthy passengers, as the cabins they occupied are located still higher up on the promenade deck.

The holds in which the passengers' baggage rest are on a level with the lower deck, which is above the vessel's water line and thirty-one feet above her keel. Just below these are the cargo holds containing hundreds of tons of valuable goods that have undoubtedly not suffered in the slightest from their long stay under water.

In their efforts to recover the Lusitania's treasure and perhaps the ship itself, it is very probable that the English firm which has undertaken the task will have to call to its aid the invention of an American—Simon Lake, inventor of the type of submarine that bears his name. Shortly after the sinking of the Lusitania, Mr. Lake devised an apparatus designed especially for the recovery of the valuable cargo of this and other ships sent to the bottom by German submarines. He calls it a "semi-submersible tube."

This unique device consists of a steel tube five feet in diameter and long enough to reach from a ship on the surface to a wreck several hundred feet below. The inside of the tube is fitted with a staircase, up and down which the divers climb, and it also carries telephone lines, electric light wires and air pipes.



A Diving Suit Specially Devised to Withstand Pressure of the Water at Great Depths.

The Plunge of the Lusitania Beneath the Waters of the Atlantic.

From Drawing Copyright by London Illustrated News.

At the lower end the tube enlarges into a good sized working chamber, in which the divers make their preliminary investigation of a wreck and to which they return for safety in case of any emergency. This chamber is equipped with motors, powerful searchlights, apparatus for controlling air pressure, and, most important of all, a new and ingenious lens arrangement which Mr. Lake has christened the "aquascope." The latter is really a submarine spy glass which enables the operator to look for considerable distances through the dark ocean depths and locate the wreck or whatever else it is for which he is searching.

"The operator descends into the chamber by means of a stairway built into the tube," says Mr. Lake in describing his invention, "and, after passing through the airlock, goes into the working chamber. He then loks through the aquascope, while the steamer slowly navigates around.

"As soon as the wreck is located the operator telephones to the captain of the wrecking steamer, and the latter brings his vessel to a stop over the wreck, following the manoeuvering directions telephoned to him by the operator. The tube is then lowered onto the deck of the wrecked vessel.

"The working chamber has a door on its under side. The air inside is equal in pressure to that of the water outside, and, as the doors open downward, it is impossible for the water to get into the tube.

"When the doors are open the operator, equipped with a diver's outfit, can step on to the deck of the wreck and immediately begin work on recovering the cargo or other things of value. The recovered articles are placed in slings or on hooks and then hoisted to the surface by the derricks on the wrecking steamer.

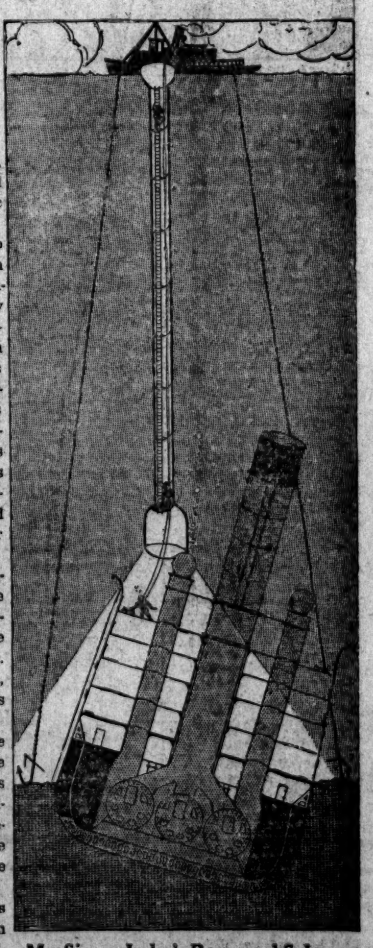
"The operator carries with him a special type of portable electric light which enables him to see his way clearly about the sunken vessel. Crossed lines or cut lines are a constant danger to ordinary divers, but they have no qualms for our operator, because in case of trouble all he has to do is to walk back to the operating chamber.

"According to reports at the time of her sinking, the Lusitania is resting in forty fathoms of water—240 feet. If this depth is correct it would be an easy matter to recover the bodies imprisoned beneath her decks as well as her cargo."

For raising sunken steamships, Mr. Lake says, the same apparatus is used, with the exception that it can be operated only in depths up to 200 feet. The special wrecking steamer devised by Mr. Lake for use with his tube is so arranged that the tube can be used in a heavy sea.

If the divers now at work off the Irish coast succeed in salving any considerable portion of the Lusitania's contents, they will undoubtedly make a determined effort to raise the ship itself. That would indeed be a prize worth winning.

When the Lusitania sailed out of New York harbor on her way to doom she was valued at between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000. With the present high prices of metals the wreck as junk alone is worth a fortune. And there is always the possibility that the damage done by the torpedoes can be easily repaired and the ship fitted to sail the seas again.



Mr. Simon Lake's Proposed Scheme for Working at Great Depths.

From a vessel securely anchored directly above the wreck a five-foot steel tube is lowered. From an airlock at the bottom of the tube the divers go forth to their work and return for rest and supplies.

This diagram roughly shows how Mr. Lake's invention might be applied to the wreck of the Lusitania.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1920

BELGIAN KINGDOM

5% National Loan of Francs 2.500.000.000.

Subscriptions to the above loan will be received by the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger from this date and up to 3rd March, 1920.

The following particulars have been received:

Bonds of 500 francs each.

Bearing interest at 5% p.a.

The bonds are issued at 499 francs and redeemable in 75 years by yearly drawings at 750 francs.

First drawing to take place 1st March, 1921.

Conditions of payment:

Frs. 100 when subscribing and Frs. 399 on 10th May, 1920

say Frs. 499 in all.

Loan free of all taxes.

For further particulars apply to:

Banque Belge pour l'Etranger S.A.
(Belgian Bank)
who will quote special favourable rates.

27756

Shanghai Benevolent Association Lottery

NOTICE is hereby given that five tenth-parts of a lottery ticket bearing the number 25504, which has been declared by the above Association to be the winning number of the 1st prize drawn at the last or 15th drawing of the said Association's monthly lotteries on 2nd February, 1920, was on the 6th day of February lost on or about the neighbourhood of Foochow Road, Shanghai at 8 a.m. in the morning.

Any person finding the same is required to communicate with the undersigned, when a suitable reward will be given. Any person finding the same and attempting to dispose of it will be liable to prosecution. Similar advertisements have been inserted in the native press, and the loss has been reported to the Head Office so that the ticket is valueless except to the true owner.

ZIA MOW YUE.
(謝茂裕)
Room No. 311,
Lao Soo Dai Lodging House,
老蘇臺旅館
Foochow Road, Shanghai.

27901

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Shares of the Corporation, at this Branch, will be closed from the 16th to the 28th February, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be effected.

By order of the Court of Directors.

A. STEPHEN, Manager.

Shanghai, 2nd February, 1920.

27754

LOST

A Bill of Lading, No. 142, for 17 cases of unshelled Walnuts, marked 生 S, imported from Hankow, by S.S. Kianghsin, trip No. 33, eight cases have already been taken delivery and leaving a balance of nine, has been lost.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the said Bill, as its loss and nullification have been declared at the China Merchants S. N. Co., and a duplicate one is being issued.

SUNG DAH Co.
(生大行白)

Shanghai, February 10, 1920.

27857

FRESH MILK
delivery twice daily.
EXTRA ORDERS
are executed at any time
AIKOSHA DAIRY
89 Avenue Dubail
Tel. C. 2175

Shanghai-Nanking Railway

LUNAR NEW YEAR'S DAY

The Train Service on Friday, February 20th, 1920, Lunar New Year's Day, will be suspended with the exception of the under-mentioned trains, viz:—

"Up" Through Express leaving Shanghai North at 7.55 a.m. for Kunshan, Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, and Nanking connecting with the Through Service to Peking.

"Down" Through Express leaving Nanking at 2.20 p.m. with the Through passengers from Peking, Tientsin, etc. for Chinkiang, Tanyang, Changchow, Wusih, Soochow, and Kunshan arriving at Shanghai North at 9.00 p.m.

"Up" and "Down" Night Express Trains leaving Shanghai North and Nanking respectively at 11.00 p.m.

In addition to the ordinary 1st, 2nd, and 3rd class tickets, First and Second Class special Return Tickets at a fare and a half for the double journey will be issued between each of the following stations, viz:—Shanghai North, Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, and Shanghai North, Shanghai South, Jessfield, Siccawei, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow, on the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway: also Third Class Special Return Tickets between the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway stations named above.

The Return portions of these special Tickets will be valid from Saturday, February 14th, until Monday, March 1st inclusive.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

LBM. 27897

Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway

NOTICE

Chinese New Year Day.

The Train Service will be suspended on Friday, February 20th, 1920, Chinese New Year Day, with the exception of the undermentioned trains:—

Shanghai-Hangchow Section.

No. 110 Down Express leaving Shanghai North at 2.50 and Shanghai South 3.00 p.m.

No. 109 Up Express leaving Zahkou at 2.10 p.m.

Kiangshoo Branch Line.

No. 128 Down mixed train leaving Konzenchiao at 1.55 p.m.

No. 129 Up mixed train leaving Zahkou at 6.40 p.m.

Ningpo-Pakwan Section.

No. 147 Up train leaving Ningpo at 2.20 p.m.

No. 148 Down train leaving Tsao Ngo River at 12.20 p.m.

1st, 2nd and 3rd class week-end return tickets between Shanghai North and Shanghai South, Jessfield, Siccawei, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow and vice versa will be available, from Saturday, February 14th, until Monday, the 1st March, 1920, both dates inclusive.

1st, 2nd and 3rd class through return tickets at a fare and a half will be issued from the above mentioned stations (except Shanghai North) to the following stations on the Shanghai Nanking Railway and vice versa.

Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking.

By order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

27898

MUSK

(TONQUIN)

When you are interested in Musk and are prepared to pay for samples, Please write to Box 474 care of The China Press.

Change of Address
DRS. KEW BROTHERS
Have removed their DENTAL SURGERY to
No. 3D Peking Road
(lately occupied by Dr. Bolton)

27735

SANDY MACDONALD

is the smoothest and best little old Scotch Whisky imaginable.

Same quality for fifty years.

Spread the good news—try Sandy Macdonald and then tell your friends.

($100 reward for evidence sufficient to prosecute anyone who offers inferior whisky from a bottle bearing the Sandy Macdonald label.)

Shipped by
Macdonald, Greenless & Williams, Ltd.,
(successors to Alexander & Macdonald, Ltd.)
Leith and London

Sole Agents
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Phone C. 2021.

French Government Loan 1920

5 %

The BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE will receive subscriptions to the above loan up to the 20th of March, 1920.

Bonds of 100 Francs will be redeemed within 60 years at 150 Francs each by half-yearly drawings.

Interest at the rate of 5% will be payable twice a year, on the 1st of May and 1st of November.

The Bonds will be free of any tax.

French Rente 3½% and "Bons" and "Obligations" de la Defense Nationale, as well as coupons due or to fall due in the course of the present half-year on these securities will be accepted in payment.

The best conditions of exchange will be given by

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

29, The Bund.

27854

Municipal Notification

No. 2674

Election of Councillors and Land Commissioner

Notice is hereby given that the following Ratepayers, duly qualified under Article XIX of the Land Regulations, have been proposed and seconded, and have given their written consent to serve, if elected, as Councillors for the Foreign Community of Shanghai for the Municipal year 1920/21—

Messrs. A. E. Algar.
C. M. Bain.
M. Benjamin.
E. T. Byrne.
Lieut.-Col. P. A. Cox, O.B.E.
G. T. M. Edkins.
S. Fessenden.
D. Goh.
A. J. Hughes.
W. P. Lambe.
J. F. Macgregor.
H. A. MacIntyre.
W. B. O. Middleton.
Dr. S. A. Ransom.
Mr. A. Brooke Smith.

The Poll will remain open from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. on Monday and Tuesday, February 16 and 17.

No Voting Tickets are issued. Qualified Ratepayers desiring to vote are required to attend at either of the Voting Stations, and to mark on a list the names of the persons, not exceeding nine, for whom they intend to vote.

Voting Stations will be established at—

The Revenue Office, 7A The Bund, the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Sub-Agency 9 Broadway.

Notice is hereby also given that Dr. R. S. Ivy,

having been duly nominated by landowners, is in accordance with Article VIa of the Land Regulations considered to be elected as Land Commissioner for the Municipal year 1920/21.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

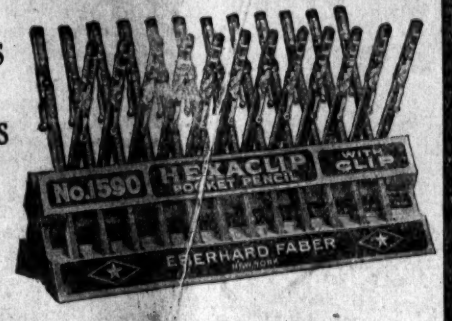
Council Room,
Shanghai, February 6, 1920.

27871

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky
DENTIST
Four Years' Practice in New York.
Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.
No. 3 G Peking Road
Tel. Central 1125

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE.
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI

PENCILS & ERASERS
in all styles and sizes



DAVIDS
and
STAFFORDS
Inks, Pastes, Mucilage, Sealing Wax

Special price in quantity

"COLUMBIA"
Carbon Paper from $2 box
"COLUMBIA"
T. W. Ribbons at $1.25 each

Special price by dozen and Coupon Book

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE Co.
Phone: Central 4778
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai
Cable Address: Mackbarck

The **Prest-O-Lite** **Battery**
is a battery of the highest quality, scientifically designed to insure the utmost in power, capacity and long life, backed by *real* service.

Service Station And Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

Analytical Laboratories

WE beg to announce that, having engaged a fully qualified analytical chemist from England, we are in a position to undertake all kinds of analytical and bacteriological work, including the analysis of egg products, commercial oils and fats, foods, drugs and water, etc., also mineral analysis of refractory materials, cements, metals, alloys, etc.

The Laboratories are completely equipped with all the latest apparatus.

A. S. WATSON & COMPANY
16 NANKING ROAD
Telegraphic Address: "DISPENSARY"
Telephone Cent. 66

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
On and after the 15th FEBRUARY, 1920.
Our new address is at
No. 16 NANKING ROAD
ENTRANCE—Szechuen Road, Corner of Nanking Road,
Where we will continue our BUSINESS as usual.
THE SWEETMEAT CASTLE,
Established 1865,
PASTRY-COOKS, CONFECTIONERS, BREAD and BISCUIT BAKERS and PROVISION IMPORTERS.
36, Nanking Road.

27839

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

The Shanghai Loan and Investment Co., Ltd.

Notice to Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that the First Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Board Room of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., 10 Canton Road, on Thursday, the 12th February, 1920, at 4.00 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 6th to the 12th of February, 1920, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors.
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, 29th January, 1920.

27685

MA CHANG KEE
(Established 1870)

Dealer in all kinds of porcelain, brass and bamboo wares, curios, emeralds, jades, cornelians and gems of all sorts, etc.

All goods sold by us are guaranteed, and articles found to be imitations can be returned within six months of purchase.

Address:
No. 76, Rue Brodie A Clarke, French Concession, Shanghai.
Telephone Central 3157.

27452

SITUATIONS VACANT

HIGH SALARIES paid expert chemists. With growth of manufacturing industry in China there is an increasing demand for trained chemists. We teach Analytical Engineering, Metallurgical Chemistry, etc. Study at your own home. Write for Catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

YOUNG MAN, foreigner, as stenographer and office assistant for outport office of old-established firm. Position offers good opportunity for one who is eager to advance in import and export trade. Experience, approximate salary desired, and references must accompany applications to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS.

27911 F.14

TYPISTS and Stenographers looking for positions are requested either to call personally or send in name and address. We have two or three positions offered. Address Employment Agency, c/o The Office Appliance Co.

27908 F.14

WANTED, draughtsmen experienced in engineering work. Good prospects for suitable men. Reply, stating experience and salary required, to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.

27904 F.14

WANTED, by an old-established firm, a reliable Chinese shroff who has had experience with contractors and can read and write English. Apply to Box 499, THE CHINA PRESS.

27885 F. 13

CHINESE clerk, with good experience in accounts and office work, wanted for a firm in the interior. Excellent prospects. Applications, stating experience and approximate salary required, together with testimonials as to character and ability, to be sent in as soon as possible to Box 495, care of THE CHINA PRESS.

27875 F.14

WANTED, English-speaking Chinese salesman to call on local trade. State experience, references, and salary expected. Apply to Box 489, THE CHINA PRESS.

27866

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES TO LET: 14 Canton Road 3 very spacious Rooms first floor for a term of four years immediate occupation. Apply J. T. Hammond 51, Szcheuen Road.

27736

HOUSES TO LET

TO LEASE, large comfortable house, ample servants' quarters, garage and stable, 136 Jessfield Road, formerly 20 Robinson Road at Jessfield Road. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.

27731

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
BOARD — RESIDENCE.
Apply to Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board in B. Well district, comfortably furnished small room, suitable for bachelor, who desires to study economy combined with comfort. Apply Box 404, THE CHINA PRESS.

BRITISHER desires well-furnished bed-sitting-room with bath-room, with or without board, in vicinity of Hongkew Park. Apply to Box 7, THE CHINA PRESS.

27902 F.14

NICELY furnished flat to let with board; two rooms, bathroom, verandah. In private family. Apply 65 Broadway Terrace, after 5.30 p.m.

27896 F.13

TO LET, for six months from April 1st, furnished, three-room apartment, with kitchen, bath and servants' quarters. French concession. Apply to Box 498, THE CHINA PRESS.

27912 F.12

TO LET, well-furnished flat; large dining-room, bedroom and bath-room. Apply 162-A Bubbling Well Road.

27874 F.11

UNFURNISHED flat, comprising two large rooms, verandah, bath-rooms, kitchen, servants' quarters, Bubbling Well district, on tram. Apply American Post Office, Box 695.

27858

TO LET, furnished room, low rental. Apply 36 Ward Road.

27832 F.17

LARGE and most comfortable rooms to let at No. 19 Nanzing Road, with or without board, moderate prices.

27824

PROFESSIONAL

LEARN ANOTHER LANGUAGE: Increase commercial opportunities, form new acquaintances, add to advantages of travel by learning another language. I.C.S. method with new Edison Phonograph and special textbooks, interesting, easy, convenient and economical. Practical conversational lessons. No tiresome memorizing of uninteresting rules. Begin conversing with first few lessons. Perfect pronunciation and unlimited practice. You will learn quickly to speak fluently, read understandingly and think logically. We teach French, Spanish and Italian. Also English to Chinese. Write for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

MILLINER will give lessons to ladies. Apply to Box 494, THE CHINA PRESS.

27874 F.12

RUSSIAN Lady gives Russian lessons. 12B Quinsan Gardens, Mrs. K.

27859 F. 12

MISCELLANEOUS

ADVERTISER has cabin on Frisco steamer sailing between March 20th and April 10th. Wishes to exchange for Empress of Asia or Russia booking in April or May. Apply to Box 11, THE CHINA PRESS.

27907 F.14

STEAMER ACCOMMODATIONS—May: Will exchange cabin to Vancouver "Empress of Russia," May 8th, for equivalent accommodation to San Francisco between April 25 and May 10. Apply to Box 497, THE CHINA PRESS.

27879 F.13

THE rental of an Underwood typewriter is desired. Reply, stating terms, to the American Consulate, Nanking.

27881 F.13

AN AMERICAN of good standing and experience, who can give best of references, is about to open offices in New York and San Francisco. Would like to act as buyer of merchandise for a couple of reputable Chinese concerns, take care of their indents and look after their business generally in America. Apply to Box 488, THE CHINA PRESS.

27864 F. 12

SITUATIONS WANTED

STENOGRAPHER, American woman, competent, experienced, wishes position. Apply to Box 5, THE CHINA PRESS.

27899 F.17

FOREIGN tea-taster, trained in London, is open for engagement with Russian or American firm. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS.

27905 F.14

STENOGRAPHER: Experienced, capable American wishes half-time position. Tls. 125. Apply to Box 6, THE CHINA PRESS.

27899 F.13

INSURANCE position wanted by energetic Chinese. Ten years' experience in fire insurance, both local and provincial. A.1. reference. Apply to Box 496, THE CHINA PRESS.

27880 F.15

EXPERIENCED salesman requires situation. Shanghai or outports. Best references. Apply to Box 492, THE CHINA PRESS.

27872 F.13

EXTRA bookkeeping and accounting work undertaken after office hours. Strictly confidential. Apply to Box 486, THE CHINA PRESS.

27861 F. 18

COMPETENT Chinese, experienced translator and interpreter, good knowledge of English, accounts, Customs, typewriting and general office work, desires position. Apply to Box No. 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

27851 F.12

EXPERIENCED old bookkeeper and general goods expert, 14 years in China, with first-class testimonials, at present employed, desires change. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 483, THE CHINA PRESS.

27856 F. 12

YOUNG man, with many years experience of Chinese export and import, insurance, shipping, speaking and writing Chinese, seeks position. Good references. Apply to Box 478, THE CHINA PRESS.

27844 F.13

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED furnished apartments with modern conveniences, in a private family Western District. Apply to Box 429, THE CHINA PRESS.

27841

EXCHANGE AND MART

FOR SALE, two-seater Scripps-Booth car, electric-lights and self-starter, car in A.1. condition. Price Tls. 1150 or nearest offer. Apply to Box 12, THE CHINA PRESS.

27909 F.14

FOR SALE, Hudson Super Six, Seven-passenger touring. Mechanically perfect. Good tires. Only driven by European. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS.

27891 F.13

WANTED: 1st class passages on the Empress of Asia sailing on April 10. Premium will be paid. Apply to Box No. 4, THE CHINA PRESS.

27893 F.13

FOR SALE, 3A roll film "Graflex" camera, autographic. The outfit is in first-class condition. Is fitted with the F.4.5 lens and shutter working to 1/1000 of a second. Price $125. Apply to Box 1, THE CHINA PRESS.

27887 F.17

FOR SALE, as an exceptional bargain, five-passenger Overland car, large model, 35 horse-power. Electric lights and starter, new top, new tyres, complete set of tools and accessories. Car in perfect running order. Economical fuel consumption. No reasonable offer refused. Owner going home reason for selling. Apply to Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS.

27888 F.15

FOR SALE, two Kamschatka silver fox skins. Apply Room 39, Hotel de France, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.

27853 F. 12

SHAW REFLEX Camera, London, made with genuine Goertz lens. Quarter-plate size. Reversible back. Price Mex. $40. Apply to Box 476, THE CHINA PRESS.

27842 F.13

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy
Hankow	Peking	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
Iloilo	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Poudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver $21,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Canton	London	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	**Kup. Tls. 8,500,000**
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £481,000

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

Capital & Surplus U.S. $8,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building, 55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street
Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	
Japan	Santiago
Yokohama	
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	Panama
	Colon

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Uruguay
Buenos Aires	Montevideo
Once (Buenos Aires)	Venezuela
Rosario	Caracas
	Maracaibo
Belgium	Siberia
Brussels	Vladivostok
Spain	Italy
Madrid	Genoa
Barcelona	
Brazil	Porto Rico
Bahia	San Juan
Pernambuco	
Porto Alegre	Colombia
Rio de Janeiro	Medellin
Santos	
Sao Paulo	Russia
	Moscow
Chile	Petrograd
Santiago	
Valparaiso	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital ..	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000
Reserve Fund	$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changaha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Tar, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.

Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.
Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.
Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.
Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.
Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH Manager.
20 The Bund.

Asia Banking Corporation

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000
An American Bank
Cable: BANKASIA Tel. S'hai C. 1825

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Other Branch Offices:
Canton, Changsha, Hankow, Hongkong, Manila, Peking and Tientsin

ANNOUNCEMENT

By appointment of the Italian Treasury the Asia Banking Corporation has official charge of the placing of the sixth Consolidated Italian Government 5 percent Loan (1920) in China.

The subscription list will be open until March 10th for the sale of Bonds with coupons to the 31st December, 1920, attached. The Bonds are in denomination of Lire 100, and the issuing price will be Lire 87.50 plus interest from January 1st to the day of payment. The Italian Chamber of Commerce are working in close co-operation with this bank on this proposition.

On account of the present favourable rate of exchange, these Bonds offer an attractive investment.

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000
OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY
The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:
No. 1[illegible] KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

AS a customer of this institution, you are entitled to the best business advice, all the facilities, and convenience of the Bank.

WE shall be pleased to meet you personally, and render you every possible assistance.

YOUR business is solicited with a pledge that it will be handled with accuracy, promptness and courtesy.

Cable Address: "COMSAVBANK"

K. P. Chen,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market complied on February 10, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	15-20
Pomfret	"	20-25
Salmon	"	18-20
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	16-20
Whitebait	"	25-30
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	each	60-90
Hare	"	35-40
Eggs	per doz.	20-24
Fowl	per lb.	20-22
Geese	each	80-1.10
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	50-60
Pigeons	"	25-30
Quail	"	18-20
Snipe	"	16-18
Teal	"	16-18
Turkey	per lb.	55-60
Woodcock	"	50-60
Wild Duck	"	35-40
Wild Geese	"	35-40
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	16-20
Bananas	"	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-12
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	14-16
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	4-6
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-20
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	"	16-20
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	8-10
Parsnips	per bunch	6-8
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per picul	$3.20-$3.80
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lbs.	$4.50
Flour, Australian	"	$3.80
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.60
Rice	200 per lbs.	$8.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER.
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised	Frs.	250,000,000
Capital subscribed	"	150,000,000
Capital paid up....	"	75,000,000
Reserve	"	30,000,000

One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: Andre Berthelot
General Manager: A. J. Pernotte

HEAD OFFICE:
74 Rue Saint Lazare, Paris
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London.
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

		Yen
Capital	Subscribed	100,000,000
"	Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve	Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
Calcutta	Manila	Shimonoseki
Chanchun	Mukden	Singapore
Dairy	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Hankow	Newchwang	Sydney
Harbin	New York	Tientsin
Hongkong	Osaka	Tokio
Honolulu	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
K. and S. B. ..	$400 B.
rtered	£80
so-Asiatic	Rs. 250
rine Insurances	
ton	Tls. 390 B.
th China	$160
on of Canton .	Hk. 180 S.
ngtsze	$180 B.
Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 19 S.
ire Insurances.	
na Fire	$138
ngkong Fire ..	$310 S.
Shipping	
o-China Def. ..	$210
o-China Pref. .	$20
ell"	255/- S.
nghai Tug ord.	Tls. 40
nghai Tug pref	Tls. 87 S.
Mining	
ping	Tls. 16 B.
ental Cons. ...	25/-
ub	$2 S.
Docks	
ngkong Dock ..	$160 S.
nghai Dock ...	Tls. 105
Eng. Works .	Tls. 27½ B.
Wharves	
nghai Wharf ..	Tls. 117½
ngkong Wharf .	Tls. 89 S.
nds and Hotels	
glo-French Land	Tls. 60 B.
na Land	Tls. 50
nghai Land ...	Tls. 58 B.
haiwei Land .	Tls. 8
i Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 16 B.
na Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
na Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
o (ord.) Tls.	Tls. 460 B.
o Pref	Tls. 82
u-kung-mow ..	Tls. 405 B.
ental	Tls. 290
nghai Cotton .	Tls. 305 B.
gyik	Tls. 41 B.
gtszepoo	Tls. 31 B.
gtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 85
Industrials	
ler Tiles	Tls. 25
na Sugar	$200
en Island	$6.80 S.
gkats	Tls. 14
or Bros	Tls. 5
i Sumatra ...	Tls. 125
Stores	
l & Holtz	Tls. 12 S.
wellyn	$30
ie, Crawford ...	Tls. 80 B.
itrie	$32
tson	$5¼ B.
eks	Tls. 11¼
bbers (Local)	
a	Tls. 6 S.
herst	Tls. 0.20 B.
glo-Java	Tls. 7
glo-Dutch	Tls. 2½ B.
r Tawah	Tls. 20 B.
u Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.50 B.
kit Toh Alang .	Tls. 1½ B.
e	Tls. 0.40 B.
mor United ..	Tls. 5½
mpedak	Tls. 1¼
ng	Tls. 1¾ B.
solidated	Tls. 0.52½ B.
inion	Tls. 5½
a Kalumpong .	Tls. 4½ S.
a Consolidated.	Tls. 10 B.
munting	Tls. 2¾ B.
pala	Tls. 0.60
payang	Tls. 10
ran	Tls. 8.10
a Bahroe	Tls. 4½
ewcek Java ...	Tls. 9 B.
ang	Tls. 8½ S.
gkalan Durian .	Tls. 3
mata	Tls. 2½
bah	Tls. 0.55 S.
nagaga	Tls. 0.50 B.
kee	Tls. 1
mbu	Tls. 0.50 B.
awang	Tls. 8
nghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50
nghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
i Malay pref. .	Tls. 8 B.
nghai Pahang .	Tls. 1¼
gala	Tls. 0.50
gei Duri	Tls. 5½ B.
Manggis	Tls. 2 B.
i Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.50
i Seremban ..	Tls. 0.60
ping	Tls. 0.50 B.
ah Merah	Tls. 0.40 B.
ong	Tls. 12
bri	Tls. 2½
ngbe	Tls. 3 B.
Miscellaneous	
& E. Lumber .	Tls. 350
ty Dairy	Tls. 13
i Elec. & Asb	$2
nghai Trams ..	Tls. 64 B.
nghai Gas	Tls. 14 B.
se Bazaar	Tls. 40
nghai Mercury .	Tls 25
i Telephone ..	Tls. 70 B.
i Waterworks .	Tls. 120 S.

Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 293

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London dated the 4th instant.

Average Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 9½d.

Average Spot price standard quality First Crepe 2s. 9¼d.

Ex warehouse (Singapore) 2/9¼, 2/8¼, market quiet.

PARIS EXCHANGE
(French Wireless Service)

Paris, February 10.—Exchange quotations:

London	48.68
New York	14.40
Belgium	104.75
Spain	251
Italy	78.75
Germania	21
Switzerland	236.75
French War Loans:	
3 percent	58.25
4 percent 1917	71.55
4 percent 1918	71.25
5 percent	87.60

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, February 11, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate, @ 9/3=Tls. 2.1621
@ exch. 73.5=Mex. $2.9416
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 153¼=Mex. $65.25
@ exch. 73.5=Mex. $88.78
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate:
Opening ..... Tls. 73.275
Closing ..... Tls. 73.35
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 158
Bar Silver 998 touch ...Tls. 111
Copper Cash ... per tael 181.500
Native Interest ..... Tls. 05

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ....., 88¾d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Market Rate of Discount:
3 m/s. ..... —
4 m/s. ..... —
6 m/s. ..... —
Ex., Paris on London Fr. 48.68
Ex., New York on London T.T. (not received)

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 9/3
London	Demand 9/3¼
India	T.T. 315
Paris	T.T. 2315
Paris	Demand 2318
New York	T.T. 153
New York	Demand 153¼
Hongkong	T.T. 65
Japan	T.T. 31¼
Batavia	T.T. 414
Singapore	T.T. 25½

Bank's Buying Rates
Nominal

London ....4 m/s. Cdts.	9/7¾
London ....4 m/s. Docy.	9/8
London ....6 m/s. Cdts.	9/9
London ....6 m/s. Docy.	9/9¼
Paris ..... 4 m/s.	2465
New York ..4 m/s. Docy.	163¾

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Demand Buying Rates
£10 @ exch. 9/6= Sh. Tls. 21.05
G.$50 @ exch. 157= Sh. Tls. 31.85
Fr. 250 @ exch. 2375= Sh. Tls. 10.53
1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.36 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 9,000 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $1.51

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JANUARY

Hk. Tls. 2.31	@	7/9¼	£1
„ 1	@	1593	Fr. 17.75
„ 0.61	@	147¼	Gold $1
„ 1	@	33⅝	Yen 3.31
„ 1	@	15	Rupees 6.49
„ 1	@	—	Roubles —
„ 1	@	1.50	Mex. $1.50

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, February 11, 1920.

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 27.00 February
Tls. 28.00 March
Tls. 28.40 April
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 32.90 March
Jap.-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 53.80 February
Tls. 56.50 March
Tls. 58.00 April
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 73.10 February
Tls. 77.20 March
Tls. 81.20 April

LOCAL YARN:

Local Yarn For Standard 16's
Tls. 195.00 February
Tls. 201.00 March
Tls. 203.00 April
Tls. 203.00 May
Tls. 203.00 June
Tls. 204.00 July
Local Yarn For Standard 20's
Tls. 218.50 February
Tls. 223.00 March
Tls. 223.00 April
Tls. 224.00 May
Tls. 224.50 June
Tls. 225.00 July
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 210.50 February
Tls. 217.00 March
Tls. 218.70 April
Tls. 219.00 May
Tls. 219.00 June

COTTON:

Shanghai Cotton
Tls. 28.50 March
Tung Chow Cotton.
Tls. 31.50 February
Tls. 32.70 March
Tls. 33.00 April
Tls. 33.50 May
Tls. 33.80 June
Tls. 34.00 July

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

A PEACE RISK.
Who is carrying your death risk?
Is it your family,
or
A Life Assurance Office?
Why not let the China Mutual carry it?
HEAD OFFICE:
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, February 11, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Anglo Javas Tls. 7.00
Ayer Tawah Tls. 20.00
Chemors Tls. 0.55
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 33.00 March
Langkats (Com.) Tls. 10.25
Langkats (Com.) Tls. 10.50
Tls. 11.00
Tls. 10.75 March

UNOFFICIAL

Yangtszepoo Cotton (ord.)
Tls. 32.50
Tls. 33.00 March

FRENCH MARKETS
(French Wireless Service)

Paris, February 10.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, February 10:

Rice cleaned: Saigon	280
Green peas: Japan	170
Potato starch	170

Le Havre, February 9:

Cotton, First quality	735
Cotton, Second quality	728
Cotton, Third quality	727

Lyons, February 8 and 9:

Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	450–450
Italy	480–485
Syria	355–360
Japan	420–420
China	475–475
Canton	385–385

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd floor

THIRD PARTY IS JOHNSON THREAT

Lodge Will Not Compromise If It Means Neutralising His Reservations

Washington, January 26.—A protest has been made by a larger group of republican senators against compromising on the Lodge reservations. Senator Sherman has announced that he will leave the party if the reservations are emasculated, while Senator Johnson says he would consider a third party movement.

Ex-President Taft, conferring with senators, said he does not believe the reservation accepting Article 10 of the League Covenant would kill the League of Nations.

DEMOCRATS ARE SURPRISED

The Democratic Senators replying to Senator Lodge's statement regarding the reservations on Article X and the Monroe Doctrine issued yesterday express surprise, as most of the conferees, they said, had already assented to a compromise on the reservation on Article X requiring, according to Senator Hitchcock, Congressional authorisation in each case before the United States should employ an economic boycott or armed forces to protect the territorial integrity of another Power. Another conference is being arranged for Thursday.

WANT FINAL DECISION

New York, January 26.—Both the Republicans and Democrats are desirous of coming to a final decision with regard to the Peace Treaty within this week and the pressure of the socalled determined group is becoming more insistent than ever. Many are of the opinion that a further delay on the matter would be very dangerous to both parties.

It is thought that although Senator Lodge would agree to alterations of the wording of his reservations he would refuse such amendments that would neutralise the spirit of the reservations regarding Article 10 and other stipulations of the League Covenant. Nearly 50 amendments have been informally submitted to the compromise committee and the latter is trying to reach some point of agreement. It is computed that the number of anti-compromise senators will not exceed 38, whereas it is estimated that the compromise group will be able to count at least 70 supporters in case the committee find a plan of compromise.

CONFRONTED WITH CRISIS

The position of Senator Hitchcock is that there are little prospects of his proposition succeeding unless he makes some concession to Senator Lodge. Mr. Hitchcock, however, holds that he would prefer making no concession at all to consenting to reservations that will destroy the basic principles of the Peace Treaty as laid down by President Wilson. Today the joint conference of the Lodge and Hitchcock people was held. In short, the compromise negotiations relating to the Peace Treaty may be said as confronted with an important crisis.

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Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

NOTICE

The Office of the High Industrial Commissioner has been established since 22nd of January. Any communication to the High Commissioner should be addressed as follows:

High Industrial Commissioner
YEH KUNG CHO,
No. 2, Sing Ping Road, Lui Pu Ko, West City, Peking.
OFFICE OF THE HIGH INDUSTRIAL COMMISSIONER.
27840

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.
Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D. (Japanese)
He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.
21666

Banque de L'Indo-Chine

Increase of Capital from 48 Millions to 72 Millions Francs

The BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE has been authorised by the French Government to issue 48,000 ordinary shares at the following conditions:

1. 20,000 shares reserved to the shareholders as registered on this date on the banks' books, on the basis of 1 new share for 4 old shares.
2. 24,000 shares reserved to the subscribers residing in the French Colonies (Indo-China, Pondichery, Djibouti, Nouvelle Caledonie, Tahiti).
3. Any shares not subscribed for under the above 2 headings will be available to the public.

CONDITION OF PAYMENT

With regards to applications, subscribers under heading No. 1 will be required to pay 925 francs when subscribing and 350 francs after allotment.

Total 1,275 francs (Fcs. 25 to call ultimately).

Subscribers under heading No. 3 will be requested to pay 425 francs when subscribing and 1,150 francs after allotment.

Total 1,575 francs (Fcs. 25 to call ultimately).

Subscriptions received from 2nd to 18th February, 1920, at the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, 29, The Bund, Shanghai.
27643

DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK

IN LIQUIDATION.

In accordance with instructions received from the CENTRAL BUREAU OF LIQUIDATION OF THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE, PEKING, sealed tenders are hereby again invited for the purchase of the Hankow property of the DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK, located on the Bund of SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT, comprising land and buildings suitable for offices and residences, together with furniture.

Tenders may be made in Hankow Taels or Dollars, and must be sent in on or before 15th February, 1920, plainly marked "Sealed Tenders." The Bureau does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

All further particulars may be obtained on application to:

Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, Hankow.
CHIEN CHUNG-HAN,
Liquidator.
27561

COMPAGNIA ITALIANA D'ESTREMO ORIENTE

In compliance with Italian Law, it is hereby made known that on the 28th January, at the Italian Consulate in Tientsin (China), in the presence of His Italian Majesty's Consul, has been registered in accordance with Italian Law the limited liability company named "Compagnia Italiana d'Estremo Oriente" with a fully paid up capital of Italian Lire, Gold 1,000,000 and Tientsin Taels 100,000.

The object of the Company is to carry on a General Import and Export trade.

The Head Office of the Company is at Tientsin, there is an Office at Shanghai and a Branch at Peking.

Chairman of the Board of Directors is Mr. Lionello Scelsi of Rome, while Mr. Egidio Marzoli and Ernesto Denegri are Managing Directors.
27819

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
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Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

NEW 5% FRENCH GOVERMENT LOAN

Subscriptions to the above loan will be officially opened at Paris on 19th of February and closed on March 20th, 1920.

The BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE at Shanghai is now prepared to receive subscriptions.

The following particulars, relating to the new loan, have been telegraphed from Paris:

The interest derived from the above loan is free of income tax:

REDEMPTION: The loan is redeemable within 60 years by half-yearly drawings. Every 100 Francs Bond drawn will be redeemed at 150 Francs.

CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:
(a) either in full on application at 100, or
(b) by instalments making altogether 101, as follows:

Francs 25.00 when subscribing,
„ 25.00 on 1st April, 1920.
„ 25.00 on 16th July, 1920.
„ 26.00 on 1st August, 1920.

Making 101 Francs.

INTEREST: at the rate of 5%, payable half-yearly, on 1st May and 1st November.

French Treasury Bonds and Bons de la Defense Nationale may be used for paying for the new loan bonds.

Special favorable exchange will be quoted.

For further particulars apply to
BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.
27427

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27740

The Kailan Mining Administration
HOUSEHOLD COAL
On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order).
Application to 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. Central 1115.
27727

KINGMAN & BROS.
How to Preserve the Teeth

In order to keep the teeth in a good condition scientific precaution must be taken. Through negligence, decay and numerous other affections such as tooth-ache, dental periostitis esteo-perfostitis, necrosis of the jaw, etc., may arise. During the process of ingestion, there are settled on the teeth, some deposits of mineral and organic matters, called tartar, which possesses a morbid power of pressing the gum. As an inevitable result of the presence of this tartar, the teeth will become elongated and movable and will, by degrees, absorb away the enamel, leading ultimately to the decay and degeneration of the teeth. The tartar is so hard and resistant to the process of brushing that it cannot be scraped off except with dental instruments specially devised for that purpose.

Dr. KINGMAN offers to the public his service for preserving their teeth at an annual subscription Fee of $10.00 per head to be paid in advance.

The work to be done by Dr. KINGMAN to the subscribers consists in:—
(1) Cleaning of the teeth quarterly
(2) Filing with gold platinum alloy only, when the teeth present holes.
(3) Inspecting the teeth at any time at the desire of the subscribers.

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, FEB. 12, 1920

WEATHER

Moderate winds from N to NE along the North coast. Strong North-easterly winds along the South coast. Weather overcast with threats of rain and snow.

That £5,000,000 Loan

WE have received the following letter from the Shanghai Students' Union, and are informed in a covering note that copies of it have been forwarded to the Ministers of Great Britain, France and the United States at Peking:

Dear Sir.—In March, 1918, the Powers agreed to lend no money to China until there is internal peace in the country. We have now been informed that Great Britain, United States, France and Japan intend to lend 5,000,000 pounds to the Peking Government in contradiction to the principle enunciated in March. The Powers are making this loan because they fear mutiny of the Northern troops. Against whom will the troops mutiny? If they will mutiny against the Tuchuns and Generals who have robbed our country, let these militarists take their stolen property and pay the troops. The country has grown poor in the last year. When all the nations of the world were fighting, we had peace and our crops were not depleted. Yet we have become a beggar nation; and while we have been begging, men have enriched themselves, so that in Peking officials speak of millions as we do of cash. If China is poor, let these militarists disgorge, for what they have is ours, is the blood of the nation.

We have boycotted Japan not only because of Shantung but because Japan has destroyed our integrity, has bribed our officials, has made loans to the militarists of the North, so that the country has been in constant turmoil, and we do not know what is left to China. When the student movement commenced last May, we were laughed at, and almost a year has passed, and our movement is growing stronger every day. We earnestly seek the friendship of the United States, Great Britain, and France. The United States particularly has shown much friendship to us, especially in the Shantung matter, and therefore we warn these nations do not follow in the footsteps of Japan. We want your friendship. But we love our country more, and we demand that this loan shall not be made. Yours truly,

(Signed) PENN HSIN,
Acting President.

The officials of the Students' Union surely have not read the very full details concerning the conditions under which this loan is being made, which have been furnished by our Peking correspondent. The loan is being made, firstly, to tide the Chinese Government over the New Year. There are outstanding obligations which must be met and which cannot be met unless this loan is contracted.

This situation has made it possible for the Powers named to impose conditions which otherwise the Tuchunate never would accept. expended under foreign supervision; resumption of the peace negotiations between the North and South and disbandment of troops by both sides are among the conditions named in the contract.

More important than anything else, however, is the principle that will be fairly well established by this loan, which is that China hereafter is to make her loans through a concert of the Powers, rather than through Japan alone. The Students' Union fearing Japan, and wishing to bind the hands of that power, so that it will no longer be able to make secret loans to the Peking militarists, could not itself have devised a better method than this one is.

The best proof of what the real situation is lies in the fact that, hard pressed as it is for money, the Peking Government has not yet signed the loan. It has not signed and will not sign if it finds that it can get the money it needs in any other way. The Students' Union will have cause for thankfulness if Peking, because of its inability to obtain money through other and secret channels, is eventually forced to take this money on the terms named.

The Complete Faddist

By James H. Cousins

I

I believe in the complete faddist. The only justification for a man having a fad is that he shall forthwith possess himself with another, lest in very sooth he do not possess the first fad, but it possess him, and in the assembly of the wise (and also of the unwise) when he openeth his mouth there will smite upon his ears the cry: "Hold your tongue. We've heard it all before!"

One is the figure of stagnation, two is the way of escape.

II

I believe in the food fad. Dietetics has blossomed into diet-ethics. The way to a man's stomach is now through his heart, though all the physiologists of the world fail to represent the process by diagram.

I believe in the three F.'s—in fish, flesh, fowl, likewise good red herring—to the extent that I give them leave to fulfil their destinies in their several kingdoms; to leap, to fly, or, as the paraphrasist of psalmody, who was either a keen humorist or had no humor at all, puts it:

"Ye codfish peep from out your banks.
"And wag your tails about."

But I refuse to believe in them to the extent of swallowing my belief.

I believe in the all-sufficiency of the kingdom called vegetable to provide for the needs of my instrument the body. I believe that a vegetarian diet is the natural food of human beings, and that a flesh diet is the unnatural food of inhuman beings. The game of childhood—played in faith—is "shut your eyes and open your mouth." Let the flesh-eater open his eyes and he will shut his mouth to much that has hitherto entered it.

I believe that the secret of a healthy life lies in the renunciation of blood-sacrifice, even though the change may bring temporary discomfort till nature and experience perfect the adjustment. In vegetarianism one man's food may be another man's poison: in carnivorism one man's food is every man's poison.

III

I believe in Horace Fletcher, Dr. Dewey and Joseph Wallace. Some of all, and all of some, and the substance of these is this:

Mastication is the thief of time; but he is an honest rogue, for he returns his plunder with interest. . . . The wise man is he who, in the matter of food, first chooses it, then chews it. . . . Bolt your food, and you bolt a door—against health.

A soft answer turneth away wrath, but soft food turneth little Mary. . . . Hard food and hard work lead to easy old age.

IV

I believe in the fresh-air fad. "To air is human," as the poet said, with more truth than good spelling. O folly! to bar the door in dread of a German invasion, and to take no thought of the peril of a Germ invasion. Open your windows to the thirty-two winds of heaven. Clear your minds of the superstition that a cold comes from cold. It does not: it comes from heat—from the fetid atmosphere of your prison-house that has lowered your vitality and weakened your resistance. People who live in houses should throw stones—outward through closed windows; better a broken pane in a window than an unbroken pain in the chest.

V

I believe in deep breathing. Fewer full meals and more full breaths would put an end to a thousand ills, and set the mind and soul free from the chain of the body. A shut mouth may make a wise head, but an open nose makes a clear one. It is well to think twice before speaking once, but it is better to breathe twice before thinking once; for then thought and speech may partake of the poise and clarity of the ether, and in our deliberations on the great questions affecting the future of the race, there will be less talk of numbers and more of quality, less of multi-

Waste In Parliament

By LOVAT FRASER
(Daily Mail)

When the history of our times comes to be written, the name of the present Government will be inseparably associated with colossal waste.

They waste by instinct. They developed in the war the habit of throwing about hundreds of millions, and are unable to shake it off. For that reason they may not survive the next Budget unless they mend their ways.

They not only waste the nation's money, but also they waste their own time and the time of Parliament. Never has there been such a wasted session as the one now closing.

The only Minister who emerges with a greatly enhanced reputation is Mr. Montagu, who carried an immense piece of constructive work for India with no help from any of his colleagues except Lord Curzon and Lord Sinha. He has been successful because he understands his job, believes in his handiwork, and concentrated exclusively upon it with all his heart and soul.

If the Government has failed, so has the House of Commons. Confidence in the House has never been at a lower ebb. It cannot be too often repeated that our system of Parliamentary government requires a strong Opposition in the Lower House even more than a second Chamber. Lord Broughton showed a deep understanding of our constitutional methods when he invented the phrase, "His Majesty's Opposition."

The bulk of the private Coalition members are regarded with misgiving because it is felt, and rightly felt, that they put the safety of their seats before the welfare of their country. The Ministry can bring most of them to heel at any time either by nobbling or threatening. The discreditable closing phases of the passage of the Transport Act are an apt illustration.

The Independent Liberals are a failure because they have tried to hold aloft the banner of Mr. Asquith. The abstention of the Sinn Fein members may be a convenience, but their refusal to attend impairs the prestige of Parliament.

The Government have been on the wrong track ever since the armistice. The two things the nation wanted were an instant retrenchment of expenditure and a release as early as possible from the shackles which deprive us of our liberty. We got instead a fresh orgy of spending, a great expansion of the bureaucracy, and more fetters.

The Government and the nation alike have been brought to grief by the Celtic imagination of Mr. Lloyd George. It is almost ludicrous to recall that at one time the Prime Minister was Chancellor of the Exchequer. All his friends agree that one thing Mr. Lloyd George does not understand is money. To do him justice, it should be said that he does not take the smallest personal interest in money, in which characteristic he resembles M. Clemenceau. Yet it is a very serious thing when his complete unconsciousness of financial considerations leads to the prodigal disbursement of our national finances.

Mr. Lloyd George seems to have sincerely thought that the moment the guns ceased firing he could make the wilderness created by the war blossom as the rose. He fancied that with the touch of a magician's wand he could cause hundreds of thousands of houses to spring out of the ground. Our railways, our roads, our docks, our coastwise shipping, were to develop overnight a marvellous system of transportation, distinguished by that convincing and ordered unity which always marks the wonderful schemes framed in Bedlam.

By some miracle we were to make our dwindling supplies of black coal in deep seams do the work of "white coal." There was to be an immense development of electrical power at gigantic super-stations, and our buoyant Prime Minister never stopped to think that we had no Niagaras and no rushing rivers. One Geddes told him that if he had heaps of money and unlimited authority he would evolve a system of transportation which would stagger the world (it is certainly staggering us already). The other Geddes devised fearsome theories by which we were to sell unlimited quantities of goods to the foreigner while buying little in return. The Celt is nothing if not credulous, and Mr. Lloyd George innocently swallowed these and other wild projects.

He never troubled about finance. We has never done so in his life. The result is the financial chaos into which we are sinking. There was only one course open to the Government when hostilities ceased, and that was to abstain from all heroic legislation, to bring down expenditure to a peace level, to release private enterprise, and to encourage the free movement of capital instead of threatening it with spoliation. Mr. Lloyd George did the exact opposite, because he was dreaming dreams. He has lost contact with public opinion. He did not realise that the country wanted breathing-time rather than legislation. The new men who surround him, constantly lead him astray. Probably he has not the smallest notion that the legalised lawlessness of Sir Howard Frank's passage-

Topics In Brief

It looks from this side of the Atlantic as though most of the nations of Europe were in favor of the League of Nations in principle, but opposed to it in practice.—*Boston Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

Another reason for the high cost of living is that we no longer make little Willie's pants out of Dad's old ones.—*Greenville (S. C.) Piedmont.*

A strike for higher wages inconveniences the public. But not as much as low wages inconvenience the workers.—*Greenville (S. C.) Piedmont.*

The publisher of the Universal of Mexico City informs us that nearly all advertising sent into Mexico from this country is for patent medicines. Now we understand what is the matter with Mexico.—*Toledo News-Bee.*

After all, a statesman has a hard lot. It is easy enough to pick the right side, but so very difficult to pick the side that will hold the most votes.—*Toledo News-Bee.*

The Assembly is to be the "talking body." Oh, very well. In that case, one American will be equal to six Englishmen.—*Greenville (S. C.)*

Condemn Greek Activities In Anatolia

Findings Of International Commission On How Entente Representatives Were Ignored

By Charles H. Grasty
(New York Times)

Rome, Jan. 1.—On Nov. 26 I cabled to The Times accounts of Greek activities in Anatolia. At that time I was unable to mention the source of my information. I may now do so. The information was obtained from the findings of an international military commission composed of Admiral Mark Bristol, United States Navy, and Generals representing England, France and Italy. Their report was unanimous after forty sessions. I am able to give herewith some verbatim excerpts from this report, as follows:

"1. Since the armistice the safety of the Christians in the Vilayet of Aidin has not been interfered with. . . . Since the entering upon his duties of the present Governor, Isset Bey, all the inhabitants, without race distinction, were treated with impartiality. . . . Fears of massacres of Christians were not justified. Investigations have proved that the proclamations calling the Moslems to a massacre of the Greeks, which fell into the hands of the Greek authorities a few weeks before the landing, and which were sent to Athens, were not written by the Turkish gendarmerie officers whose signatures were attached to the proclamation, documents are certainly not authentic.

"The conditions of security in the Vilayet of Aidin, and at Smyrna in particular, did not justify the occupation of the Smyrna forts in accordance with Article VII. of the armistice conditions.

"The internal conditions in the Vilayet did not call for the landing of allied troops at Smyrna. On the contrary, since the Greek landing the situation has been disturbed because of the state of war existing between the Greek troops and the Turkish irregulars.

". . . No resistance to the landing was organised by the Turkish authorities; the shots fired by the Turks were only isolated cases. . . . On the road which they [the Greeks] traversed between the Konak Square and the transport Patris, where they were imprisoned, the first convoy of prisoners, including officers and soldiers as well as the Vali and other officials, were made the objects of acts of brutality by the crowd which accompanied them, and even by some of the Greek soldiers who were escorting them. All of the prisoners were robbed. All of them were forced to shout, "Zito Venizelos!" and to march with hands raised. With one or two exceptions, the Greek officers showed no effort to restrain their men. During May 15 and 16 Greek troops arbitrarily arrested 2,500 persons, including children under 16 years of age. . . . There were numerous acts of violence and pillage. Numerous women were violated. Some assassinations were committed. While most of these acts were committed by civilian Greeks, the soldiers took part in them, and the military authorities were slow in taking action to put a stop to them. . . .

"The Colonel in command of the Greek occupation forces on May 21 received a telegram from Venizelos at Paris ordering the extension of Greek occupation.

"The High Commissioner of the Greek Government, who arrived at Smyrna on May 21, contrary to the telegram received that day, on May 23 gave orders for:

"(a) The occupation of Aidin.

"(b) Intervention in the regions of Smyrna and Cassaba.

"The above was done without previously asking permission from the Entente representatives at Smyrna.

"A large number of Turks, men, women and children, who tried to escape from the quarter that was burning (at Aidin) were killed without cause by the Greek soldiers. . . . The Greeks evacuated the city on the night of June 20 after having committed numerous crimes and acts of brutality. . . . The reoccupation of Aidin was ordered by the Greek Commander in Chief in spite of the strict orders to the contrary of the Entente representative. The Greek authorities acted in conformity with the formal orders sent from Paris by Venizelos on July 2. This order did not permit any intervention by the Entente representative in this connection. . . .

"Losses resulting from conflict between Greeks and Turks in the Meander Valley are estimated at $33,000,000 by fires at Aidin and $6,000,000 by damage to crops."

Among the recommendations of the Committee of Inquiry are:

"(a) To replace as soon as possible all or part of the Greek troops by allied troops, much less in number. (Note by C. H. G.: The Greek forces number 72,000, five divisions.)

"(b) If, in order to safeguard Greek self-respect, it is decided that a part of the Greek troops may co-operate in the occupation, these should be prevented from coming into direct contact with the Turkish national forces.

"It is the duty of the commission to observe that the Turkish national sentiment, which has already manifested its resistance thereto, will never accept this annexation. Nor will it ever peacefully submit before a military expedition which Greece alone could not carry out with any chance of success."

The report of the commission is unanimous, and is signed by:

Admiral Mark I. Bristol, delegate for the United States.
General Bunoust, delegate for France.
General Hare, for Great Britain.
General Dall' Ollo, for Italy.

Badly Spoilt Child

The shadow of the arch-enemy next door appeared in the doorway of the humble kitchen.

"Mrs. Jones!" she exclaimed, with folded arms, "let me tell you that that child of yours is badly spoilt."

"Oh! Get away with you!" snapped Mrs. Jones, testily, scenting another complaint as to her young hopeful's conduct.

"Well," rejoined the aggrieved neighbor, "if you don't believe me, just come out and see for yourself what the steamroller's done to him."

London *Tit Bits.*

On The Life Road

(From the Atlanta Constitution)

Day come dark,
Or day come bright,
The work is to do
An' the battle is to fight;
Road run wrong,
Or road run right,
You must go the whole of the journey!
Trouble howlin'
Like a wolf at night
When the sky looks lonesome
An' the stars lack light;
Still stand steady,
With the end in sight—
You must go the whole of the journey!

A Good Extractor

Willie had swallowed a penny, and his mother was in a state of alarm.

"Helen," she called to her sister in the next room, "send for a doctor; Willie has swallowed a penny!"

The terrified and frightened boy looked up imploringly.

"No, mamma," he interposed, "send for the minister."

"The minister?" asked his mother, incredulously. "Why the minister?"

"Because papa says he can get money out of anybody."

—London *Tit-Bits.*

What Has Britain Done?

An American Tribute

What has Britain done?
Kept the faith and fought the fight
For the everlating right
Chivalrously couched her lance
In defense of Belgium, France—
This has Britain done

What has Britain done?
Given every seventh son,
Met the challenge of the Hun,
Placed her men on every field,
Proud to die; too proud to yield—
This has Britain done

What has Britain done?
Answered every far-flung breeze
Blown across the seven seas.
"Watch and ward secure we keep,
Vigilance that never sleeps"—
This has Britain done

What has Britain done?
On every front her flag unfurled
Fought a world war round the world
Then, when all is said and done,
Ask the Allies, ask the Hun
"What has Britain done?"

What has Britain done?
For her slain Britannia weeps;
She might boast who silence keeps;
But when all is done and said,
Call the roll and count the dead
And know what she has done.

—New York Herald.

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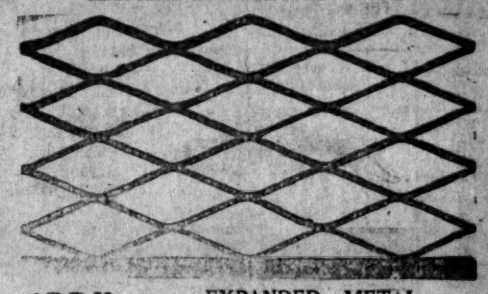
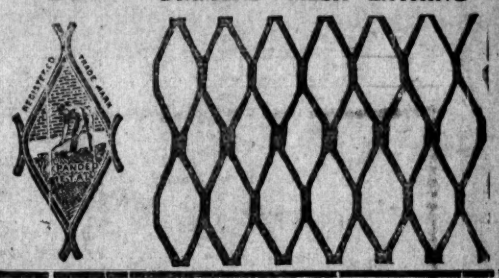


"BB" EXPANDED METAL DIAMOND MESH LATHING



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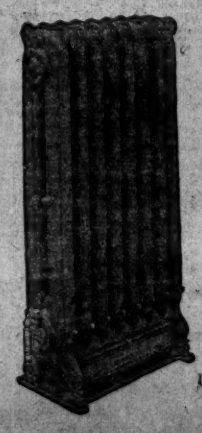

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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STOP-WHY DID YOU CHASE MR. SMITH OUT OF THE HOUSE?
I WUZN'T CHASIN HIM - I WUZ TRYIN' TO HIT HIM!
DID YOU SEE THIS HELMET HE BROUGHT TO YOU - HE CAPTURED IT HIM SELF OVER THERE!
HE PUT IT IN MY ROOM-
HE WANTED TO SURPRISE YOU-
HE DID - I SAT ON IT!!
GEO MCMANUS 6-18

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A Widow's Life

Human Documents of Japanese Family Life

By Masujiro Honda, L.H.D.

(*Japan Advertiser*)

The death of Madame Teruko Harada on January 14 has deprived the feminine society of Tokio of a notable character, the heroine of a complex life tragedy, social, family, even racial. The late Mrs. Arthur Lloyd, well known in her day in the foreign community here, used to call Madame Harada a beautiful Jewess, though her mother was a Japanese woman. She has left a son, Baron Kumao Harada, and a daughter, wife of a young but prominent painter and novelist. She was a widow for about 30 years. The life of a widow in a Japanese family is hard, even under ordinary circumstances. For a woman who married in her teens and became a widow before she attained her majority, who inherited Hebrew blood and was brought up in Christian and Buddhist ideals, her widowed life in a feudal samurai's house must have been torture itself. She wrote a minute diary of her early woes and used to tell me as a confidential friend, that she wished a certain Japanese author to write her story after her death on the basis of that diary and of what he might hear from her.

EARLY DAYS

Madame Harada's father was a European business-man and honorary consul in Yokohama some 50 years ago. When he left this country his temporary wife was given a sum of money and separated from her little daughter, who was adopted into the family of a Japanese clerk in the firm. The latter, in his turn, became later the head of a prosperous trading company with branches in Europe and America. In the initial stage of this company, the money left with the merchant for his adopted daughter may have been of great use. Of course there was nothing wrong in that, so long as he and his wife took good care of the young ward. The child's first education was at Miss Atomi's school, then in charge of Mrs. Matsuno, a German who had married a Japanese scholar. The first Baron Harada's son and heir who studied in Germany and distinguished himself for his geological investigations of Japan, married Miss Teruko more for her personal attractions and German education than for anything else. His younger brother, who also studied in Europe became a pioneer in Japanese oil-painting. Both the professor and artist unfortunately died young.

A MAN OF THE RESTORATION

Old Baron Harada, their father, was a Dutch student and army officer in the last years of our feudal regime. He accompanied a daimyo mission to the court of Napoleon III, and under the Imperial Government, became a founder of His Majesty's Army. The present Viscount Soga, for instance, was one of Harada's assistants in the Army and they worked together to translate French military terms into Japanese. Baron Harada died several years ago, a life member of the House of Peers. If he had belonged to a powerful clan, he might have been raised to a higher rank of nobility.

Madame Harada never bore the title of baroness, for her husband died long before his father was created a peer. With her two children she lived in the same house with the old Baron and Baroness, always taking care of her parents-in-law. The Baroness being a second wife and childless, Madame Harada's tragedy began with the death of her husband, because the mother-in-law wanted her to re-marry and leave her children with the grand-parents, while the father-in-law was more inclined to respect her wishes in the matter. When I paid a visit to Professor Harada's tomb, 20 years ago, in Yanaka Cemetery near Uyeno, I noticed her name inscribed and red-lettered on the stone side by side with that of her lamented husband, to indicate her determination to die in the Harada family. The old lady as a childless woman naturally thought a long widowed life most unhappy, and the old gentleman who had lost both his sons would have preferred to see his grandchildren and their mother together. They both had no race prejudice, I am sure, because their family name would not go anyhow to a full-blooded Japanese successor. But that some of the relations and friends of the Harada's must have been opposed to this intermarriage from the very beginning we can easily imagine.

The married life of the older couple was not altogether what it should be, if we can judge from appearances. They seldom lived in the same house or place, so that the poor young widow had to look after their personal comfort and peace of mind separately, besides devoting herself to the proper rearing of her children according to the recognised Japanese standard mixed with modern ideals. Even if the parents-in-law hid the boy and girl, the interested but conservative onlookers must have felt that the children were being subjected to a dangerous experiment by their half-blood Japanese mother.

MARRIAGE COMPLEXITIES

Miss Harada was the first to cause worry. Neither the daughter, nor the mother, nor anybody else was to blame for this, only the complication of circumstances peculiar to this country. Madame Harada thought she found an ideal husband for her talented and pretty daughter, Professor Koeber's private pupil in music, but she wished that he should live alone with his bride, not with his own parents after marriage as is the usual Japanese practice, in order, partly, to free her daughter from the proverbial terror of a Japanese mother-in-law, and partly to console her loneliness with free and frequent visits to the married daughter's home. With this first reason even the mother-in-law that was to be, if she was a sensible woman as I know she is, must have sympathised—many a young man and woman of modern education now live away from the parental home when they marry. But the second idea could not possibly be entertained even by the most reasonable of all loving mothers the idea of placing her own son and heir practically in the hands of his mother-in-law. It was concession enough for her to permit her son marry a quarter-Japanese girl. So the engagement was broken off much to the heart-rending of both young parties.

The second engagement came in due time. Before the marriage was solemnised a verbal contract was made to the effect that both parental houses should each provide a sum of money for the establishment of a new and separate home by the young couple. Although Miss Harada married the second son of a wealthy family, this agreement failed to materialise. Not only that, Madame Harada told me with tears of resentment, her son-in-law caused her daughter physical sufferings and herself (Madame Harada) much hospital expense more than once. In spite of her daughter's expressed wish to stay with her husband, and only child, the mother took her back, but the husband, through the power of his pathetic appeals in the public press, succeeded in taking her from her mother.

THE FATHER IN EUROPE

Before this unfortunate incident took place, the old Baron died. Madame Harada's real father, who married and lived in France in his last years, wished to see her and her two children in Europe very much. With plenty of money to undertake this trip, she could not carry out her wishes in the matter. Her real Japanese mother, a samurai's daughter, who had been carefully separated from her, she managed to find some years ago and embraced for the first and last time. Her son, the young Baron, for whom she tried hard to find an ideal wife, married somewhat against her wishes. His relations and friends thought that his mother was too hysterical and cranky to be safely consulted, and though she was allowed to be present at the "miai" or preliminary interview, the candidate-bride was introduced to Madame Harada last.

The fact narrated in this article mostly came to my ears from the deceased lady's lips. I have told the story with all regard for the feeling of the living, but it deserves to be known as a "Human document" of our present Japan.

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The Scapegoat

(*From the Kansas City Star*)

Some have name and some have fame,
Because they're on the level.
And some have shame and some have blame,
And charge it to the devil.

TENNYSON J. DAFT.

Elusive

(*From the Louisville Courier-Journal*)

Where is the profiteer?
Not here.
I've looked around.
He can't be found,
That's clear.
He's always somewhere else
It's queer.
He's over there,
He's anywhere
But here.

Solace

(*From the Birmingham Age-Herald*)

The erstwhile derided
Of all that was dry
Now quaffeth hard cider
And winketh one eye.

No more doth he grapple
With the foe; truth to tell,
On the juice of the apple
He doeth quite well.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. **Taioo Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Thursday, February 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kutwo**, 2,664 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, February 12**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension to Freight and Passage. Outside Office Hours Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangwah**, Capt. J. McArthur, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, February 13**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension to Freight and Passage. Outside Office Hours Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Captain H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, February 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, February 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Fengyang Maru**, Capt. K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, February 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, February 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Capt. Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Monday, Feb. 16**, about midnight. For Freight Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside Office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, February 16**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kwowo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findeison, will sail for the the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Tuesday, Feb. 17**, about midnight. For Freight Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside Office Hours. Central 250.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on **Thursday** at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain Ross, will leave on **Thursday** afternoon. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang**, Captain W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, February 12**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain Roberts, will leave Captain A. E. Edward, will leave Friday, **February 13**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage. apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.**

TAKAO (FORMOSA) Via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Capt. M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on **Feb. 14.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Haean**, Captain F. H. Wallace on **Friday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO.—The Str. **Tungwah**, Capt. F. G. Newbery, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hanyang**, Captain J. H. Gwen, will leave on **Tuesday, February 17**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Kamiya, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo Wharf on **MARCH 11th.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **The OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Captain W. J. French, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, February 12**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave froma the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, February 14**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, February 14**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Str. **Suma Maru**, Capt. A. Kawaguchi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on **February 23.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 **& 4235.**

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C., via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Africa Maru**, Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **1st March.** Through Bills of lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about the beginning of **MARCH, 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **The OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str. **Andes Maru**, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on or about the middle of **MARCH.** For Freight plase apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea M. Feb. 26

For Europe, etc
Per P. and O. s.s. Nagoya Feb. 12
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos Feb. 14

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Feb. 13

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Feb. 16

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Feb. 11	—	River ports	Suiwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Feb. 11	—	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Chekiang	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	—	Japan	Takeshima M.	Jap. N. Y. K
Feb. 11	—	Swatow	Yungshin	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Feb. 11	—	New York	Ariosto	Br. J. M. & Co.
Feb. 11	—	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	—	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
M. M. B.	Nov. 11	D'Estrees	Fr. cruiser
B N B	Jan. 18	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
S'chow creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
2 C.	Jan. 22	Quiros	Am. gun-boat
10 P.	Jan. 10	Saga	Jan. gun-boat
O. D. W.	Jan. 12	Scarab	Br. gun-boat

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "NAGOYA" 13th February daylight.
S S. "KASHMIR" 6th March
S.S. "BANCA" (cargo only) 12th March

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DILWARA" 12th February (daylight)

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "TAKADA" 15th February
S.S. 'ARRATOON APCAR" 21st February

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "EASTERN" 28th February

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24] The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

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Emp. Russia	Mar. 13	Emp. Asia	Mar. 8
Monteagle	Mar. 27	†Monteagle	Mar. 11
Emp. of Japan	Apr. 1	*Via Manila	
Emp. of Asia	Apr. 10	† To Hongkong direct.	

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Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

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LLOYD TRIESTINO

Fast Passenger Service, Regular Sailings for
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taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
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Next sailings:—
S.S. "PERSIA" about 12th February
*S.S. "PILSNA" about end of March
* Carrying Passengers.

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VIA PANAMA

S. S. "CAPE MAY".....Sails February 18
S. S. "HATCHIE".....March 10
S. S. "WESTERN CROSS".....March 25

Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board

For rates and further particulars apply to

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53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471
26779

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "WUCHANG" .....sails midnight February 12th
S.S. "POYANG" .....sails midnight February 13th
Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "SHUNTIEN" .....about February 12th, 10 a.m.
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" .....February 14th, 10 a.m.
S.S. WOOSUNG .....February 14th.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "SINKIANG" ....Via Amoy, February 12th, daylight.
S.S. "HANYANG" .....Via Swatow Feb. 17th, daylight.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.
S.S. "YINGCHOW" .....February 14th, daylight.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" sails at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

Tel. Nos:
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive Leave.
*ANDES MARU	15,000	T. Kamiashi,	Middle of Mar.
This steamer will not call at Marseilles.			
*ALTAI MARU ...	15,000	T. Tuchigami,	End of April

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.
AFRICA MARU ..... 18,000 H. Yamamoto, Feb. 29 Mar. 1

FOR HONGKONG
MEXICO MARU ..... 12,000 K. Komiya, Mar. 10 Mar. 11

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtau and Dairen).
SUMA MARU ..... 2,000 A. Kawaguchi, Feb. 21 Feb. 23

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KOHOKU MARU ..... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, Feb. 12 Feb. 14
*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai. Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

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FOR SEATTLE
S.S. "CROSS KEYS" .....Sails About MAR. 1
S.S. "WHEATLAND MONTANA" .....Sails About MAR. 8

FOR PORTLAND
S.S. "MONTAGUE" .....Sails About MAR. 1
S.S. "ABERCOS" .....Sails About MAR. 20

FOR NEW ORLEANS
S.S. "ASKAWAKE" ..... Early March

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO

THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
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TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 28	S.S. Ecuador	Mar. 6
S.S. Ecuador	Mar. 27	S.S. Colombia	Apr. 8
S.S. Colombia	Apr. 24		

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai about	Leave for San Francisco
WEST SELENE	February 9	February 12
ARCHER	February 18	March 5
WEST MINGO	February 15	March 15
WEST SEQUANA	February 15	March 17

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Colusa	Mar. 19	S.S. Santa Cruz	Feb.

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via
Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana
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T. K. K.

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TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO

KOREA MARU ..... February 26 1920
TENYO MARU ..... March 14 "

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

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North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
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INCORPORATED
Operating Far Eastern Service for account of United States Shipping Board.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
S.S. Colorado Springs		S.S. Hathaway	Feb. 15
S.S. West Cactus	Feb. 25	S.S. Colorado Springs	Mar. 11
		S.S. West Cactus	Mar. 28
FROM SEATTLE:		**FOR SEATTLE:**	
S.S. West Jena	in port	S.S. West Ivis	Feb. 23
S.S. West Ison	Feb. 15		

FLEET

"West Cactus," "West Cajoot," "West Helix," "West Henshaw," "West Ison," "West Segovia," "West Islip," "Western Glen," "Bakersfield," "Devolente," "Editor," "Stanley," "Vinita," "Brave Couer," "Hathaway," "Elkhorn," "West Ivis," "Irmo," "Deuel," "Colorado Springs," "Derbyline," "West Jena."

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S.S. "NANKING"
(13,000 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 TONS) **S.S. "CHINA"** (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NILE" .....MARCH 5th
S.S. "NANKING" .....MARCH 26th
*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "NILE" .....FEB. 21st
S.S. "NANKING" .....MAR. 13th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
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(Subject to Alteration)

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For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles and London:—

	Tons		
IYO MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Feb. 19
ATSUTA	16,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Mar. 1

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via ports:

For Portsaid, Marseilles and Liverpool, via ports.

CALCUTTA MARU	12,000	Capt. E. Masuzumi,	Feb. 29

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, and Seattle:—

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Mar. 2
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Mar. 22

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA

TOTTORI MARU	13,500	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Feb. 26

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Terada,	Feb. 18
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Feb. 20
WAKANOURA M.	5,500	Capt. K. Tsukada,	Feb. 27

FOR JAPAN

KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Segawa,	Feb. 23

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. G. Shinomiya,	Feb. 14
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Yamasaki,	Feb. 18
KOKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. S. Ito.	Feb. 21
KAMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saeaki,	Feb. 25

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	Mar. 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Feb. 24

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Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Manila).

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TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	Mar. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamasaki,	April 21

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINA-AUSTRALIA STEAMSHIP CO.

Sailing to Australian Ports from Hongkong Via Manila and Sandakan

Thursday Island, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

The up-to-date steamship

"Victoria" - - - - about February 29th

"Gabo" - - - - via Saigon March 8th

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SPECIAL SAILING FROM SHANGHAI.

s. s. HWAH-RING

leaves Shanghai for above ports

On or about March 2nd

(Subject to Alteration)

Steamers fitted throughout with electricity, all up-to-date equipment for passengers' comfort and convenience. Excellent cuisine. Wireless.

For particulars regarding freight or passage apply to

The Wing On Co. (Shanghai), Ltd.

AGENTS

Tel. Cent. 2727 Chekiang & Nanking Roads.

27910

Shipping Items

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tsingtau for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Huichow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow today.

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Yusang is due in Shanghai from Tientsin and Dairen next Monday.

The P. and O. s.s. Nagova Montes, which left Shanghai on December 29, arrived at Trieste Tuesday afternoon and will sail on February 1.

for London and ports tomorrow afternoon. The tender Gutzlaff with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang left Hongkong for Ningpo and Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is due in Shanghai from Pukow today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru will leave Nagasaki tomorrow and is due in Shanghai next Sunday.

The B.I. s.s. Takada from Calcutta, left Hongkong at seven o'clock Tuesday morning and is due in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon.

The M.M. s.s Scharhorst (chartered) will sail for Marseilles and ports at eleven o'clock Saturday morning and the tender Whangpoo with passengers and mails will leave the French Mail Jetty at nine o'clock the same morning.

The P. and O. s.s. Kashmir from London, left Hongkong at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning. The Kashmir brings 2,297 bales of yarn and 7,297 bales of cotton for local merchants.

The B.I. s.s. Arratoon Apcar from Calcutta, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai next Hongkong for Shanghai next Monday.

The P. and O. s.s. Traz-os-Montes, which left Shanghai on December 29, arrived at Trieste Tuesday afternoon and will sail on February 1.

GERMAN EMPIRE NEEDS A NAPOLEON

Dr. Schenck, Forester And Economist, Describes Conditions In Teutonic State

Dr. Carl Alvin Schenck, leading forester and economist, for fifteen years in charge at Biltmore, N. C., says to America from Darmstadt, Germany, that "the treaty kills us; all resources are gone, vaporised—but working power; business stands still; all is in uproar, and Germany needs a Bonaparte." Their new-found torch of democracy gives out an eerie, smoky flame, which appears not all things to all men. So writes Gordan Dorrance in the New York Herald of December 28.

This is all very interesting, particularly to those who recollect the brilliant and magnetic man who speaks. But first, for the rest, who is he? Who was he over here?

Quite recently you did not need to be a master conservationist to know the Biltmore Forest School, of Asheville, N. C., pioneer in forest education, utilisation and the application of best European practice to home-grown resources. It set out to prove that while natural conditions are gifts of gods, resources are not only to be spent for bowls of pottage. It did. The head was Dr. Schenck. He followed Gifford Pinchot as the forester of Biltmore when the latter was appointed government chief forester; and the huge Southern holdings of the late George W. Vanderbilt were developed to the national object lesson they became through the good beginnings of the one and the adept workings of the other.

FIRST IN FORESTRY

Simultaneously, with Schenck as its director and an able corps of teaching specialists, the Biltmore school progressed as the first continuous exponent of a new science in America. The few admittedly were rarely qualified and especially mature. North Carolina was at first the major working field and a most fertile one, but in 1909 Biltmore received an opportunity to spend a portion of each year in famous European regions, and the most prolific areas at home in other seasons. This plan was followed out successfully. Today the Biltmore graduates appear at the top in State and federal forest work while present heads of numerous great industries and enterprises attest as well to results achieved.

WORK BORE GOOD FRUIT

Dr. Schenck remained to see the newest scientific field of engineering practice take deep root at last. His work, and that of Pinchot, Roth and Fernow bore good fruit. From fifteen years in America, Dr. Schenck returned to his home in Darmstadt just before the World War's outbreak. Serving on the Russian front, he was nearly killed at Christmas, of 1914. Following prolonged convalescence he saw further service in Belgium, because of old wounds retiring from active service in the summer of 1916.

The city of Darmstadt, whence he writes, was the center from which he worked with his American pupils. It is not in Prussia; it will be remembered as the seat of a famous technical Hochschule; as the girlhood home of the last Empress of Russia. And once upon a time it was an economic paradise for those who sought fine living for little money. Wilhelminenplatz, surrounding the Cathedral, was the Riverside Drive-Rittenhouse Square-Mt. Vernon Place-Pennsylvania Avenue part of town, to localise. There cosay, first-floor, modern and well-tended apartments cost nine to ten dollars per month for two or three rooms, with light and heat and care, and an American breakfast. Luncheons at leading hotels were the equivalent of twenty cents, delicious and elaborate dinners could not cost more than fifty, and it was hard to pay above two cents for a most smokeable cigar.

THEATER TICKETS CHEAP

Orchestra seats at its Hoftheater for Wagner were quoted at sixty cents, with many takers. Germans paid these prices. Americans did not pay any more. Students gave less, even, having certain well-recognised discounts. Wood fuel was of low price and plentiful; briquets made glowing stoves and cherry homes; table groaned, but not under prices; shop windows beckoned to the buyer to exchange his money for excellent substance. Streets were clean and well lighted, officials suave and polite; railway tariffs were kept insignificant, and it was well-nigh as cheap to fare abroad as stay at home. Their carnival preceding Lent was a decent and carefree revel for merrymakers of many ages. Summer or winter, day and night, were order, contentment, progress and sane, strong pulsing life. Full many a worker who made no more in a day than a single mark, knew well the taste of beef, good beer with herdy loaves of bread, and fumes of pipe tobacco; what it was to work hard, but rest easy, and to father a lively, healthy swarm of apple-cheeked schoolgirls and stout, wholesome boys.

LOW TIDES AFTER THE HIGH

That was. What is it now? Low tides. Indeed, come after high, to the time of lowest ebb. The back-wash of war is busy, it seems, and democracy only a restless wave. Sore heads, no doubt, have meditated well upon the folly of foul meddling with established orders. Quite probably they hear as plainly the echo of Owen Wister's "Pentecost," and taste first fruits from a bitter tree that the few shook down for the many. Dr. Schenck writes:

"You may ask what I am doing. Well, little that I would like to do. There is not much happiness nowadays, although enough and more than enough merry-making. Crestfallenness and frolicking are intermingled in a weird array of endless Mardi Gras. When will it end; or where?

"We had a so-called revolution last November. No one wanted it, except some good-for-nothing Industrial Workers of the World. Nevertheless, Germany was so worn out she swallowed it. Thus we became, overnight, a democracy. We are no more fit for it than were the darkies of the South in 1864. For democracy must be deserved to be carried out; and studied to be deserved.

"Democracy spells co-operation of the governed with the governing. Nothing of that kind in Germany. The citizen (of yesterday) has been accustomed to be let alone. And government, deprived of the accustomed protection of an army and a strong police, trembles with fear of the street, of mobs.

"As a leader of the Democratic party I have tried my best to arouse my countrymen and countrywomen, for we have the female vote in Germany. It is all in vain. I have bought a local paper and I write and talk and try on—and make enemies by the gallon and friends by the pint.

LIVING IS MISERABLE

"Wages are high expressed in marks, and low expressed in dollars. Common hands get at the least thirteen marks the day, which is at present fifty cents. The standard of living is miserable; meat cannot be bought at all; German potatoes are nominally cheap, but non-existent at published prices.

"As regards forestry in Germany, there is little to be said about it. Prices for forest products are intolerable; building impossible; while the foresters continue to consider forests as their own. We could, without a doubt, obtain more of a livelihood from them than we are doing, though bread is more badly needed than is wood. Meantime, there is but little over-cutting, unfortunately, I dare say, for if the forests are a nation's savings-box, the time has surely come for Germany to empty it.

"Graves' (the present chief forester) schemes for a wider application of American forestry have interested me greatly. I think your national forest reserves will flourish, more than I ever expected. What became, of Pinchot? I long for American papers—and can get none here.

GERMANY NEEDS COAL

"The thing that Germany lacks worst is coal. We have lost the coal mines in Alsace-Lorraine and those on the Saare; we are about to lose those in Silesia. We must furnish, under the terms of peace, large quantities of coal to France. There is none left for our industries. We obtain gas in Darmstadt during four hours daily for lack of coal; we have coal to heat one room. For the rest we must use fuel-wood if we have proper stoves and money. At Lindenfels (near Darmstadt) it now costs eighty marks, instead of eight, to get a quarter cord! The poor are the worst off naturally.

"Our farmers are seemingly the beneficiaries. They collect fortunes—in paper money—yet can buy no fertilisers. Especially are there no American phosphates and no farm machinery, because all business is at a standstill, but importation even more.

"With what shall we pay? Accounts we had in foreign banks are seized; not a penny is to be obtained. Our former enemies would render it impossible for us to get up from the depths in which we have fallen. Our own resources are gone, vaporised—but working-power. And that has 'soldiered' too long. We are in the same condition as was the South. The fear of famine looms up, nearer and more clearly even than during the blockade. The treaty kills us; the peace is harder than war. Germany needs now a Bonaparte to guide her back. All is in uproar.

"Maybe the workmen are finding the way. I attended a meeting of the Communist-Bolshevic party yesterday at Darmstadt. The laborers there could not be aroused by their orator; that is a good sign, it seems to me. Yet many of them now begin to feel that labor is lost unless it be applied to capital. And the end of capital is the end of labor."

I think it a free and frank expression, absorbing as it mirrors the reactions. There is resolved from it one query only for the practical: "Can they pay up, and in which currency—Deutsch toys, or Bolshevism; one-cent marks, or other damaged goods?" To which Mr. Modern Materialist, of Cosmopolis, will likely say: "Boycotts butter no indemnities; and surely, dollars decide."

It is a little problem in arithmetic or logic.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez	Nagoya	..	A16.00	..	..	..	15.30
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, & Europe via Suez	Nagoya	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.50
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong and Canton	Kwangtah	21.00	..	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	27.00
Chingpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	17.00	..	17.00
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Japan Ports	Sinsbirsk	13.00	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	..	..	..	..	..	18.30
Chefoo	Tungwah	17.00	..	..			
Wenchow	Hacan	21.00	..	..			17.00
Japan Ports	Tilkini	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	Yawata Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Sinbirsk	..	17.00	..	..	..	16.30
Saturday, February 14		..	13.00	..	..	..	17.00
France, etc.	*Porthoa	..	..	..	..	..	12.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..			
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, & Europe via Suez	Porthos	17.00	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Hangsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow & Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Monday, February 16.							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Hanyang	21.00	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00

†Correspondence marked via Suez and parcel mail.

*Ordinary and registered articles will close at the French Post Office at 5 p.m. and parcel posts at noon on previous day.

A Parcels at 3.30 p.m.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 1 hour 35 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Dec. 2	Japan	Taiho Maru	Jap.
Dec. 2		Meichuen	Am. Socony
Dec. 4	River ports	Lingyun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 6	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	
Dec. 16	Hankow	Meitan	Am. Socony.
Dec. 20		Chinchong	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 25		Kanling	Chi.
Dec. 31		Newchow	Chi.
Jan. 7		Hungtok	Chi.
Jan. 10		Teli	Br. M. M. & Co.
Jan. 15		Toonan	Am. Socony.
Jan. 16	Foochow	Meihu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 21	Japan	Feiching	Jap. M.B.K.
Jan. 22	Marseilles, ports	Kifune Maru	Fr. M. M. Cie
Jan. 24		Scharnhorst	
Feb. 1	Hankow	Saintan	Jap. N. K. K.
Feb. 3	Liverpool, ports	Tayeun Maru	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 3	Japan	Elpenor	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 4	Foochow	Orestes	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 4	Singapore	Wanli	Br. Dollar Co.
Feb. 5	Cruise	Grace/Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Feb. 6	Chinwangtao	Store Nordiske	Dan. G.N.T. Co.
Feb. 6	Hongkong	Mingshun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 6	Bombay	Wingsang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Feb. 7	Amoy	Dilwara	Br. M.M. & Co.
Feb. 7	River ports	Irene	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 8	Liverpool	Hwahta	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 8	Liverpool	Pyrrhus	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 8	River ports	K. of the Garter	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 8	Japan	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 8	Dairen	Santen Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Feb. 9	Foochow	Georgi	Rus. R. V. F.
Feb. 9	Hongkong	Ningshin	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 9		Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 9	Hankow	Kamor	Br.
Feb. 9	Hongkong	Tsecangtah	Br. C.I. & E.L. Co.
Feb. 10	Liverpool, ports	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 10	Hongkong	Demodocus	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 10	Chemulpo	Kwangtah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 10	Hongkong	Tiger	Am. Socony.
Feb. 10	Japan	Pakwo	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 10	Hankow	Kirin Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Feb. 10	River ports	Yenoura Maru	Jap. M.S.K.
Feb. 10	River ports	Klangtung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 10	Japan	Nanyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Feb. 10	Japan	Hwahping	Jap. N.Y.K.
Feb. 10		Nagoya	Br. M.M. & Co.
Feb. 10	Ningpo	West Cheswald	Am. A. Line
Feb. 10	Foochow	Meinan	Am. Socony.
Feb. 10	Cruise	Shinping	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 10	Tsingtau	Liuhsing	Chi. Customs
Feb. 11	Foochow	Prometheus	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	Japan	Hsinming	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 11	River ports	Chokai Maru	Jap. F. & Co.
Feb. 11	River ports	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	River ports	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	River ports	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 11	River ports	Kiangwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 11	River ports	Tehhsing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 11	River ports	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co
Feb. 11	Chefoo	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Feb. 11	Japan	Kingsing	Br. J.M. & Co.
Feb. 11	Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
		Nisshu Maru	Jap M.B.K.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

Acme	Jan. 14
Shinyo Maru	Jan. 18
Nanking	Jan. 20
West Conab	Jan. 21
Colombia	Feb. 1
West Hepburn	Feb. 3
Satanta	Feb. 7
Broad Arrow	Feb. 10

For Tacoma

Manila Maru	Jan. 23

For Seattle

Katori Maru	Jan. 22
Edmore	Jan. 28
Eastern Victor	Jan. 30
Suwa Maru	Feb. 8

For Portland

Waban	Jan. 25
Wawalona	Jan. 25

For New York

Atreus	Jan. 24
Celtic Prince	Jan. 24
Egremont Castle	Jan. 29
Ariosto	Feb. 11

For Vancouver

Monteagle	Jan. 21
Empress of Asia	Jan. 24
M. S. Dollar	Jan. 25
Empress of Japan	Jan. 30

For Montreal

Bessie Dollar	Jan. 28

For London etc.

Borneo Maru	Jan. 11
Teiresias	Jan. 19
Inaba Maru	Jan. 22
Glenspey	Jan. 26
St. Francis	Feb. 3
Agapenor	Feb. 4
Kamo Maru	Feb. 7
Toyama Maru	Feb. 7
Somali	Feb. 9

For Liverpool

Penang Maru	Jan. 14
Telamon	Jan. 14
Orestes	Jan. 28

For Rotterdam

Polyphemus	Feb. 10

For Hamburg

Hudson Maru	Feb. 3

For Genoa

Glenamoy	Feb. 1

For Marseilles

Heathside	Jan. 13
Alfenas	Jan. 29
Meinam	Jan. 30

For Trieste

Nizni Novgorod	Jan. 28
Africa	Jan. 29

For Bombay

Sangola	Jan. 31

For Calcutta

Gregory Apcar	Jan. 13
Muttra	Jan. 31

For Java ports

Tjisalak	Jan. 26

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Feb. 12	—	San Francisco	West Selene	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 14	—	New York	Suveric	Br. Dod. & Co.
Feb. 15	—	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am. S. & Dix
Feb. 18	—	Seattle	Iconium	Am. A. Line.
Feb. 18	—	New York	Howick Hall	Br. J. M. & Co.
Feb. 18	—	New York	Cape May	Am. A Line
Feb. 19	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Feb. 20	—	New York	Moorish Prince	Br. S.T. & Co.
Feb. 23	—	Seattle	West Ivis	Am. S. & Dix
Feb. 25	—	New York	St. Andrews	Br. Dod. & Co.
Feb. 25	—	San Francisco	Tancred	Am. Dollar Co.
Feb. 26	—	New York v. Panama	Tottori Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Feb. 26	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Feb. 28	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 29	—	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Mar. 1	—	Tacoma	Africa Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Mar. 1	—	Portland	Montague	Am. A. Line
Mar. 1	—	Seattle	Cross Keys	Am. A. Line
Mar. 2	—	Seattle	Kashima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 5	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am. C.M.S.S. Co
Mar. 5	—	San Francisco	Archer	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
Mar. 8	—	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am. A. Line
Mar. 10	—	New York, Boston	Hatchie	Am. A. Line
Mar. 11	—	San Francisco,	West Harts	Am. Dollar Co.
Mar. 11	—	San Francisco	Col. Springs	Am. S. & Dix
Mar. 13	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Mar. 14	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
Mar. 15	—	New York	Charlton Hall	Br. J. M. & Co.
Mar. 15	—	San Francisco	West Mingo	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 17	—	San Francisco	West Sequana	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 20	—	Portland	Abercos	Am. A. Line
Mar. 22	—	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K
Mar. 25	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Mar. 26	—	New York, Boston	Western Cross	Am. A. Line
Mar. 27	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 27	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Mar. 27	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br. C.P.O.S.
Mar. 28	—	San Francisco	West Jessup	Am. Dollar Co.
Mar. 28	—	San Francisco	West Castus	Am. S. & Dix.
Mar. 29	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am. Dollar Co.
Apr. 1	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br. C.P.O.S.
Apr. 10	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Apr. 24	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Feb. 13	—	Kobe	Takada	Br. M.M. & Co.	
Feb. 14	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Feb. 18	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Feb. 18	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Feb. 21	—	Kobe	Arratoon Apcar	Br. M. M. & Co.	
Feb. 21	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Feb. 23	—	Kobe	Kaga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Feb. 25	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Feb. 27	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Wakanoura M.	Jap. N.Y.K.	

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Feb.	—	Genoa	Glenavy	Br. G. L. E. A.	
Feb. 12	—	London	Nagoya	Br. M. M. & Co.	
Feb. 12	—	A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Elpenor	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 12	—	Rotterdam	Dania	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 12	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br. M. M. Co.	
Feb. 12	—	Trieste	Persia	Ital. D. & Co.	
Feb. 13	—	Calcutta	Takada	Br. M.M. & Co.	
Feb. 15	—	London	Glenstrae	Br. G. L. E. A.	
Feb. 15	—	Liverpool	Demodocus	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 15	—	Marseilles	Porthos	Fr. M. M. Cie	
Feb. 16	—	London, etc.	Iyo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Feb. 19	—	A., R'dam, A'werp	Laomedon	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 20	—	Marseilles	Ct. Mages	Fr. M. M. Cie	
Feb. 21	—	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br. M. M. & Co.	
Feb. 22	—	London	Glenariffe	Br. G. L. E. A.	
Feb. 25	—	Java Ports	Tjikini	Dut. H.C.T.Co.	
Feb. 26	—	London	Pyrrhus	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 28	—	Marseilles	Amazone	Fr. M. M. Cie	
Feb. 29	—	Liverpool, etc.	Calcutta Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Feb.	—	Marseilles	Kouangsi	Fr. M. M. Cie	
Mar.	—	Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr. M. M. Cie	
Mar. 1	—	London	Atsuta Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Mar. 2	—	Melbourne, etc.	Hwahping	Chi. W. O. & Co.	
Mar. 6	—	Batavia	Tjitaroem	Dut. H.C.T.Co.	
Mar. 6	—	London	Kashmir	Br. M. M. & Co.	
Mar. 12	—	London	Hector	Br. M. M. & Co.	
Mar. 18	—	Liverpool	Pilsna	Br. B. & S.	
Mar. 31	—	Venice, Trieste,	Armand Behic	Ital. D. & Co.	
Apr.	—	Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr. M. M. Cie	
May	—	Marseilles		Fr. M. M. Cie	

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Feb. 12	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co	
Feb. 12	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 12	2.00	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 13	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 13	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 13	M.N.	Wenchow	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 14	—	F. K'lung, Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O.S.K.	
Feb. 15	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hangsang	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Feb. 17	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hanyang	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 21	—	Hongkong	Nile	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.	
Feb. 24	—	Manila, Hongkong	Fushimi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	
Mar. 6	—	Manila, Hongkong	Ecuador	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.	
Mar. 8	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.O.S.	
Mar. 11	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br. C.P.O.S.	
Mar. 13	—	Hongkong	Nanking	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.	

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Feb. 12	10.00	*W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 13	2.00	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus. R.V.F.	
Feb. 14	10.00	*W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 14	D.L.	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 14	D.L.	Chinwangtao	Tientsin	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 14	—	Chefoo	Tungwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 17	9.30	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S.M.R.	
Feb. 23	—	Dairen, Tsingtao	Suma Maru	Jap. O. S. K.	

FOR RIVER PORTS

Feb. 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Feb. 12	D.L.	Wuhu	Kansu	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Feb. 14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.	
Feb. 14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.	
Feb. 14	D.L.	Wuhu	Choysang	Br. J.M. & Co.	
Feb. 15	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Feb. 16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.	
Feb. 16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.

ESTABLISHED 1874 — TELEPHONE CENTRAL 159

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AUCTION INDEX

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SATURDAY, February 14th.—At China Merchants Lower Wharf at 11 a.m. 20 Rafts and 290 Life Belts.

SATURDAY, February 14th.—A fine collection of stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, February 28th.—An excellent collection of Postage Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

MONDAY, March 8th.—Superior Household Furniture and accessories at 4 Dennart Estate;

TUESDAY, March 9th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries at 198 Bubbling Well Road.

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All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of production—sable, grape-sable, ermine, otter, beaver, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, mink, raccoon, skunk, cat (black all over), and naturally black, white, red, and yellow fox-skins, etc., all of superlative quality and good for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, muffs, etc. Gray, black and white goat-skin rugs in largest sizes. Our skins are *superior* and *moderate in price.*

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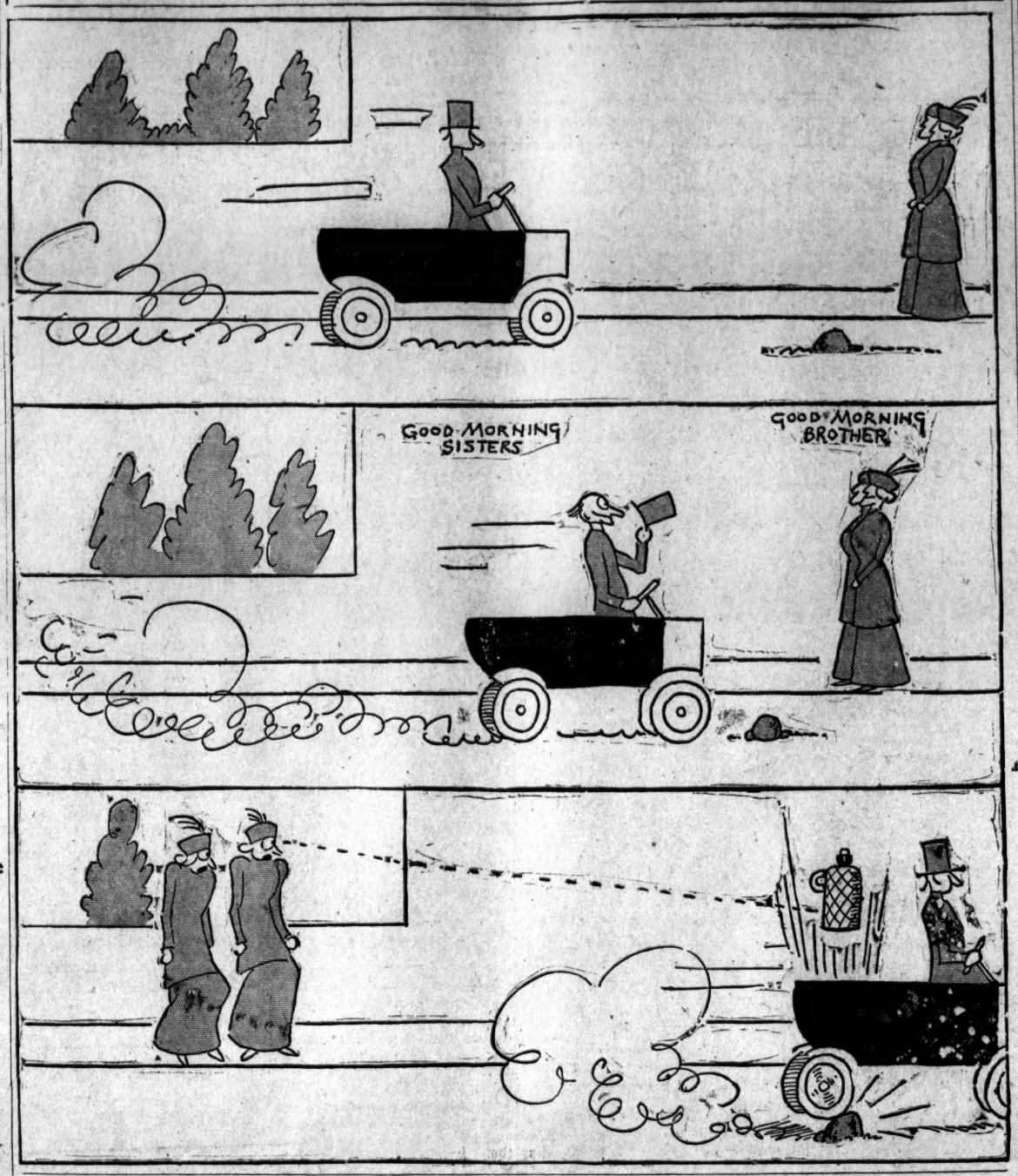
The League of Husbands — A Rock on the Road — By T. E. Powers



WHAT HE DOES, NOT HOW HE MAY VOTE

That Is The Way Hoover's Backers Think He Should Be Looked At By Electors

New York, January 24—The question of Mr. Hoover's politics continues to be made an interesting subject of speculation. Replying to the question put by the Brooklyn Eagle as to whether Mr. Hoover is a Republican or Democrat, the New York World says: "There should be no necessity of inquiring into Mr. Hoover's partisanship in the light of his past political history. What is wanted will be a choice in 1920."

Former President Taft, Republican leader, writing to the New York Herald, says: "There is little prospect of success for Mr. Hoover in his campaign if he runs as a Democrat, though he may succeed as an Independent with a Democratic flavor."

HOUSE GIVES LUNCHEON

In reporting a luncheon held by Colonel House in honor of Mr. Hoover the North American says that there were present at the gathering the proprietor and editor of the New York World, Mr. Cyrus Curtis, of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, and Mr. Dodge, Wall Street financier.

LOOKS LIKE A "KNOCK"

According to the New York American, Lord Grey is said to have advised Mr. Hoover to offer himself as Presidential candidate and that he has determined to do so under an understanding that he would prosecute the policies initiated by President Wilson.

Yesterday's Philadelphia Public Ledger published the report said to have been obtained from a reliable source that Mr. Hoover's candidacy is due to President Wilson's recommendation.

BOTH SCRAMBLE FOR HIM

San Francisco, January 24.—Both the Republicans and Democrats are vying with each other to put forward Mr. Hoover as their Presidential candidate. He is most popular of all the candidates. President Wilson is understood to be favorably disposed toward Mr. Hoover's candidacy, while business circles almost agree in recommending him.

WOOD CORRECTS REPORT

Boston, January 25—General Leonard Wood has denied the press reports that he referred to the navy as a "floating death trap." He said he had declared that ships filled with untrained seamen were sometimes death-traps.

Flood Nations With Counterfeit Money

Scheme To Destroy World's Monetary Systems Disclosed By Arrest Of Reds

New York, January 5.—Proof that the United States was also included in the conspiracy of the Lenin-Trotsky regime to disrupt the currency of the world, by flooding the Allied nations with counterfeit money, has been revealed in documents seized in the raids, according to federal agents.

The money is said to have been smuggled into the country by way of Mexico, and many counterfeit $50 and $100 bills have been found. Counterfeit Liberty Bonds are also declared to have been manufactured, and so cleverly that the only way of detection is in duplication of original numbers of issue.

Information now in possession of the federal agents indicates that the Moscow mint has turned out millions of dollars' worth of banknotes of England, France, Italy, Japan and the United States. The sum appropriated for this scheme is said to be $200,000,000.

RAIDS CONTINUE

The sweeping raids against "Reds" by federal agents, which netted nearly 700 prisoners last Friday night, were resumed tonight, when ten large automobiles and two army transport wagons left the local headquarters of the Department of Justice to round up communists and other seditious advocates, who escaped the first drag-net.

Chief Flynn announced later that the New York raids were part of another nation-wide sweep, which he expected to bring as important results as the raids in thirty-three cities conducted last Friday.

Gregory Weintein, chief of staff for Ludwig, C. A. K. Martens, self-styled ambassador to the United States of the Russian soviet republic was arrested on a deportation warrant today by agents of the Department of Justice. Weinstein, according to the Department of Justice officials, is the most influential Russian communist, next to Martens, in America.

Attraction Extraordinary!

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

The members of the

JULIEN ELTINGE AMERICAN VAUDEVILLE REVUE COMPANY

have been invited as the Guests of the Management

on

SATURDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 14th

after the Performance

(*Courtesy:* **Mr. J. D. Barton**)

accompanied by their own

JAZZ ORCHESTRA

Direction: **Mr. Chas. H. Little**

Members will appear in a Special Programme of Songs and Dances

DINNER DANCE DE LUXE

from 8:30 p.m. to 2 a.m.

BOOK YOUR TABLE IN ADVANCE

Phones North 200 and North 908

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

No charge for entrance.

Queen Congratulates Viscountess Astor

London, December 13.—The Queen of Rumania has cabled to Lady Astor: "I congratulate you with all my heart. You do credit to all of us women."

A few nights ago Lady Astor informally spoke at a Christian Science meeting, where she gave testimony of the helpfulness to her during her strenuous campaign of Mrs. Eddy's teachings. She remarked that she never prepared her speeches in advance, but simply spoke out what was in her heart.

Amusements

Victoria Theatre

TONIGHT, Thursday, Feb. 12th

THE RUSSIAN DRAMATIC CO.

PRESENTS

The Sensational Play

"MISTER WU"

IN THREE ACTS

1st Act,
"LOVE OF A CHINESE LADY"

2nd Act,
"THE FIRM GREGORY & COMPANY and Mr. WU."

3rd Act,
"HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF"

Admission Prices: $3.00, $2.00 and $1.00

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S.

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE

Junction of North Szechuen Road Extension and Jukong Road

PROGRAMME
for
Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, February 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th.

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PRESENTS
FLORENCE REED
in
"WIVES OF MEN"
6 reels
The most wonderfully absorbing drama of life ever filmed.

Also showing
Triangle two-part comedy
"TWO CROOKS"
Full of laughs.

Saturday Matinee:
"HOUDINI"
13th, 14th and 15th Episodes
Sunday Matinee:
"Wives of Men" and "Houdini"

Monday Programme
"CARLOYN of the CORNERS"

TOWA CINEMA

No. 4 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME
for
TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

Japanese Drama
and
A Comedy
In Three Reels

APOLLO THEATRE — 12th, 13th, 14th & 15th.

SELECT PICTURES

PRESENTS

Mitchell Lewis and Tom Santschi
in
"CODE OF THE YUKON"
5-Part Drama

From the story by Anthony Paul Kelly

A STARTLING, FASCINATING, and MIGHTY PHOTO-DRAMA.

This is a mighty stage hit, in which heartache and misery are followed by joy and understanding. In his leading role, Mitchell Lewis's acting is superb—big in body and in heart.

Tonight you will see the original document of Versailles Peace Treaty in the latest World News.

"Snub" Pollard in "GIVING THE BRIDE AWAY"
One reel. A good live comedy.

—:o:—

Matinee Saturday at 3 p.m.
"THE BISHOP'S EMERALDS"
6 Parts Drama

MATINEE Sunday at 3 p.m.
The Final Episode of
"PROTEA"
and many other nice films.

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A COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
For February 12th, 13th and 14th
Mr. Eltinge in his famous impersonation of
"THE GEISHA GIRL"
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All special scenic and lighting effects.
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